REPORT

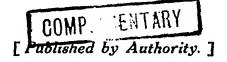
ON THE

ADMINISTRATION

OF

TONK STATE

For the Year 1348 Fasli (1940-41)





STATE PRINTING PRESS, TONK. 1942.





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From

THE VICE PRESIDENT, STATE COUNCIL, TONK.

To

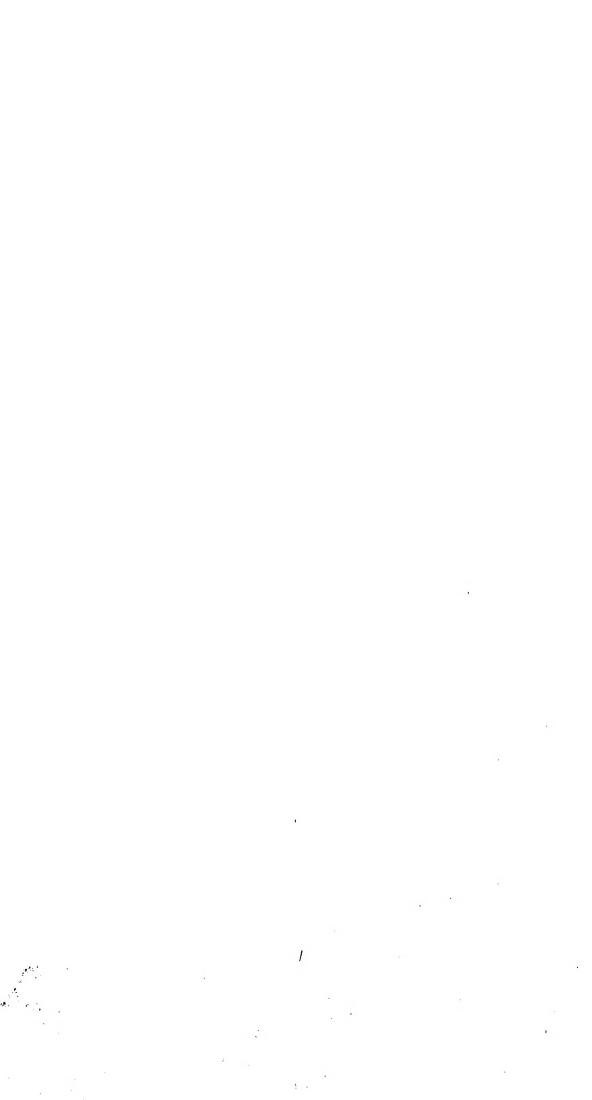
HIS HIGHNESS SAID-UD-DAULA WAZIR-UL-MULK, NAWAB HAFIZ SIR MOHAMMAD SAADAT ALI KHAN BAHADUR SOULAT-I-JUNG, G.C.I.E., NAWAB OF TONK.

Dated Tonk Raj, the 9th March, 1942.

Your HIGHNESS.

I have the honour to submit herewith the Administration Report of the Tonk State for the year 1348 Fasli, corresponding to the year 1940-41.

I have the honour to remain,
Your Highness' Most Obedient Servant,
D. E. AUGIER,
Vice President, State Council, Tonk.



REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION

TONK STATE FOR THE YEAR 1348 FASLI-(1940-41)

⊕—

CHAPTER-I.

GENERAL.

HE founder of the State was Nawab Amir Khan, an Afghan Brief History of Ruling family of Century one Taleh Khan left his home in the Buner country and took service in Rohilkhand with Ali Mohd. Khan, a Rohila of distinc-Early in the 17th His son Hayat Khan, acquired considerable land in the Moradabad district and was the father of Amir Khan. The latter was born in 1758 and when 20 years of age, left his home to carve out a career for himself. He first offered his services to De Boigne, who was recruiting for Sindhia's Army but De Boigne considered that he was too young and inexperienced and declined to enlist him. For the next ten years he served as a mercenary leader whereever he could find lucrative employment, and in 1798 was advanced to the command of a large army in the service of Jaswant Rao Holker, He fought with distinction in the campaign against Sindhia and the British, and took no small part in levying the indemnities imposed on Rajputana and Malwa. Holker appreciated his fighting qualities and in order to have his services permanently at his command, agreed to share all conquered territories with him. Sironj was accordingly made over to Nawab Amir Khan by Holker in 1798, and Tonk and Pirawa fell to his share in 1836, Nimbahera was added to his territory in 1809, and Chhabra in 1816. On entry of the British into Malwa, Nawab Amir Khan made overtures to them, and they offered to guarantee him all the lands he had been granted by Holker, on condition that he abandoned the predatory system he had adopted, disbanded his army and surrendered his artillery, with the exception of 40 guns to the British as a valuation. Nawab Amir-ud-Daula Bahadur agreed to these proposals and they were embodied in a treaty in 1817. To the territories thus granted, i. e. the five parganas already mentioned, the Fort and pargana of Rampura, now known as Aligarh, were added by the British Government and a sum of three Lakhs was also given to him to enable him to finance the State. He administered the State till his death in 1834, when he was succeeded by his son, Nawab Wazir Mohammad Khan, Wazir-ud-Daula. Nawab Wazir-ud-Daula did much to consolidate the State and during the mutiny of 1857, distinguished himself by holding the Tonk Fort with a small garrison against the combined forces of the Nawab of Banda and Tantia Topi.

In acknowledgement of his services his salute was raised from 15 to 17 guns, and he received a Sanad guaranteeing the succession of his family according to Mohammadan Law, in the event of failure of natural heirs. He died in 1864 and was succeeded by his son Nawab Mohammad Ali Khan, who was deposed by the British Government in 1867 and exiled His eldest son Nawab Hafiz Mohamto Benaras, where he died in 1895. mad Ibrahim Ali Khan, succeeded him in 1867, ruled the State for 63 years and died at the age of 83 years on June 1930. His late Highness' reign witnessed many changes, and as a mark of respect and esteem in which he was held by the British Government and as a tribute to his lovalty and character he was granted the titles of g.c.s.i., and g.c.i.e. was succeeded by his eldest surviving son, Nawab Hafiz Mohammad Saadat Ali Khan Bahadur, the present Nawab, who was granted the title of G.C.I.E., on 1st January 1934. His full title is His Highness Saidud-Daula Wazir-ul-Mulk Nawab Hafiz Sir Mohammad Saadat Ali Khan Bahadur Saulat-i-Jang, G.C.I.E.

Situation & area.

Tonk State is situated partly in Rajputana and partly in Central India and consists of six Parganas which are seperated from each other by distances varying 22 to 250 miles, a factor which is of considerable disadvantage so far as administration is concerned. The Parganas in Rajputana are Tonk and Aligarh, lying between latitude 25.45° and 26.36° and longitude 75'30° and 75'15° bounded on the North, East and West by Jaipur State and by Jaipur and Bundi States on the South; and Nimbahera a mass of island territory surrounded by and interlaced in Mewar territory lying between latitude 25° and 24'15° and longitude 74'15° and 75°. The parganas in Central India are Chhabra, Sironj and Pirawa. The Chhabra pargan lies within latitude 24.30 and 25° longitude 76.30 and 77.15°, and is surrounded by Gwalior and Kotah States. The Sironj pargana, which is the largest in the State, lies between the latitude 23:45° and 24:30° and longitude 77:15° and 78° and is surrounded by Gwalior State on the east, West and North and by Bhopal State on the South. The Pirawa pargana lies between latitude 24° and 24.30° and longitude 75.45° and 76.15° and is surrounded by Indore on the North, Gwalior on the South and East, and Jhalawar and Indore on the West.

The State has a total area of 2,553 square miles.

Physical Features.

3. Owing to the fact that the different parts of the State are seperated by such distances the physical features vary considerably. The country round Tonk is flat at a general elevation of about 900 feet, without crops of rocky hills and traversed by the Banas river. The soil is somewhat sandy and sub-soil water is limited. The two parganas of Nimbahera and Pirawa are on the Northern edge of the Malwa plateau and the soil is chiefly black cotton. The Chhabra and Sironj parganas are geographically in Central India and the soil is mainly black cotton. They contain large tracts of jungles in which Tiger, Panther, Bear, Sambhar, and Cheetal abound.

Climate & Rainfall.

4. The climate of Tonk is dry and healthy, though very hot in summer, temperatures of 115° and even 118° being not uncommon. In winter the temperature rarely falls below 40°. The climate of the other parganas is not so extreme.

The average rainfall in Tonk is 22.86 inches, Aligarh 22.88, Chhabra 29.43, Sironj 41.42, Pirawa 36.18, and Nimbahera 24.44 inches.

The rainfall at Tonk from 1st April 1940 to 31st March 1941, was 16.89 inches; Aligarh 22.85; Chhabra 34.55; Sironj 47.4; Pirawa 40.51; and Nimbahera 38.63.

5. The outturn of the Rabi crop was fairly good in almost all the Season & crops. parganas of the State except Tonk and Aligarh parganas.

The Kharif crop was satisfactory in all the parganas except Tonk and Aligarlı Parganas.

The price of foodgrains was not steady, there being remarkable variation as compared with last year.

- 6. The population of the State according to the Census of I941, was Population. 3,57,933 as compared with the last census for the year of 1931 which was 3.17,360 increase 40,573.
- 7. From May, 1941, the State Coin, Chanwarshahi, hitherto current Currency. only in Tonk and Aligarh parganas, was demonetised into Kaldar.
- 8. The official year in Tonk begins on 1st November and ends on Official year. 31st October.
- 9. The ordinary and extra-ordinary revenue and expenditure for the Annual revenue & year, compared with those for 1347 Fasli, were as follows:-

_	
Da	animta
LUUU	ceipts.

Ordinary. Extra-ordinary.	1347 Fasil. 23,09,756 15,57,069	1348 Fasli. 26,36,992 20,98,485
TOTAL.	88,66,825	47,85,477
Expenditure. Ordinary. Extra-ordinary.	23,64,462 13,55,587	27,93,287 20,21,626
Total.	37,20,049	48,14,913

- 10. The Birthday of His Imperial Majesty was celebrated on June Notable events. 9th and as usual the day was observed as a public holiday with a Darbar and sports. His Highness' birthday was also celebrated as usual by a special Darbar and some prisoners were released according to custom.
- 11. J. H. Thomson, Esqr., i.c.s., Resident at Jaipur arived in Tonk Visits of distinon 12th January 1941, and returned on the 15th January 1941.

The Hon'ble Sir Arthur Lothian, c.s.i., c.i.e., i.c.s., Resident for Rajputana and Chief Commissioner Ajmer-Merwara, arrived in Tonk on the 12th January 1941, and returned on the 15th January 1941.

Visits to the State were also paid by:—

- 1. His Highness the Maharana Sahib Bahadur of Jhalawar State.
- 2. Lt.-Col. Chroster, Superintendent Jail, Deoli.
- 3. Capt. Webb, Provincial Census Superintendent, Ajmer-Merwara.

CHAPTER-II.

ADMINISTRATION.

State Council.

12. The administration of the State is carried on by His Highness the Nawab with the assistance of a State Council consisting of a Vice President, who has for a long time been a British Officer, and three members instead of four because the services of one member, Development Member, were ceased under His Highness' robkar, during the year under report and his portfolio was distributed among Finance member and Judicial member.

Vice President and Finance Member. Home Member. Judicial Member. Revenue Member.

Personnel of the State Council.

13. The following were members of the State Council during the year:—

Vice President and Finance Member.

... Lieut. Colonel. G. W. Anderson, c.i.e. succeded by D. E. Augier Esqr., o.b.e. in November 1940.

Home Member.

... K. B. Sz. Mohammad Abdul Tawab Khan.

Judicial Member.

... K.B. Maulvi Shamsul Hasan succeded by Lala Narain Das B.A., IL.B. in January 1941.

Revenue Member.

... Syed Nasiruddin Hyder.

Distribution of

14. The distribution of work was as follows:—

Vice President and Finance Member.

- (a) General supervision of the whole administration.
- (b) All State Council matters.
- (c) Correspondance with Political authorities and foreign territories.
- (d) All Finance and Treasury business.
- (e) Police Department.
- (f) Public Works Department.
- (q) Guest House.
- (h) State Press.
- (i) Customs and Excise.
- (*j*) Medical Department.
- (k) Jails.
- (1) Municipalities.

(m) Forest.

Added as said

(n) Education.

(o) Agricultural Farm (Tonk & Sironj)

m above.

- (p) Irrigation.
- (q) Gardens.
- (r) State Conveyances.
- (s) State Palaces or bungalows.
- (t) Public Service Commission.
- (u) Majlis-i-Amma.
- (v) Public Information Office.

Home Member.

- (a) Household.
- (b) Family.
- (c) Court of Wards.
- (d) Religious Institutions.
- (e) Shariat.
- (f) Vikalats.
- (q) Interchange of presents.
- (h) Hitkarni Sabha.

Judicial Member.

- (a) Administration of all Law Courts.
- (b) Registration.
- (c) Industries.
- (d) Mines.
- (e) Colony.

Revenue Member.

- (a) Land Revenue.
- (b) Settlement.
- (c) Nazool.

Secretary,

S. Maqul Ahmad, B.A.

State Council.

STATE COUNCIL.

15. The State Council ordinarily meets once a week to transact Conduct of busibusiness. Important matters requiring His Highness' orders are submitted by means of Arzdashts which are read out to him by Council Secretary and explained by the Members concerned at the weekly Peshi at the Palace. Final orders are there passed by His Highness and the files are returned to the members concerned, who are responsible that the orders are carried out correctly and with out delay.

The work of the Council was carried out smoothly and efficiently during the year.

- 16. During the year under report 74 revenue and miscellaneous Appeals disposed of by Council. appeals were filed in Council, 10 being of the last year out of which 77 were decided, leaving 7 pending at the close of the year.
- The following Sighas are under the direct control of His High- Sighas directly un-17. der His Highness. ness.

Army.

Shikar Khana.

Matters connected with Khandan.

Of these 'Army' forms the subject of a subsequent chapter.

Matters relating to Shikar Khana and the Khandan are dealt with by the Home Member under the orders of His Highness.

K.S. Mirza Hamid Ali continued to work as Darbar Secretary His Highness' Munand Rai Sahib B. Chandmal, B.A. as Private Secretary throughout the year.

CHAPTER—III.

LAND REVENUE.

Organisation of Micamats.

This State is devided into six Nizamats as under: 19.

NIZAMATS.

TEHSILS.

Tonk (with one Naib Nazim)

Tonk and Bagri.

Aligarh.

Nil

Pirawa.

Pirawa.

Sironj (with one Naib Nazim)

Sironj, Lateri & Silpur.

Nimbahera (with one Naib Nazim) Nimbahera and Doongla.

Chhabra (with one Naib Nazim)

Farsonnel.

During the year under report, the post of Revenue Member was held by Mr. Syed Nasiruddin Hyder.

No transfers of Nazims took place during the year under report.

Population and A-ea.

The population of the Tonk State as per Census Report for 1941 was 3,57,933 as compared with the last Census for the year of 1931 which was 3,17,360 - Increase 40,573.

The area of the State was 16,34,041 acres.

Demand and Collection.

The Revenue demand for the year under report was Rs 12,67,964/and the actual collections were Rs 11,82,340/-. The deficiency was mainly due to famine in Tonk and Aligarh Parganas.

The deficiency in collections with reasons for each Pargana was as follows :--

77	
Rs.	Р.

Tonk Pargana	$53,\!225$	0 0	Due to famine.
--------------	------------	-----	----------------

Aligarh Pargan. 7,837 0 0 do

Chhabra Pargana. Owing to defaulting cultivators 8,042 $0 \ 0$ being dead, absconded and be-

coming insolvent.

Sironj Pargana. 5,927 0 0 ob Pirawa Pargana. 9,733 do0 0 Nimbahera Pargana. 860 do

Tabute.

23. No tribute is paid by the State to British Government or to any other State.

Tours.

24. His Highness toured in the following Parganas during the year under report:

Aligarlı 3rd January, 1941.

Chhabra 16th to 9th April — 14th to 26th May, 1941.

Sironj 19th April to 14th May 1941.

The touring done by the Revenue Member, during the the year under report was as follows :-

Pirawa 9th to 16th December, 1940.

Tonk 18th December 1940, 13th January to 2nd February 7th, 11th, 16th, 17th, 21st to 23rd and 25th February, 1941, - 29th March to 6th April, 27th May, 6th June, 17th July, and 7th Oct. 1941.

Chhabra

28th February and 1st March 1941, - 15th to 26th

May 1941.

Sironj

29th April to 14th May, 1941.

The following is the detail of area taken up or relinquished du- Area taken up and ring the year under report, as compared with the previous year :-

relinquished.

		YEAR.	BIGHAS.
Area newly taken up. do	{	1347 Fasli 1348 Fasli	18,848 23,231
Area relinquished. do	{	1347 Fasli 1048 Fasli	3,761 2,072

The total area under cultivation in the year under report was Area under cultiva-9,92,268 Bighas as compared with 10,77,678 Bighas for the preceding year. The reason for decrease of 95,410 Bighas was due to the severe famine of consecutive years in Tonk and Aligarh Parganas.

The total number of mutation cases disposed of during the year Mutation Cases. under report was 6,438 as compared with 3,634 in the preceding year. The total of pending files in all the Parganas of the State amounted at the close of the year under report to 2,373 as against 3,174 at the end of the year.

28. The number of wells sunk or repaired during the year under Wells. report as compared with last year was as follows:-

	1347 Fasli.	1348 Fasli.
New wells sunk.	97	52
WELLS REPAIRED.	29	8

The total number of wells in the State is 13,583, of which 2,033 are State owned, and 11,550 private, as detailed below:

	State owned.	Khatedar's private.	TOTAL.
Tonk.	259	1,776	2,035
Aligarh.	59	400	459
Chhabra.	348	2,056	2,404
Sironj.	333	947	1,280
Pirawa.	540	$2,\!522$	3,062
Nimbahera.	494	3,849	4,343
TOTAL.	2,033	11,550	13,583

(a) No new Ijara was given in the year under report. Only Ijara and Jagir one village named Monimpur in Pargana Sironj, was re- Villages. newed for the life time of the present Ijaradar. The system of Ljara has been abolished except where there were very special reasons.

(b) No Jagir was granted to any person during the year under report.

(c) The following Jagir and Istimrar villages in Pargana Chhabra and Tonk were resumed during the year under report:—

(i) Banjari (Chhabra) Annual Revenue of Rs 30/-(ii) Deoli (Tonk) , , , , , Rs 1,468/-

Revenue Appeals.

30. Forty appeals were pending in the Revenue Department at the close of the preceding year, 59 were instituted during the year under report and 60 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 39.

Boundary Disputes.

31. The following boundary disputes in Pargana Aligarh and Pirawa (Tonk) against Jaipur and Gwalior States were settled during the year under report.

Aligarh.	1.	Baman	yan (Tonk)	versus	Koondiya	ı (Jaipur)
	2.	Saadat	Naga	r (Tonk)	"	"	,,
	3.	"	"	"	,,	Pali	"
	4.	27	,,	27	27	Uniara	"
Pirawa.	1.	Khizar	pur (?	Fonk)	,,	Doongarg	aon (Gwalior)

In the above boundary cases no area was included or excluded in either Tonk or Gwalior State.

Rainfall.

32. The following table compares the rainfall figures of the year from 1st April, 1940, to 31st March, 1941, with quinquennial average:—

Name of Pargana.				nfall g 1348 sli.	5 years'		
			I. '	C.	I.	C.	
Tonk		•••	16	89	22	65.	
Aligarh	:		22	85	. 21	42	
Chhabra		•••	34	5 5	.37	32	
Sironj		•••	47	4	37	11	
Pirawa		•••	40	51	34	98.	
Nimbahera	•••		38	.68	22	81	

Taccavi.

33. Taccavi for seeds, bullocks and for repairing and sinking of wells were distributed to poor cultivators in the following Parganas as given below:—

		$\operatorname{Rs}.$	A.	P.
Tonk.	•••	1,328	3	0
Chhabra.	•••	3,262	0	0
Sironj.	•••	21,547	0	Ò
	·	26,137	3	0

Records of Rights.

34.a-(i) here is a record of rights duly maintained, and proprietors

and cultivators have their proprietory and occupancy rights respectively, duly recorded..

(ii) Their rights are fully recognized by the State.

b-The Revenue Member has 30 years experience of Land Revenue Administration of U.P. The Nazim of Pirawa has several years experience as Tehsildar of Bhopal. All others have local experience.

Begar has been abolished in the State with effect from 1924. are no other exactions in force.

There have been two regular Settlements in the past. The first Settlement. Settlement was conducted by Mr. T. C. Pears in 1889-91. Then the work of correction of records was conducted by Mr. Tucker in 1897-98. Another regular Settlement was conducted in 1914 by Mr. Keane.

A fresh Settlement is now being conducted. Traverse and Field survey was done in Tonk during the year under report. A special feature of the new Settlement is that Latai (grain rent system) is being abolished.

36. The grant of the Veterinary Department for the year under re- Veterinary Departport was 30% of the Malba money which amounted to Rs 7,000/-, out of which a sum of Rs. 5,908/- was spent.

In addition to the two Veterinary Hospitals at Tonk and Sironj which are established in the preceding year, another Veterinary dispensary was opened in Nimbahera during the year under report.

The number of cattle treated by the Mukhtar Veterinary Hospital Tonk in 1347 Fasli and 1348 Fasli was:-

	OUT-DOOR.	In-door.	CASTRATION.
1347 Fasli	5,896	120	44
1348 Fasli	11,224	148	· 47

Cattle treated in the villages of Tonk Pargana:-

	TREATED.	Inoculated.	CASTRATED.	VISITED.
1347 Fasli	388	184	18	47
1348 Fasli	415	66	75	46

A dispensary was temporarily installed last year at the village Peeplu during fair in which 134 cattle were treated and 4 were castrated while in the year under report, temporary dispensaries were installed in two places, Peeplu and Jhirana villages during their fairs in which 141 cattle were treated and 75 were castrated.

A provision of Rs 5000/- s.c. was made in the budget for the Rural uplift. year under report out of which Rs 3000/- s.c. has been spent. This department has distributed improved seeds i.e. Maize, Cotton, Arhar, Oats, Wheat, Barley and fodder barley in villages. Some varities of vegetable seeds were also introduced into the villages. A rural Uplift Camp was placed in the Cattle - Fair held in Tonk in November, 1940, during the year under report where the cultivators were benefitted with lectures and posters and demonstrations of best varities of crops, seeds and improved implements.

The Rural Uplift Officers also carried with them medicine chests in villages approved by the U.P. Rural Uplift and the villagers have been supplied with some essential medicines. They also carried with them Gramophone Records prepared by the Rural Reconstruction Department, Punjab and Bharatpur State for propaganda work.

Locust control work was effectively carried on throughout the State and no damage was done in the Tonk State, during the year under report.



CHAPTER—IV.

FINANCE.

38. Lt. Col. G. W. Anderson, c.i.e. continued to work till 30th Nove- Personnel. mber, 1940, when D. E. Augier Esqr., o.B.E., took over charge as Finance Member.

M. Shamsuddin Ahmed B.A., continued to work as Assistant Finance Member, in charge of the Finance and Treasury Sections, and exercised general supervision over all the sections under the portfolio of the Finance Member.

Mr. Fazlur Rehman, Chief Auditor, resigned on grounds of ill-health in April, 1941, and was succeeded by Mirza Mohammad Wajihuddin Khan a retired Accounts Official from British India. Mr. Fateh Mall remained in-charge of Bakhshigari and Budget Section throughout the year under report.

The scheme of reorganization enforced in the Finance Depart-Reorganization. ment by which, one post of Assistant to Finance Member was created in place of two high salaried posts of Personal Assistant and Finance Assistant and also the post of Sarishtedar was abolished—proved quite successful. It resulted not only in a great deal of economy but also speedier disposal of business, due to elimination of several un-necessary stages. The Finance Office has been reorganized to cope with the heavy increase in the volume of work. In addition to many of the important departments that were already under Finance Member's control, the following departments were further added to his portfolio in the beginning of the year under review :-

- 1. Irrigation.
- 2. Gardens.
- State Conveyances.
- State Palaces or Bungalows.

With the abolition of the post of the Development Member, the Departments of -

- Education. 1.
- Forest and 2.
- Agriculture

were also taken over by the Finance Member.

Thus there has been a considerable increase in the already heavy work and responsibilities of the Finance Member. Despite this, the year saw a great deal of overhauling and reorganization in the various Departments controlled by the Finance Member, as will be evident from the reports given under their respective heads. Some of the heavily encumbered estates of the Ruling family which the Court of wards had been unable to manage were also given over under Finance Member's control.

The separation of Audit and Bakhshigari sections facilitated the reorganization of both the offices. In the Audit Office the old procedure is being gradually overhauled, and necessary modifications have been made in the T. A. Rules. A separate Section has been created to deal with the

Provident Fund. Local Audit was undertaken in selected offices in Sadar and the Parganas. The old Records of the Treasury were rearranged and old deposits cleared away. Strict orders have been issued that the existing deposits shall be adjusted as early as possible, and this system discouraged for future.

Provident Fund and other Rules.

Regular Rules regarding Leave, Joining time and Pensions or gratuities for most of the State Departments were already in force in the State, while maintenance allowance is also granted in deserving cases e.g. to unsupported families of State servants, or those disabled in the service of the State. On the report of a Committee presided over by the Finance Member, the Darbar approved an scheme of Provident Fund in the State. This scheme, while inculcating the habit of economy and accumulating these savings for their families, brings them an additional amount as contribution from the State. It is open to all State servants, and will certainly prove a special boon to the families of low-paid State servants who were left without any resources craving for State aid. Some of the services in the State, which were not eligible for pension so far, have also been declared pensionable. These measures have further added to the security of tenure already enjoyed by the employees of the State. Another Committee had been appointed to draw up a scheme of gradation for State Servants, and it is hoped that its report would be ready by next year.

The financial year in the State is taken from 1st November to 31st October. The budget is regularly prepared and after the approval of the the Darbar issued on 1st November. Orders were issued to all Departments of the State that they must not only keep their expenditure within the sanctioned allotments, but also effect savings therein. The Finance Department took special care to have the above instructions carried out. Appropriation accounts were duly maintained in the Audit Office. The Privey Purse allotment for Palace expenditure is kept separate from the State accounts.

Receipts and Expenditure.

40. The year opened with a balance of Rs 7,38,127/- against the opening balance of Rs 5,91,208/- at the beginning of 1347 Fasli. The total receipts and disbursements during the year were Rs 47,35,477/- and Rs 48,14,918/- respectively as compared with Rs 38,66,825/- and Rs 37,20,049/- in the preceding year as detailed below:—

Receipts.		
1	1347 Fasli.	1348 Fasil.
Ordinary	23,09,756	26,86,992
Extra-ordinary	15,57,069	20,98,485
TOTAL.	38,66,825	47,85,477
Expenditure.		
Ordinary	23,64,462	27,93,287
Extra-odinary	13,55,587	20,21,626
Total.	37,20,049	48,14,913

The huge amount of extraordinary receipts and expenditure in 1348 Fasli may be accounted for the book adjustments in connection with the demonetisation of chanwarshahi coin.

CURRENCY POLICY AND DEMONETIZATION OF CHANWERSHAHI COIN.

41. The Chanwershahi coin current in two out of the six parganas of Currency Policy. the State presented a difficult problem baffling solution for a long time. Due to the indebtedness of the State, no Kaldar reserve could be accumulated to work as a set off against the continued depression in the value of this coin, which resulted in unsettling rates of commodities in the market. In these abnormal times of War and Famine, the drain of British Coin due to rise in value of imports is still heavier, and the State had either to resort to loans of British Coin or other artificial ways to keep the rates under control as would be evident from the reports published for the last few years.

With a view to remove this great inconvenience, and restore economic equilibrium in the trade and finances of the State, the Darbar had been trying for the last 4) years to obtain the approval and assistance of the Government of India for demonetization of Chanwershahi coin. question was moved again by Major (now Lt. Col.) Fraser 1.A., the Principal Official and adviser to His Highness in 1931, and then Col. Anderson, c.i.e., the late Vice President. At long last, the Government of India eventually approved the scheme on certain conditions which inter-alia included a loan of three lakhs to meet the estimated loss. These conditions were agreed to by the Darbar. Arrangements were then made for the withdrawl of Chanwarshahi rupees, eight anna and four anna pieces (two anna pieces having been withdrawn already) and issue of British India coin in their place. The Chanwershahi pices have been allowed to remain in circulation for the present.

The State debts which amounted to Rs 8,31,254/- at the begin-Redumption of ning of the year under report were further augmented by an unavoidable debts. loan of Rs 3,00,000/- from the Government of India obtained in connection with the demonetization of Chanwershahi currency. As the disposal of chanwershahi coin had not concluded by the end of the year, and the financial results of this important deal were not correctly known, repayment of debts could not be undertaken on a considerable scale. Normal repayments were, however, made, the position being as follows:-

		Beginnii 1348	_	Close of 1348 F.
1.	Government of India.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs. A. P.
	(a) Loan regarding Fraser Bridge.	96,000	0 0	85,368 11 0
	(b) Loan regarding Demonetization of Ch. coin.			3,00,000 0 0
2.	Jaipur Loan.	4,00,000	0 0	4,00,000 0 0
3.	Ajmer Firm.	3,26,245	0 0	2,68,754 0 0
4.	Late Heir Apparent's Debts.	9,000	00.	4,500 0 0
	Total.	S,31,245	0 0	9,78,622 11 0

In addition to the above debts, there were some miscellaneous claims of Ratlam Firm that were settled in this year on payment of Rs 3,584/2/-; and also payments were made on account of Interest on Jaipur and other loans. It may, however, be added here that this was the first year, when the State carried on without contracting any temporary loan from the Seths. On the contrary Rs 20,000/- were invested in War Bonds and Rs 30,000/- in the local Electric Co. It is hoped that in the course of next year when the results of demonetization of chanwarshahi coin are fully known, and the measures of economy that have been enforced bear fruit, the State would be in position to breathe a sigh of relief, and embark on a policy of increasing its investments and curtailing the liabilities that have so far retarded the healthy growth of social services in the State.

Training of Person-

43. It has been the policy of the State to encourage local talents, and have educated youths trained in the various Branches of State Services. The training of Revenue Tehsildars and Excise Sub-Inspectors had been going on for a long time. Arrangements are being made with the U. P. Government to have a qualified candidate trained there in Audit and Acount work.

Training of further useful personnel will be undertaken as the financial conditions permit.

CUSTOMS AND EXCISE.

Personnel.

44. The Customs and Excise Department remained in charge of the Finance Member during the year.

The post of the Nazim of Customs & Excise was held by Sz. Amanatullah Khan throughout the year.

Customs.

Income & Expenditure. 45. The figures of income and expenditure compared wite those of last year were as follows:—

	1347 Fasli.		1348 Fasli.			DIFFERENCE.			
	Rs	Α.	Ρ.	Rs	A.	P.	Rs	A.	P.
Income.	3,75,774	2	0	4,54,674	8	9	+78,900	6	9
Expenditure.	55,447	13	0	55,258	14	3	- 188	14	9

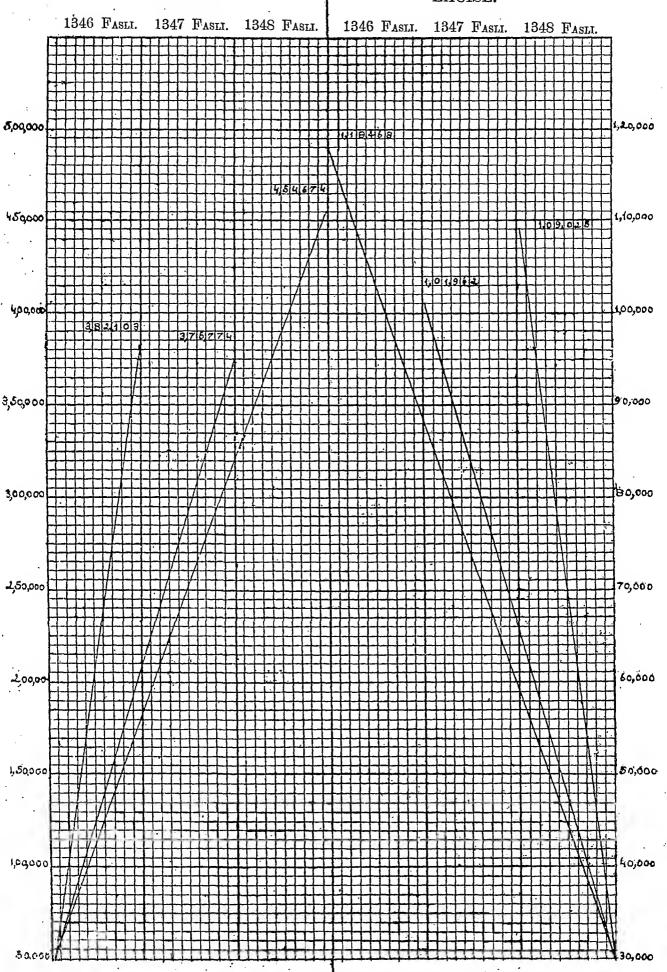
The total income from Ginning and Pressing Factories was Rupees 15,535/14/- compared with Rs 4,152/1/9.

The duty realized on the chief articles of export and import as compared with last year was as follows:—

		1347 FASLI.	1348 Fasli.
Exports:—		Rs.	Rs.
${\bf Cotton}$		3,102	3,524
Grain		70,989	1,13,080
Cattle		22,056	17,237
Oilseeds	•••	22,290	22,674
Zeera		12,748	23,753
Imports:		•	
Cloth	, ···	35,547	31,985



EXCISE.



	•			1.0	
	1	•: •			4
			•		
			0.161		
					,

		1347 Fasli	1348 Fasli.
		Rs.	Rs.
Bisatkhana		6,132	6,341
Kirana		12,284	13,858
Sugar	.3.	19,890	30,145
Gur		9,212	15,451

The number of outposts maintained was as under:

Outposts.

Tonk	44
Aligarh	15
Chhabra	17
Pirawa	23
Nimbahera	30
Sironj	38

EXCISE.

The total income and expenditure of the Excise Department Income & Expendiduring the year were as follows:-

Income.	1347 Fasli.		1348 Fasli.			Difference.				
	Rs.	Α.	Р,	Rs.	А.	Р.		Rs.	A.	Р.
Opium and Hemp Drugs.	29,023	8	9	32,662	j,	8	+	3,638	8	6
Country liquor.	49,189	13	9	69, 961	13	0	+:	20,771	15	3
Miscellaneous.	23,749	8	4	6,401	2	7	-	17,348	5	9
Total.	1,01,962	14	10	1,09,025	0	10	+	7,062	2	0
Expenditure.	19,182	10	6	23,001	0	0	+	3,818	5	6

The State Monopoly System, under which individual shops for System of vend of retail sale are auctioned and the licensees are supplied with drugs from Bhang and Charas. the State warehouse on payment of cost price and State duty, was in force during the year.

The number of shops for the retail sale of Opium and Hemp Drugs and Country liquor in the State was 70 and 150 respectively.

The consumption of opium and hemp-drugs was as follows:

	1	1347 Fasli.			1348 Fasli.			
	. Mds.	Srs.	Tolas.	Mds.	Srs.	Tolas.		
Opium	16	29	$^{3}/_{4}$	18	38	$23^{1}/_{4}$		
Ganja	5	0	73	6	9	$36^{1}/_{4}$		
Bhang	9	13	33	10	30	4 1		
Charas	1 .	23	42	0	31	$67^{1}/_{4}$		

The liquor contractor of Aligarh Pargana remained under Far- System of vend of ming System under which the contractor paid a fixed sum to the State in the form of license fee.

country liquor.

In Tonk, Sironj, Chhabra, Pirawa and Nimbahera Parganas the Madras System was in force under which individual shops for retail sale

are auctioned and the licensees are supplied with liquor from the State godowns established in each Pargana at the warehouse rate which includes the cost price of liquor and an Excise duty.

The Madras System is without doubt preferable to the old Farming System but its success depends to an extent on the co-operation of the neighbouring States otherwise the State introducing and enforcing the Madras System is at a great disadvantage compared with States who have the Farming System or lax supervision. This question has now become so serious that it is doubtful if this State can continue the Madras System in Nimbahera.

The following table shows the rate of duty and the retail prices in the Parganas of Tonk, Sironj, Pirawa, Chhabra and Nimbahera in 1348 Fasli:—

!	DUTY PER L. P. GALLON.		RETAIL PRICE PER BOTTLE.				
Pargana. Interi Shop		Border Shops.	Interior	Shops.	Border Shopes.		
	опоры.		25 v. p.	60 v. p.	25 v. p.	60 v. p.	
,	Rs. A. P.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. A. P.	
Tonk	4 5 0	3 .7 S	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 10 0	0 5 0	
Sironj	4 5 0	4 5 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	
Pirawa	4 5 0	4 5 0	0 14 0	0 7 0	0 14 0	0, 70	
Chhabra	3 12 0	3 12 0	0 14 0	0 70	1 0,0	0 8 0	
Nimbahera	2 2 0	4 2 0	0 8 0	0 4 0	0 12 0	0 6 6	

Note:—In Parganas of Tonk, Chhabra, Pirawa and Nimbahera 15 U. P. spiced is also sold at Rs 1/4/- per bottle.

JAIL.

General.

50. There is a Central Jail at Tonk, and District Jails in the other parganas. Prisoners of over two years' sentence are not confined in pargana Jails.

All prisoners of Tonk pargana and long term prisoners of other parganas are confined in the Central Jail.

Central Jail.

- 51. The present Central Jail was opened on 1st March 1887. The building consists of six well ventilated barracks providing accommodation for 144 prisoners. There are separate barracks for convicts, undertrials, Juveniles and Females.
- 52. At the beginning of the year there were 167 prisoners including 26 undertrials and 4 lunatics. The number of prisoners admitted in the Central Jail during the year 1348 Fasli was 452 as compared with 652 in the previous year.

The daily average of prisoners was 141.

Of the prisoners admitted 222 were convicts, 199 undertrials, 2 lunatics and 29 Civil prisoners. The number of prisoners discharged from all causes was 400 as compared with 440 during 1347 Fasli.

The number at the close of the year was 108 including 12 undertrials, 3 lunatics and two Civil prisoners.

(a) The classification by religion of the 222 convicts imprisoned during the year is as under :-

Hindus	127
Mohammadens	66
Other Classes	29
TOTAL.	222

The total comprises 221 males and one female. Of these prisoners 65 were awarded simple imprisonment and 157 rigorous imprisonment.

- (b) The number of previous convicts admitted during the year was 68 as compared with 86 in the previous year i.e. $31^{\circ}/_{\circ}$ of the total convicts admitted, as compared with 24.5% during the previous year.
- (c) Conduct of Prisoners was on the whole good and no corporal punishment was inflicted. There was no escape during the year nor any grave offence under the Prison rules.
- Health of prisoners was on the whole satisfactory. number of prisoners admitted in Jail Hospital was 431 against 258 in the previous year. There was no death during the year.
- 53. (a) There were three lunatics confined in this Jail at the end Lunatics. of the year and a fourth in the Punjab Mental Hospital.
- (i) Bhaunria a criminal lunatic charged under section 304 I.P.C. admitted on 12th June 1938.
 - (ii) Mt. Nasho a wandering lunatic admitted on 25th December 38.
 - Mt. Gungi a wandering lunatic admitted on 6th August 1941. (iii)
 - (iv)Mt. Umrao a criminal lunatic charged under section 302 I.P.C. who was admitted on 9th May 1934 and is now under treatment in the Punjab Mental Hospital since 19th October Her maintainance charges are paid by the State at the rate of Rs 300/- per annum.
- At the beginning of the year there was no Juvenile Prisoner (b)confined in this Jail.

Three Juveniles were admitted during the year and all were released within $1^{1}/_{2}$ months.

54. Durees, Namdas, Carpets and Garha cloth are the Chief indus- Jail Industries. tries of this Jail: minor industries being chick making, caning of chairs and potery work. The gross earnings from Jail manufacture amounted to Rs 2,499/13/8 as compared with 2,315/8/10 B.C. in the previous year.

55. A certain amount of Jail labour is employed on cultivation and Cultivation and gardening.

Gardening.

The Jail received a grant of a large plot of land measuring about 8 Bighas (which had originally formed part of the cavalry lines) for the purpose of growing fodder for the Jail cattle.

Owing to the failure of rains we did not succeed in growing fodder this year but it is expected that with normal rainfall the yield would be sufficient to meet the demands for Jail cattle.

An experiment was made of growing Moong Phali (ground nut) and potatoes in the Jail garden and the results have been encouraging.

The Jail garden supplied for prisoners 150 maunds 17 seers of vegetables valued at Rs 286/7/3 besides others which were sold to the public for Rs 73/12/6.

Guarding and maintaining.

56. The total expenditure incurred in guarding and maintaining the prisoners including those undertrial amounted to Rs 16,298/3/9.

The average cost per prisoner during the year was Rs 115/9/5 per annum.

Six solitary cells were built during the year: expenditure incurred thereon was Rs 1855/14/9.

Two cells for female lunatics were built at the cost of Rs 160/2/3.

A new Durce-Khana is under construction and Jail labour is being utilised therein. As a modest beginning to the Reorganization of Jails a new set of prison Rules was framed and brought into force on 1st December 1940. These rules are an improvement on the old rules made in the year 1886.

History tickets have been provided for both convicts and undertrials on the lines of British India Jails. Standard pattern fetters were provided for prisoners.

Watch and Ward.

57. The Warder staff is not at all satisfactory, many of these lack in discipline and morale and others have had no training in drill and Regulation exercises.

The Central Jail was originally guarded by a company of the State Infantry consisting of 100 men but in the year 1926 Captain O. Tool recruited 50 warders at Deoli from amongst the ex-service men from Demobilized units of the Great War. Many of these have since retired and only 14 men are left on the staff.

The presnt strength of the warders staff is 42.

To improve the watch and ward we will have to wait for better times and when the war ends ex-service men would provide the most suitable material for the recruitment of the Warder Staff.

The Jailor Ali Shah retired on 2nd April 1941 after 34¹/₂ years service, and was succeeded by M. Sabir Ali who had been trained in Ajmer Jail. Mr. Sabir Ali joined this Jail as assistant Jailor on 1st December 1940.

Superintendence.

58. The post of the Superintendent Central Jail was held by Dr. H. A. Alavi a Retired Civil Surgeon who had been Superintendent of U.P. Jails for several years.

The nazims of the various Parganas are superintendents of their own Jails.

59. In the pargana Jails the balance of prisoners remaining from Subsidiary Jails. the last year was 68.

Total number of admissions during the year was 320. Daily average based on the population of the pargana Jails was 22.1.

Total number of prisoners remaining in pargana Jails on the 1st day of the year was 83.

Gross earnings from the industries of pargana Jails were Rs 1,359/11/9

Total expenditure incurred in maintaining Pargana Jails was Rupees 10,234/12/6.

The general health of prisoners in the Pargana Jails has been satisfactory throughout the year.

There were only two deaths in Sironj Jail.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

60. There are two Hospitals in Tonk one for Males and the other Hospitals and for Females where both out-patients and in-patients are treated. There Dispensaries. is a Dispensary at the Headquarters of each Pargana. Accomodation for inpatients is provided at all the District Dispensaries except at Pirawa and Aligarh.

61. In rural areas there is a Dispensary at Lateri in Sironj Pargana Rural Medical and another at Doongla in Nimbahera Pargana. These Dispensaries are being run by compounders as it has been found difficult to obtain Doctors for places situated so far from Head quarters of the State.

A report of the outbreak of an acute fatal disease of short duration was received from Aligarh and Dr. Qureshi was detailed to make an enquiry into the nature of the disease and to treat the persons affected with it. He visited the affected villages from 1st to 5th May, 1941, and submitted a report showing that the disease was Pneumonia. The Medical Officer of Aligarh Dispensary also toured in the affected villages and came to the same conclusion.

Regular Rural medical relief work was started in the month of July 1941, and a doctor was detailed on the Deoli Road. This has since taken the form of a regular Travelling Dispensary which is greatly appreciated by villagers living away from the Head quarters. It is contemplated to start a Travelling Dispensary in each Pargana in the near future.

The post of Chief Medical Officer was held throughout the year Personnel. by Dr. H. A. Alavi and the post of the State Surgeon by Dr. T. S. Desai. Dr. Abdul Sattar Qureshi and A. M. Naqvi who were on reserve duty at Saadat Hospital and the former was put in charge of the Clinical Laboratory on 26th January, 1941. A new post of a Resident Medical Officer for the Saadat Hospital was created as an experimental measure during the year and Dr. Qureshi was appointed to that post on 12th March 1941. As casualty work in Saadat Hospital is very little I am afraid the post

would not justify its existence for long.

Dr. Gur Bakhsh Singh I.M.D. held the post of the Relieving Medical Officer since 21st October, 1940. He resigned his post on 31st August 1941.

Dr. B.P. Childs (Miss) Assistant Lady Doctor resigned her post on 2nd December, 1940.

A new post of a nurse was created in the Walter Zenana Hospital and Staff Nurse Mrs. Dean was appointed to the post on 9th February, 1942. Dr. Mrs. Lakshmiamma MB.CH.B. resigned her post on 10th February, 1941.

Dr. Mrs. K. K. Mozumdar was appointed to be the Lady Doctor in charge of the Walter Zenana Hospital on 16th Feruary, 1941. Another nurse Mrs. E. B. Bhattacharya was appointed in her place on 13th September, 1941, and she resigned on 1st December, 1941.

Antirabic Centre.

63. The Antirabic Centre at Tonk treated 112 cases during the year under report. This figure is almost equal to the sum total of all cases treated since the opening of the Centre on 1st May, 1939, showing thereby that a real need for this particular form of treatment has been fulfilled. The expenditure incurred on vaccine alone amounted to Rs 600/- during the year under report.

Of the 112 cases treated 87 cases were from the Tonk Municipal area, 22 from rural areas and three belonged to Jaipur State, the charges for the latter should have been recovered from that State. Several cases of dog-bite from Parganas were sent to Ajmer for treatment, this procedure is however unwarranted. The Nazims and the Doctors of Parganas should make it a point not to send any more cases for antirabic treatment to Ajmer as payment has to be made by the State for every such case sent there at the rate of Rs 13/- per patient while the State is already running an Antirabic Centre at Tonk with a recurring expenditure of Rs 2,000/- a year.

A serious fire broke out in Drug Godown of the Saadat Hospital on the 24th February, 1941, at 9.30. P.M. The Police and the Military succeeded in saving other parts of the building from extensive damage.

The fire was brought under control at 2 A.M. but not until the whole Godown had been gutted.

His Highness visited the hospital the following morning and gave a donation for the immediate purchase of medicines to prevent any break in the normal working of the Hospital. A lorry was accordingly sent to Jaipur and medicines were got from the Mayo Hospital the same day and the hospital resumed its normal working on the following morning.

The Hospital had to be temporarily shifted to the adjacent Judicial Member's Bungalow and it remained there for about $2^{1}/_{2}$ months. Happily there was no loss of life and the only person that was burnt was compounder Abdul Rahman who happened to be on duty that night.

The total cost of reconstruction of the Hospital amounted to Rupees 2,294/5/3 and a loss of drugs is estimated at another couple of thousands.

Thus the total loss caused by fire amounts to Rs 4,500/-. The Public very generously subscribed Rs 1,148/2/3 for the replacements.

64. Wire gauze doors were provided for the operation room of the Improvements. Walter Zenana Hospital at the cost of Rs 202/- B.C. New quarters were constructed for the Nurse of the Walter Zenana Hospital at the cost of Rs 580/7- and were fitted with electricity at the cost of Rs 64-.

The Isolation Ward of the Saadat Hospital which was constructed in 1936 and was still without electric light was electrified during the year at the cost of Rs 153/-. An electric ceiling fan was provided for the operation room of the Saadat Hospital and another for the Medical Ward.

A scheme for raising the standard of qualification of compounders was brought into force during the year and a matriculate candidate was for the first time sent for training at the Indore Medical School.

To provide quarters for the Resident Medical Officer so that he might be available at all hours the old guest house which was occupied by the Lady Superintendent of Walter zenana Hospital was taken over by the Saadat Hospital and certain additions and alterations were made in it to make it suitable for this purpose.

In conformity with the requirements of the Administrative Medical Officer in Rajputana all the Dispensary Registers and forms for Statistical reports and returns have been revised and the obsolete forms have been withdrawn from all the Hospitals and Dispensaries of the State.

65. This year the State was faced with a serious epidemic of Chole- Epidemics ra which lasted from June to October, 1941. The first case of Cholera was reported from Sironj on 22nd June, 1941. The epidemic took a serious turn and did not end until 4th October, 1941, during which period there were 441 seizures and 326 deaths. Total resources of the Medical Department had to be mobilized to bring the disease under control. Besides the local staff available there, six compounders and two doctors were detailed for this duty from the Headquarters and about 10,000 persons had to be inoculated before the disease was eradicated.

In the other parganas the disease was of a mild type, 1st case of Cholera was reported in Tonk on 27th July, 1941. There were altogether 13 cases and 2 deaths. The disease was brought under control on 19th August, 1941.

In Chhabra the disease began on 23rd August, 1941, and there were only 2 cases and 2 deaths. There was no cases after the 1st September, 1941.

In Aligarh the disease began on 26th August and ended on 7th September, 1941, with 11 seizures and 4 deaths.

Altogether 11,646 Cholera inoculations were done during this period.

Owing to the strict quarantine at the posts established on the borders of the State and protective inoculations, no case of Plague was allowed to be imported, hence, the State remained Plague free, although the neighbouring States were affected. Altogether 513 inoculations were done at these outposts. Total expenditure incurred by the State in controlling these epidemic diseases amounted to Rs 2,493/5/3 B.C.

There were only 37 cases of Small-Pox with 14 deaths and these occurred only among persons that had not been vaccinated and the cases were reported from the interior of districts where there still exists great prejudice for vaccination against Small-Pox.

Statistics.

66. The total number of indoor patients treated in the Saadat Hospital was 454 against 433 and 189 against 173 in the Walter Zenana Hospital. In the Jail Hospital 431 cases were treated as inpatients.

As regards outdoor patients the figures for the year under report compare as follows with those of the preceding year:—

		1347 Fasli.	1348 Fasia.
1.	Saadat Hospital	44,344	43,467
2.	Walter Zenana Hosp	oital 10,348	10,237
3.	Jail Dispensary		1,855
4.	Sironj ,,	20,254	19,689
5.	Nimbahera ,,	10,539	15,790
6.	Chhabra ,,	17,856	10,987
7.	Pirawa "	12,261	11,732
8.	Aligarh "	3,467	5,469
9.	Lateri "	4,606	4,745
10.	Doongla "	4,844	4,198

As regards operations the comparative figures for the years 1347 and 1348 Fasli are as follows:—

	1347 Fasil.	1348 Fasli.
Saadat Hospital	1,745	1,686
Walter Zenana Hospital	182	178
Pargana Dispensaries	2,189	2,166

66 operations were done in the Jail Dispensary.

Expenditure.

67. The total expenditure incurred on the Medical Department during the year 1348 Fasli was Rs 54,600/-.

Vaccination.

68. The total number of persons vaccinated during the year was 7,313 against 8,160 in the preceding year. The total successfully vaccinated being 6,231 against 7,373, average cost of each successful vaccination amounts to Rs. -/5/8 only.

CHAPTER-V.

JUDICIAL.

69. No important change was effected in the system of judicial ad- Judicial System. ministration during the year.

There are four Magistrates second class and Munsiffs, four Magistrates first class and one Nazim Diwani who form a cadre of Judicial department, they are entirely under the Chief Court and have nothing to do with the executive. Appointments on these posts are made at the recommendation of the Chief Court by His Highness Government.

A part from these purely Judicial officers, Nazims of parganas do exercise powers as magistrates first class and it is only to this limited extent that judiciary is not separate from the executive but that is also the case in British India, finances, and the fact that cases triable by Magistrate first class are not many, has not permitted the State to appoint separate Magistrate first class in 4 parganas whereas in two parganas, viz. Tonk and Sironj Magistrates first class are entirely under the Chief Court.

The Chief Judge of the Chief Court also fills the post of Judicial Member. He sits in the Council as a member and imparts legal advice in all matters of the State especially Judicial. But he, in the capacity of the Chief Judge is not subordinate to any executive authority.

Nazim Diwani disposes of the whole of the civil work of Tonk pargana and the suits of other parganas of the valuation between Rs 5,000/and Rs 10,000/-, while Munsiffs in other parganas are empowered to hear suits only upto the value of Rs 5,000/-.

The criminal work of the Tonk pargana was disposed of by 5 Magistrates during the year.

The Forest officer of the State exercises the powers of a 3rd class Magistrate in regard to offences relating to forest. The honorary Magistrates are the Istimrardars of Semalya Teela Khera and Binota both of whom exercise the powers of a 3rd class Magistrate in their own Istimrars. Tehsildars of Doongla and Lateri also exercise the powers of 3rd class Magistrate, and the latter is also given the powers to hear money suits up to the value of Rs 25/-.

There is one District and Sessions Judge for the whole of the State and he is required to dispose of Sessions cases relating to each pargana at the headquarters of the pargana itself. In criminal appeals and revisions against a sentence of imprisonment exceeding a term of 5 years and in civil appeals and revisions exceeding Rs 5,000/- in value the Revenue Member sits with the Chief Judge. Death sentences are confirmed by His Highness and appeals for mercy are also disposed of by him.

In regard to suits His Highness has reserved to himself the powers of the Privy Council subject to the limitations prescribed in the Civil Procedure Code.

All land suits and suits for the recovery of Manoti debts are disposed of by the Revenue Courts. In the case of Mohammadans all suits relating to inheritance, marriage, divorce, gift, will and pre-emption are disposed of by Shariat Court whose orders are appealable to His Highness.

Personnel.

- 70. Khan Bahadur Shamsul Hasan B.A.,LL.B., held the post of Chief Judge till the middle of January, 1941, when he was succeeded by Raizada Lala Narain Das B.A.,LL.B. The post of District and Sessions Judge was held by Raizada Lala Narain Das till the period aforementioned and from 26th June 1941 till the end of the year by Bakhshi Huzur Ali Bar-at-law.
 - M. Jalaluddin continued to hold the post of Registrar.

Criminal cases.

71. The total number of cases instituted during the year under report was 2010 as compared with 2595 in the preceding year.

Including 872 persons who remained under trial at the close of the preceding year the total number of persons tried was 4,754 of whom 950 were convicted, 1,669 were acquitted and 1,184 discharged. The cases against 577 remained pending at the close of the year while those against 56 were consigned to the record room owing to death etc. of the accused. Of the total number of persons brought to trial only about 20 per cent were convicted.

Including 2 cases pending at the close of the preceding year the total number of Sessions cases requiring disposal was 24, of which 23 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 1. In the preceding year 33 were disposed of out of 35.

Criminal appeals.

72. At the close of the preceding year 14 appeals and revisions were pending in the court of Sessions Judge and 219 were instituted during the year. Of the total number of 233, 221 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 12.

As compared with the preceding year there was a decrease from 326 to 219 in institutions, from 323 to 221 in disposals and from 14 to 12 in the pending file. In criminal appeals and revisions disposed of during the year the orders of lower courts were upheld in 99, modified in 20, and set aside in 67, while in 35 cases further enquiry was ordered.

At the commencement of the year 17 appeals and revisions were pending in the Chief Court, 262 were filed during the year and of the total number of 279, 249 were disposed of leaving a balance of 30. In the preceding year 156 were disposed of leaving a balance of 17.

The orders of lower courts were upheld in 138 modified in 33, set aside in 59 and reversed in 9. In 10 cases further enquiry was ordered.

Civil suits.

78. The total number of civil suits instituted during the year was 1,990 against 1,577 in the preceding year, the total number of suits disposed of 1,807 against 1,503 and the total number of suits that remained pending at the close of the year was 544 against 361 of the suits instituted during the year 51 related to immoveable property, 1807 to money transactions while 132 related to other miscellaneous rights. The value of suits was generally small, there being only 59 suits exceeding Rupees 500/- and 46 exceeding Rs 1,000/- and 9 exceeding Rs 5,000/- in value.

Execution of decrees.

74. The total number of execution cases pending at the close of the preceding year was 1,088, 1,800 cases were filed during the year under report; 1,651 were disposed of and 1,237 remained pending at the close of the year. Of the latter 497 had been pending for more than a year. The total value involved in the cases disposed of was Rs 1,28,171/7/-.

75. 20 civil appeals were pending in the court of the District Judge Civil appeals. at the close of the preceding year, 363 were instituted during the year under report and 325 were disposed of leaving a balance of 58. The judgements of lower courts were upheld in 149, reversed in 123 and amended in 31; while 15 were remanded and 7 compromised. As compared with the preceding year institutions increased from 293 to 363 and disposals from 294 to 325. In the Chief Court the total number of appeals pending at the beginning of the year was 40, 143 were instituted during the year and 158 were disposed of leaving a balance of 25. The judgements of lower courts were upheld in 102, reversed in 30 and amended in 7, while 19 cases were compromised. The appellate work of both the courts remained fairly upto date.

- 76. The total number of deeds registered during the year was 685 Registration. and their aggregate value Rs 2,55,187/1/3 as against Rs 1,97,865/7/- in the preceding year. Registration fees amounted to Rs 2,907/8/- as compared with Rs 2,123/4/- in the preceding year. Out of these Rs 768/- were paid to clerks as salaries or allowances and the balance credited to the State Treasury. There were 2 deeds of which the registration was refused. The State has got a Registration Act of its own which has been prepared on the lines of the British India Act.
- 77. The British India Civil Procedure Code is followed in the State Miscellaneous. subject to a few limitations under section 122 of the Code.



CHAPTER-VI.

POLICE.

Introductory.

- 78. The Tonk State Police was constituted as a regular force in the year 1916, when the provisions of Act V of 1861, were extended to the State, by an order in Council, which received the assent of His Highness, the late Nawab Mohammad Ibrahim Ali Khan Saheb Bahadur Solat-i-Jang, c.c.s.i.,c.c.i.e., on the 4th October, 1916.
- Mr. J. Lindenboom held administrative charge of the State Police throughout the year.

SUPERINTENDENTS.

Pargana Tonk and Aligarh:—M. Syed Ahmed Ali, held the charge of the parganas from the 14th December 1940 to the close of the year. He relieved M. Amir Uddin who resigned the service:

Pargana Sironj and Chhabra:—M. Abdul Qadir Khan has held charge throughout the year.

Pargana Nimbahera and Pirawa:—Khan sahib M. Mohammad Nasir has held charge of the parganas, with effect from 17th December, 1940, relieving Syed Ahmad Ali, transferred to Tonk.

Inspectors.—Only one change was affected in the postings of Inspectors throughout the year. S. I. Hamid Ali Khan being promoted to C. I. and posted to Pirawa, vice C. I. Mohammad Nasir Khan promoted to Superintendent Police, with effect from the 17th December, 1940.

In the other Parganas, the following Inspectors held charge:-

Tonk and Aligarh

Sironj

C. I. Hisam Uddin.

C. I. Nasr Ullah Khan.

Lateri

C. I. Zahoor Ullah Khan.

Chhabra

C. I. Farhat Ullah Khan.

Nimbahera

C. I. Mahmood Ali Khan.

Strength of the Force.

79. There has been no change in the strength of the Civil Police throughout the year. The present state is as follows:—

Superintendents	3
Inspectors	8
Sub-Inspectors	47
Head Constables	80
Constables	720

During the year, a company of the State Forces was brought under reduction, and a company of Military Police, under the control of the Inspector General, for internal security, has been introduced. The strength of this Company is:—

Subedar	1
Jamadars	2
Havaldars	5
Naik	4
Lace Naik	13
Pay Naik	1
Sepovs	78

AGRICULTURAL CONDITIONS:—Since the Rabi Crop of 1938, agricultural conditions in the Tonk and Aligarh Parganas have been poor to bad. The only year in which a successful Kharif crop was sown was in the year 1940. The monsoon of the current year has been a complete failure, and conditions for a decent Rabi Crop are gloomy in the extreme. Fodder for cattle has been, and must continue to be a serious problem.

Scarcity conditions in the Tonk and Aligarh Parganas have been, to a very satisfactory extent, mitigated by the importation of grain from outlying parganas where conditions have on the whole been good. vided transport is available and cheap, the importation of grain from outlying parganas, where conditions are generally more favourable, has prevented conditions of scarcity and want from assuming a too alarming outlook for the poorer classes in Tonk.

POLITICAL AND LABOUR:—As in previous years the State has been completely free from political and labour trouble. The distances separating the widely detached Parganas which go to form the State while a great hinderance to efficient administration also detract from the easy decimation of political propaganda. The easy access of the general public to His Highness and his constant informal tours into the interior, where he meets and discusses matters of interest and their greivances, with the poorest of his subjects, is a most important factor, in maintaining harmony and peace in the State. There is little of importance that happens in the towns or villages of which he is not aware and I can not envisage a serious deterioration in the present happy State of affairs, in the In this respect we appear to be very much more fortunate near future. than a great number of other States in Rajputana.

80. The statistical tables of cognisable and non-cognisable crime Cognisable Crimes, have been revised. The forms now introduced conform, in a great measure to those existing in the U. P. and are much more detailed.

General Remarks and Results.

1352 cases of cognisable crime were recorded during the year against 1667 cases in 1347 Fasli.

The principal variations under the more important heads of cognisable crime are:-

- Murder decreased from 6 to 3 in 1348 Fasli.
- Dakaity decreased from 26 to 17 in 1348 Fasli.
- Robberies increased from 25 to 27 in 1348 Fasli.
- Burglaries decreased from 617 to 518 in 1348 Fasli.
- Theft decreased from 632 to 540 in 1348 Fasli.

Except in the case of class 3 "Robbery", there has been a consistent decrease in every class of crime during the year.

With the provisions of armed guards for patrolling in every pargana gangs are chary of committing dakaity in the State.

Robbery in almost all the cases has been carried out by members of criminal tribes, mainly Kanjars, and it is difficult for patrols to deal with, wandering criminals of parties of under 4; adept as criminal tribes are at concealing themselves and taking advantage of jungles. Most of the robberies are of the grab and run type, and in good many cases, the booty has been hardly worth the risk.

Six cases of rioting were recorded during the year, two of which were declared false, three were convicted and in one the accused were discharged.

No cases of counterfeiting coins were recorded. During the year the very beneficial conversion from State to British Coin, as standard currency, was completed, and our local counterfeiters, who depended mainly on moulds, have had to go out of business. The British Rupee does not lend itself to such simple methods of copying.

Below is a comparative statement of the volume of crime in the six parganas of the State over the last five years.

Parganas.	1344 Fasli.	1345 Fasli.	1346 Fasli.	1347 Fasli.	1348 Fasli.
Tonk	663	553	619	527	447
Aligarh	69	26	63	73	24
Sironj	294	365	471	519	323
Chhabra	117	133	110	125	105
Nimbahera	260	237	237	292	257
Pirawa	233	243	173	131	196
Total.	1636	1557	1673	1667	1352

The Parganans of Aligarh and Sironj, show the most marked decreases. In the case of Sironj I am of opinion that a considerable amount of concealment of crime is taking place, particularly in Sironj Town. The case of Aligarh is somewhat difficult, the previous Sub-Inspector was thoroughly incompetent and had to be removed. The only professional criminals in the area. are the Kanjars at Mandawara, and if a tight rein is kept on them, burglary is bound to decrease, at the same time I would not be surprised to learn that concealment of crime is taking place.

With a balance of two hundred and thirty seven cases, pending from the previous year, the police had to deal with a total volume 1589 cases of cognisable crime. In sixty-one cases, investigation was refused, and 109 cases were expunged, as false, after investigation.

Of the 1419 cases, remaining, after the exclusion of cases in which no investigation was made, or subsequently declared to be false. Five hundred and sixty-seven cases involving 1098 persons were sent up to court for trial. At the close of the year 182 cases remained pending for disposal, of which 54 cases were with the Police for investigation, and 128 cases were pending trial in court. The figure of cases "pending trial" is a great improvement on the previous year's figures. There is still however too much delay in the disposal of cases in some courts.

Of the 566 cases sent up to court for trial, 381 involving 567 persons were convicted and 185 cases were acquitted or discharged.

The figures are unsatisfactory, and inspite of warnings and circulars on the subject, Sub-Inspectors pay little or no attention to the result of cases, once a charge sheet has been submitted and the time has come for more drastic action to be taken.

81. The number of persons arrested in connection with cognisable Conviction of percrime during the year, was 1212. Details of disposal are as follows:-

Convicted		•••	567
Discharged or acquitted	•••	•••	335
Pending trial in court	•••	•••	189
Died after challan		•••	3
Absconded from Judicial L	ock-up	•••	4
Pending investigation by P	olice	•••	39
Pending extraditions proceed	edings in other	States	36
Discharged U/S 169 C.P.C.		•••	39

The number of persons awaiting trial in courts is disproportionately high, and in cases of those who are confined in the Judicial lock-up an unnecessary drain is being put on the States resources.

Property worth Rs 49,253/- was recorded as stolen, against a Property stolen & total of Rs 67,314/- in the previous year. The statement attached to the recovered. report, gives the details of the property stolen and recovered in each pargana during the year.

The amount of property recovered amounted to Rs 21,290/-, giving a percentage of just below 44°/0. This is a very satisfactory figure.

83. In addition to the figures of cognisable crime reported, the Non Cognisable police had to deal with 122 cases of non-cognisable crime and crime under miscellaneous Acts pending from the previous year and 301 cases recorded during the current year, giving a total of 423 cases for disposal. Results are:-

Cases convicted	251
Discharged or acquitted	108
Pending in court	58
Untraced	6

The incidence of more important heads of noncognisable crime is dealt with in the succeeding paras.

Section 182 I.P.C .: "Recording false report of Crime". 35 cases recorded against 28 in the previous year.

Reports are showing a steady tendency to increase, with 13 cases pending from the previous year, the Police had to deal with 48 cases, resulting in 26 cases being convicted, thirteen cases being discharged and 8 cases remained pending disposal at the close of the year.

Section 4 Opium Act: Ten cases, against 11 in the previous year. One case remained pending at the close of the preceeding year. Results were, convicted 8, discharged one, pending disposal two.

A noticeable drop from 20 cases in the preceding year to nine Excise Act. casas in the current. For too little interest is being taken in this branch of Police activities and a little more vigor needs to be instilled into Station Officers and their sub-ordinate staffs.

Motor Act:—Fees recovered for the registration of motor vehicles realised Rs 1,561/-.

Four cases were prosecuted U/S 16 of the Act, and all were convicted.

Section 107 C.P.C.:—Thirty-eight cases against 21 in the previous yaer. Tonk Town recorded 29 cases against 16 in the previous year. The number of petty factions in Tonk town necessitates prompt action all too frequently.

Section 109 C.P.C.:—Seven cases recorded against 16 in the previous year, a most unsatisfactory figure. Improvement is not likely, unless magistrates realise their responsibilities as Law and Order officers. At least in two courts cases have been pending for months, every facility being afforded the accused to prolong enquiry interminably.

Section 110 C.P.C.:—Nine cases against six in the previous year, a slight improvement on the previous record. The same remarks generally apply about magistrates as in the case of cases U/S 109 C.P.C.

Criminal Tribes:—The full report on the Criminal Tribes is submitted separately. The tribes proclaimed in the state are Naya Bashi Minas Moghias, Sansias, Kanjars and Baories.

Sansias, Kanjars and Naya Bashi Minas are confined to the Tonk and Aligarh Parganas.

Naya Bashi Minas are expert burglars and cattle thieves. They are a constant pest, and a continual menace to cultivators in possession of draft cattle.

Sansias:—They are settled in the Tonk and Sironj Parganas and have to be carefully watched. The indulge in every form of crime on the calender.

Kanjars:—These like the Sansias are extremely low caste, and only need the opportunity to commit any crime from theft of agricultural produce to house dakaity and day light robbery.

Moghias and Baories:—These are settled in the Parganas of Sironj and Nimbahera.

The tribes have settled down as cultivators and now give no cause for anxiety. Restrictions have been considerably ceased without any apparent inclination to revert to crime.

Finger Print Works.

85. 99 search slips were prepared and sent to Bureau concerned. 18 of the search Slips were traced with previous conviction. 4 of these were of criminal tribe member, and 14 of other persons. 81 remained untraced.

Finger impression slips of 302 persons were prepared during the year, against 423 in the previous year.

47 death report were prepared and sent to Bureaus concerned.

A number of constables were trained during the year as Qualified Finger Impression Takers.

The Sub-Inspector Finger Print was summoned ten times as an expert witness to Civil Courts.

The Sub-Inspector Finger Print, combined that duty with his ordinary work as a prosecuting Sub-Inspector.

The Inspector-in-Charge of the Finger Print Bureau, Ajmere, made a detailed inspection of the work of the Finger Impression Office from the 31st August 1935 to 29th January 1941 and has reported that the work was being carried on efficiently.

- 86. A sum of Rs 500/- was sanctioned in the budget for the year Rewards. under report. Of this a sum of Rs 497/- was distributed to 89 persons who rendered good services.
- 347 petty punishment comprising fines, extra drill and reduc- Punishments. tion, were awarded to subordinate of the force during the year. Only one constable was punished judicially for conniving at the escape of a prisoner. Twenty-three constables were dismissed the service.

A sum of Rs 613/5/7 was recovered by way of fines during the year against Rs 695/12/- in the previous year.

Budget:—A sum of Rs 1,65,799/- was sanctioned for the year under report. Of this a sum of Rs 1,58,831/9/3 was expended. The balance lapsed to the State.

Building:—A sum of Rs 7,139/- was sanctioned in P. W. D. budget for the year for Police building. Of this a sum of Rs 5,953/15/- was spent in construction of a Judicial lock-up and lock-ups at Police Stations and for the provision of two motor garages in the Reserve Lines.

Abscondees:-The names of 205 abscondees were on the registers at the commencement of the year, Class A 186, and Class B 19. Of these 90 were residents of the State and 104 of other adjacent States while 11 were members of wandering Tribes.

The names of 75 persons were added during the year all of class A. Of these 60 were the residents of the State and 15 of other states.

The names of 65 persons were removed from the register owing to their arrest or expunction where conviction was no longer likely to be obtained leaving a balance of 216 persons on the register.

> Class A 200 Class B 16 TOTAL. 216

Of these 105 are residents of the State—101 of other adjacent states and 10 are members of wandering tribes.

88. The discipline and training of new enlistments to the constabu- Discipline of the lary of the Tonk and Aligarh Parganas continues to show marked im- Force. provement. The turn out of the Armed and Military Police is now satisfactory.

Sanction has been received for the supply of 75, 410 muskets and 25, 303 rifles for the newly formed company of Military Police, with an adequate supply of ammunition to put every man through a course of musketry.

A new Rifle Range is in process of construction, and regular musketry instruction will now form a part of every new enlistments training.

Six constables for the Junior Cadre Course and three constables for the course for Physical Instructors have been selected and sent to Neemuch for training with the battalion of the Crown Representative's Polie stationed there, and more will be sent annually.

With a sufficient supply of Instructors Training at outlying Parganas will steadily improve.

During the year, the Treasury Guards at the Fort and Sadar Treasuries have been taken over by the Police, from the State Army.

An officer has been selected for a year's training at the Police Training College, Moradabad. It was hoped to secure two vacancies there, but only one was allotted. It is hoped that in future years more and more of our vacancies in the grade of Sub-Inspectors, will be filled by officers trained at one or other of the various Police Training Colleges and schools in British India. Only in this way can improvement be mentioned in the standard of Sub-Inspectors.

Conclusion.

89. In many respects, slow but steady improvement, is being maintained in all aspects of police administration, and it is a pleasure to realise that Officers-in-Charge of Parganas are showing greater keenness in administering their charges.

Relations with the Police of other adjoining states continue satisfactory, except possibly in the case of one or two police stations in the Sironj Pargana.

A personal meeting of the superintendent of Police, with the Subha of Guna has much improved matters.

The following officers have done well during the year:-

Superintendent Police M. Ahmad Ali.

- " M. Abdul Qadir Khan.
- " M. Khan Saheb Mohammad Nasir Khah.

Munshi Mohammad Mustafa has put in another useful years work as Prosecuting Inspector.

Many thanks are due to the Vice-President for the ever ready help and advice, he has at all times tendered me, in all matters connected with improvements suggested for the State Police.

CHAPTER-VII.

MILITARY.

- 90. The total number of men serving in the Army at the end of the Strength of Forces. year was 853 as compared with 1,058 of the last year.
- 91. The total expenditure on the Army was Rs 1,35,408/4/6 compared with Rs 1,92,472/8/9 in the previous year.
- 92. The Sepoys of the "Hasny" Paltan are armed with old and Arms of Forces. useless guns. The cavalry use their own weapons, which are older still.

The State Army is employed chiefly as guards.

CHAPTER-VIII.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

Education Department. 93. During the year under report the Development Member, Khan Bahadur Moulvi Mohammed Maula Baksh, M.A., (Oxon), F.L.S., continued to hold the charge of the Education Department up to 14th of August 1941, but when due to the abolition of the Development Department his services were dispensed with, the Education Department was transferred to the portfolio of D.E. Augier Esqr., O.B.E., the Finance Member.

The significant change and development during the year under report was the creation of a new post of Inspector of Schools and Mr. Syed Hamid Ali Naqvi, M.A. (Alig.) the Senior most teacher and Headmaster Saadat High School Sironj was promoted to this post with effect from the 26th July 1941. He inspected 21 schools during the last quarter of the year.

Three new Primary Schools have been opened during the year under report in Pargana Nimbahera.

The progress made in general Education of the State and in Scools of different denominations is shown below:—

HIGH SCHOOLS.

Darbar High School Tonk.

94. Mr. V. V. Phillips M.A., M.A. (Ed.), T.D., continued to be the Headmaster, Darbar High School, Tonk.

Mr. Ahmad Ali, B.A., B.T., deputed for B.T. training to the Muslim University, Aligarh returned successfully and the services of his substitute Mr. Shahabuddin Abbasi B.A. terminated.

The staff of the School consists of 25 teachers as follows:—

Graduate Teachers 8
Under-graduate Teachers 8
Primary Class teachers 9

30 candidates were sent up for the High School Examination of 1941, out of which 18 passed—12 being placed in second Division.

Saadat High School Sironj & Nimbahera. 95. (1) Mr. Syed Hamid Ali Naqvi M.A. continued to be the Head-master of High School Sironj. But during the last quarter of the year he was promoted to the grade of Inspector of Schools and Mr. Aijaz Khan B.A.,B.T., who had been transferred to Municipality Tonk as Executive Officer, reverted to the Education Department and was appointed as Headmaster.

The staff of the School consists of 20 teachers as below:—

Graduate Teachers 4
Undergraduates 2
Primary Class Teachers 14

12 candidates were sent up for the High School Examination, out of which 9 passed—one being placed in second division.

According to the recommendations of the Inspectors of the Board,

the school was further equipped with necessary requisites of Science, Drawing etc. The Inspectors again visited this School in December 1940 in connection with permanent recognition which was accorded by the Board.

Mr. Brij Behari Lal, M.A., deputed for B.T. training to the Muslim University Aligarh topped the list in Theory and got second class in Practice. On his return he was posted at Saadat High School Nimbahera.

(2) Mr. Mohammad Hamid Khan, M.Sc., B.T., continued to be the Headmaster of Saadat High School Nimbahera.

In order to fulfil the conditions of provisio nalrecognition laid down by the Board of High School and Intermediate Education, Ajmer, adequate funds were allotted and the School was equipped with necessary requisites for teaching various subjects and permanent recognition was applied for.

The staff of the school consists of 18 teachers as follows:-

Graduate Teachers 6 Undergraduate Teachers 2 Primary class Teachers 10

7 candidates were sent up for the High School Examination out of which 5 passed.

Mr. Syed Raqim Ali, B.A., has been deputed for B.T. training to the Muslim University Aligarh.

96. The Girls Schools opened at the Headquarters of the 5 Parganas Female Education. of the State viz.

Tonk Sironj Nimbahera Pirawa Aligarh

showed good progress and the prejudice regarding female education prevailing among the general public gradually disappeared. Now people have realised the importance of female education and girls of every caste or creed are admitted to the Schools.

In Firdosiya Girls School at Tonk, education is imparted up to the Middle standard, in Sironj and Nimbahera Schools up to Lower Middle and in Pirawa and Aligarh Schools up to Primary standard.

The Headmistress of the Firdosiya Girls School Tonk, Mrs. K. N. Ahmed B.A., B.T., is trying her best towards the progress of her School and the School has improved considerably. Special attention is paid to handicrafts also and the girls are playing a good part in preparing cotton and woollen garments for the soldiers in war.

97. The number of schools of different denominations in different Number and Status Parganas and the number of students attending them is given in the of schools. sub-joined table compared with the last year:—

	1347		1348		LOCALITY & NUMBER OF STU		STUDENTS
Denomination of Schools.	No. of Schools.	No. of Students	No. of Schools.	No. of Students	Locality.	1347 Fasli.	1348 Fasli.
High Schools.	3	1,142	3	1,121	Tonk Sironj Nimbahera Chhabra	488 355 299 296	426 371 324 267
Middle Schools.	3	620	3	582	Pirawa	162	175
Primary Schools.	67	1,945	70	1,933{	Aligarh Tonk Aligarh Chhabra Sironj Pirawa Nimbahera Tonk	162 302 83 206 635 171 548 191	140 339 82 158 604 147 603 207
Religious Schools. Branch Schools and State Aided	19	343	19	3 83{	Aligarh Chhabra Sironj Pirawa Nimbahera	31 44 32 17 28	33 32 42 46 23
Schools.	3	117	6	597	Tonk	117	597
TOTAL.	95	4,167	101	4,616	Tonk	389	356
Girls Schools & Maktabs.	12	801	12	778	Sironj Nimbahera Pirawa Aligarh	108 122 167 65	124 134 107 52
GRAND TOTAL.	107	4,968	113	5,389		<u> </u>	1

Adult Education.

98. To educate labourers and artisans with a view to make them intelligent and useful citizens and in order to secure a forcible literary drive to raise incidence of literacy in the State besides the five centres of Adult Education in Tonk and two in Aligarh Pargana of the State, four more centres were opened at the Headquarters of Parganas Sironj, Nimbahera, Pirawa and Chhabra. The illiterate mass is gradually realising the advantages of Education and the number of adult students is rising high.

The number of persons of different occupation and trade attending the schools in different Parganas is given below:—

Tonk		240
Aligarh		21
Chhabra i		74
Sironj		29
Pirawa		16
Nimbahera		23
	Total.	403

Annual Examina-

99. The Annual Examination of all the State Schools was conducted centrally under the supervision of Mr. V. V. Phillips Headmaster and Mr. Mohammad Mahfooz senior teacher of Darbar High School Tonk as in the past.

100. The new building to house the Firdosiya Girls School at Tonk Buildings. was completed during the year under report.

In accordance with the recommendation of the Board the additional block of six rooms and one hall was sanctioned to be built at Sironj with an estimate of Rs 13,300/- and the work was actually started but due to war conditions material could not be had and labour was dislocated, so the work was stopped waiting better conditions.

The ordinary games of Hockey, Football, Cricket and Volley Games. Ball etc. were played and the Indian games of wrestling and fencing were continued in Darbar High School, Tonk.

Regular classes in Physical culture at Darbar High School Tonk only were conducted under the supervision of a trained Physical Instructor qualified at a Military School.

The sanctioned scheme of scholarships to the Pargana students Scholarships. coming to high schools at Tonk, Sironj and Nimbahera to study in higher classes remained in force while the scheme to award scholarships to the High School passed students and others of higher qualifications for higher education abroad was revised. So far as funds allowed scholarships continued to be awarded to a number of students only. In consideration of the growing demand for more scholarships, the system of free scholarships was changed into scholarship loan system. One third of the total grant for a particular education or training was given free while two-third was advanced as loans. Pure loans were also sanctioned in some cases. Consequently the number of such help increased considerably during the year under report as shown below against 18 of the last year:-

F. A.	5
F. A. (Commerce)	3
F. Sc.	5
B. A.	4
B. Sc.	2
LL. B.	.1
Electrical Engineering	1

One graduate teacher was deputed for B.T. training to the Muslim University Aligarh and scholarship-loan was awarded to him.

The candidate sent for the five years course of the B.Sc. degree in Civil Engineering at State expenses to the Civil Engineering College, Trivandrum failed in his first year Examination. So pure loan was advanced to enable him to pass the Examination.

One candidate has been deputed for the five years course of the M.B.B.S. degree in Medicine to the Meddical College, Agra.

The Boy Scout organizations at the Headquarters and in Par- Boy Scout Moveganas worked as usual.

ment.

- 104. With a view to encourage students to get themselves qualified General. in oriental languages grants were awarded to such students.
- 105. The total budgetted expenditure on education during the year Expenditure. under report compared as follows with that of the preceding year :-

	134	7 Fasli.	134	18 Fasli.
High Schools Middle Schools Girls Schools Branch Schools at Tonk Primary & Religious Schools	Rs Rs Rs Rs Rs	40,564/- 9,207/- 14,662/- 818/- 18,171/-	Rs Rs Rs Rs	41,044/- 9,852/- 17,079/- 957/- 18,614/-
Direction including Scholarships.	Rs	13,902/-	Rs	16,987/-
Total.	$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{s}$	97,319/-	\mathbb{R} s	1,04,533/-

Details of actual expenditure on the Schools of different denominations are given in the appended table.



CHAPTER-IX.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

- Mr. T. C. Pandya, B.E., L.C.E., continued to be State Engineer State Engineer. and held the charge of P.W.D. and Irrigation Departments for the year under report. Both the Departments remained under the Port-folio of the Finance Member, State Council, Tonk State.
- Mr. Abdul Razzaque, B.E., resigned the post of Assistant Engi- Assit. Engineer. neer, on 26th February 1941 and the vacancy of Assistant Engineer's post was filled by Mr. Mohammad Israil, Madanee on 8th July 1941.
- Besides the ordinary and necessary repairs, carried out to Sadar and Pargana buildings at a cost of Rs 13,274/2/- B.C. in the year under report against Rs 17,752/3/- S.C. for 1347 Fasli, expenditure on Original works was Rs 27,388/- B.C. against Rs 32,412/13/6 S.C. for 1347 Fasli out of which the following are the details:—

Buildings, Original works, chargeable to P.W.D.

TONE PROPER.

		Rs .	۸.	F.
Girls School.	•••	512	7	9
Customs Outposts		1,541	3	9
Cells in Jail Sadar /	***	1,855	14	6
Bungalow for Headmaster	•••	4,903	14	9
Town Hall		3,288	0	0
Saadat Pavilion		6,916	3	0
Sironj Pargana.				
Rooms for High School Rooms for Middle School, Lateri	•••	1,959 $1,457$		
PIRAWA PARGANA				
Excise Godown at Pirawa	•••	1,930	10	3
Nimbahera Pargan	NA.			
Record Room at Nizamat Office		888	14	3

109. Additions and Alterations to State Buildings of Sadar and Addition and Alte-Parganas were carried out at a cost of Rs 2,374/2/3 B.C. in the year under ration to Buildings. report against Rs 11,609/8/3 S.C. in the preceding year as per the following details:—

TONK PROPER.

		Rs. A.	Ρ.
Audit Office Darbar High School Motor Garage Female Barrack at Jail Sadar	•••	102 9 164 13 139 5 160 2	9
CHHABRA PARGANA. Tin shed at Godown in Nizamat Sironj Pargana.	•••	121 5	6
Tin shed at Jail Nishan Bardar's house Wall of Garden (Nizamat) Stable at Nizamat Sironj	•••	244 0 146 5 464 9 111,12	9

Upkeep & Special Repairs.

110. The following is the detail of amount utilised in the repairs of upkeep of Sadar and Pargana buildings respectively:—

Name of Pargana		1347 Fasli.			1348 Fasli.			
,		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	ľ.	
Tonk Proper		11,926		6	10,160			B.C.
Aligarh	•	431	11	3	356	0	6	,,
Chhabra		465	11	0	501	13	6	,,
Sironj		1,886		6	665	7	6	"
Pirawa		2,149	1	0	607	0	6	"
Nimbahera		892	0	9	983	9	9	197
	TOTAL RS	17,552	3	0	13,274	2	0	•

Nazarbagh works.

111. The works at Nazar Bagh Palaces were carried out by Toshak-khana and the amount, utilised in the year under report is Rs 3,502/11/6 B. C. including Rs 761/14/3 B.C. spent on Saadat Pavilion.

During the year under report all the roads inside and Outside the city were maintained according to the scheme. The usual gangs were continued on the Deoli and Baroni Roads throughout the year.

Asphalting Bazar Road. 112. A portion of Bazar Road from Clock Tower to Post Office was taken in hand and completed and other portions of Bazar and important city Roads were estimated for & works postponed till next summer season.

A portion of Bazar Road from Post Office to Bhaia Smith's Shop, left for consolidation last year, was consolidated and a road from Pansarhatta to Talkatora and Koocha Hakim Barkat Ahmad Sahib was renewed.

Deoli & Baroni Roads. 113. Miles No. 5, 6, 12, 13 and 14 of Deoli Road were fully renewed and the remaining miles were maintained by gangs labour only. The amount of Rs 5,920/14/3 was spent on this Road.

Mile No. 1 of Baroni Road was fully renewed and miles No. 5 and 6 were taken in special repairs at a cost of Rs 4,988/13/6 B.C.

Tonk-Aligarh Road.

114. Collection of boulders and metal for surfacing on Chandlai-Aligarh Road from mile 0 to 2¹/₄ miles was done. Due to scarcity of water, the consolidation on these miles and some others for which the material was supplied previous year could not be done. The amount, utilised on this Road, is Rs 4,397/13/3 B.C.

Bamora Road.

115. Construction of Bamora Road continued and an amount of Rs 5,481/12/3 B.C. from 10,000/- B.C. granted by Road Fund of Government of India was spent on it as detailed below:—

		Rs .	A.	P.
	Gang maintenance on Bamora Road.	797	-	_
2. 3.	Causeway of Rusalli Nala. ,, Shapura Nalla.	353	_	-
4.	Material for metalling the Road.	3,131		
	Total rupees.	5,481	12	3

The total amount spent so far on Bamora Road is :-

From Tonk State.
 From Road Fund of Government of India.
 8,260 10 3

TOTAL. 44,016 0 9 B.C.

116. Out of the P. W. D. Budget for the year under report, excluding Irrigation works. Rs 1,29,138/8/- B. C. were spent against Rupees 1,38,351/12/9 S.C. utilised last year. The detail of expenditure is given below:—

Serial No.	Original Wo	rks.		Amour	it S	pent.
,				Rs.	Α.	р.
1 .	Pay of establishment with house rent of A.E.	allov 	vances and	26,105	13	9
2	Supplies and Services.			3,056	5	3
3	Contingencies.		•••	943	9	3
4	Original Works	•••	•••	27,388	0	0
5	Special Buildings	,		10,081	0	3
6	Additions and Alteration	s		2,374	2	3
7	Repairs to Buildings.		•••	13,274	2	0
8	P. W. D. Roads	•••		22,745	11	0
9	Municipal Roads			13,512	9	6
10	Pargana Roads	•••	***	8,178	8	9
11	Miscellaneous	•••	•••	1,478	10	0
;	ŗ	Potal	Rupees.	1,29,138	8	0 B.C.

IRRIGATION.

117. Almost all the works were carried out departmentally with the Improvements of exception of petty works which were completed by the contractors.

118. Surveys of some new projects were carried out and an amount Surveys. of Rs 151/7/6 was spent.

119. An amount of Rs 1,028/14/- B.C. was utilised to carry out Repairs to tanks necessary repairs to some existing sources of Irrigation which are noted season.

Begains to tanks and canals in rainy season.

Rs. A. P.
1. Repairs to Anandpura canal. 905 13 0
2. Repairs to Bund of Lawadar. 15 12 3
3. Repairs to Bund at Shukalpura. 107 4 9

Total Rupees. 1,028 14 0

120. Repairs to the following tanks and canals was carried out and Annual repairs to an amount of Rs 2,212/6/- B.C. was spent. The major items are noted tanks. below:—

Rs. A. P.

- 1. Special repairs to sherpura tank (Pirawa.) 628 14 6
- 2. Repairs to tank and canal of Sakna. 360 14 0

Repairs to wells.

121. Some old wells in Sadar and Aligarh Pargana were repaired to and an amount of Rs 1,858/11/- was spent.

Tanks.

122. Construction of the following tanks was carried out in the year under report and amount of Rs 626/11/6 was spent:—

	•	$\mathrm{Rs}.$	A.	P.
1.	Construction of syphon on Harchandera canal.	390	14	6
2.	" Bund and canal of Harchandera.	105	5	9
3.	" at Arnia Mal.	130	7	3
	TOTAL RUPEES.	626	11	6

Total Irrigation spent in 1348 Fasli Rs 5,878/2/-.

Total P.W.D. and Irrigation spent in 1347 Fasli Rs 1,35,016/10/-B.C. is detailed below:—

		${ m Rs.}$	A.	P.
1.	From Budget grant of 1348 Fasli for P.W.D. and Irrigation.	1,23,380	9	0
	From the deposited amount of Government Road Fund.	5,481	12	3
3.	From the advance for Saadat Pavilion, Tonk.	6,154	4	9
	TOTAL RUPEES.	1,35,016	10	0

AGRICULTURE.

Agriculture.

123. During the year under report, the two Agricultural Farms at Tonk and Sironj continued to work under the control of the Development Member, Khan Bahadur Mohammad Maula Baksh, up to the 14th August 1942, but when his services were dispensed with, the control was transferred to the charge of the Finance Member, D. E. Augier, O.B.E.

The Tonk Farm and other Agricultural work was placed under the supervision of the Agricultural graduate Mr. V. N. Saxena, B.Sc. (Ag.), employed at the close of the previous year.

A new scheme of free seed distribution was started and improved seeds of several crops were distributed in small quantities to the cultivators in all the Parganas under the rural development grants. A constant watch of these new crops was kept in the Tonk Pargana and interest was aroused among the cultivators for trying the new seeds and hearing of the new things. Seeds of the following crops and vegetables were distributed:—

- 1. Sugarcane varieties Co. 213, Co. 290 and M 212.
- 2. Cotton C. 520 and M. 9.
- 3. Bajra Jamnagar.
- 4. Juar I. 4.
- 5. Wheat C. 591.
- 6. Barley C. 251 and a fodder variety.
- 7. Oats for fodder.
- S. Potatoes varieties Gola and Phulwa.

In Tonk Pargana, although a large quantity of potato was available

during the harvest season February-March, the prices rose abnormally high before and after these months mainly because it was not possible to store potatoes grown in the river bed. This potato (hill variety) was also very poor in taste. A third and most peculiar of all was the local belief that potato cannot be grown in "baries" (in fields) and that it only thrives in the river. All these were met with by both Gola and Phulwa varieties. By growing these varieties in the Tonk Farm and the gardens and, later by storing them during the hot weather with less than 20% loss, it was shown that a fine flavour, cultivation in fields and storage were quite possible in comparison with the local grown potatoes. Gola being an early variety earned better prices in addition.

Most of these crops are getting popular with the peasants and demands for them are already in hand.

Inspite of the low rains and unfavourable circumstances seve- Agricultural Farm, ral new trials were attempted at the Farm. Two silage pits of a total capacity of 2646 cft. were excavated for storing fodder and in October 40. 336 Mounds of chopped green Jowar were stored for silage which remained quite good till may 41, when feeding was started. Bullock-driven fodder cutter and a grinding mill was sorted out from the old stock of Nizamat, repaired and installed at the Farm.

A trial was made with the potato varieties Phulwa and Gola and later attempt was made to store them in sand. Both proved a success which has already been described above.

A dislike of sugarcane Co. 290 was noticed to be common with the peasant and public alike due to its dark coloured juice and late maturing habits. Eight new varieties were laid out for comparison this year. Viewing the standing crop very definite conclusions are expected to be arrived at, although, poor water supply has very adversely affected the experiment.

Trials were also made with varieties of wheat which require further trial. An experiment was made with cotton but it failed due to lack of rains this year.

A new American sweet variety of Maize bearing 4 to 5 ears is under trial.

Other crops grown at the farm include the following:-

Rabi:—Barley C. 251 and a fodder variety, Gram I. 4, tomatoes and other winter vegetables including peas, Oats, Berseem, Persian clover, Carrot and turnip for cattle.

Kharif:-Jowar, Bajra, Arhar, Clusterbean, Sannhemp, Soyabean, Sanwa and Jerusalem Artichoke.

Tobacco was not tried due to lack of water.

One of the two wells, was dug down 10 feet by which the watersupply of the well increased considerably.

125. In Sironj district rainfall was good. Trials were laid out for Agricultural Farm, Sironj. the following crops:-

Sugarcane:-EK 28, Co. 421 & Co. 419.

Cotton:— Cambodia, Jarilla C. 520 and local.

Groundnut:--AK 12 --24 and AK 11--8.

Wheat: - Malvi, Ekdania and local.

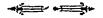
Gram:— Maleeda and local.

Maize:— Jaunpur.

Jowar:- Indore 3, local.

Arhar:- Malvi.

Potatoes and other vegetables were grown for market supply.



CHAPTER-X.

FOREST DEPARTMENT.

CHAPTER T

Areas of the demarcated forests could not be correctly calcu- Constitution of lated for want of completion of the demarcation maps, which remained incomplete because the concurrence of the Revenue authorities about the demarcation lines could not be obtained during the year for one, or the other reasons.

The total area of the Forests under the control of this department in different Ranges of various Parganas of the state remained 91664 Bighas, as adopted in the past years; but as a matter of fact the department controls much larger area as compared with the figures shown above.

127. Demarcation in Ranges Chhabra, Sironj, Lateri and Nimba-Demarcation. hera has been practically completed excepting a few Jagiri-lines, and external boundary lines against foreign territories during the year.

New demarcation and enclosure lines measuring 278 miles in length have been cut, and surveyed in Sironj, Lateri and Nimbahera. miles of old demarcation lines cut in the past years, have also been cleared.

Rs 812/5/- were spent on demarcation and survey of new boundary lines, and maintenance of existing boundary lines, as compared with expenditure of Rs 1472/- of the previous year.

The total expenditure on these works and the pay of the Demarcation-Officer, and party, and contingent expenses amounted to Rs 2,352/1/as compared with Rs 3,684/5/3 for the previous year.

The progress of the demarcation work remained satisfactory.

CHAPTER II.

MANAGEMENT OF STATE FORESTS.

128. No forest buildings were constructed for want of funds. The Communication petty annual repairs to existing forest-buildings were carried out as usual and buildings. and the expenditure was paid from the P.W.D. Budget as usual.

The number of cases pending at the commencement of the Protection of year was 340, and 580 fresh cases were reported during the year, making Forests. a total 920; of these 613 cases were disposed of as detailed below, leaving a balance of 307 cases pending at the close of the year.

(i) 613 cases were compounded for Rs 2216/15/6 as against 479 cases with compounding fees of Rs 2140/- of the previous year.

The average incidence per case has fallen from Rs 4/8/- to Rs 3/9/10. As most of the offenders belonged to the cultivator-class, so every precaution had been taken to give them light punishments.

72 cases were withdrawn as compared with S5 cases in the previous year, and utmost care was taken not to molest the accused persons for trifling cases.

Only 9 cases were challaned in the criminal courts as compared with 16 cases in the previous year.

The following table shows the progress and disposal percentage of cases in different Ranges as compared with the previous year.

Range.	•	1347 Fasli.	1348 Fasli.
Tonk (Sadar).	••••	40.91	64
Chhabra	····	86.82	47.34
Sironj	••••	48'86	45.24
Lateri		62.72	80
Pirawa	••••	81.25	12.2
Nimbahera	••••	100	77.77

The disposal in Lateri, Nimbahera, and Tonk (Sadar) Ranges is satisfactory, but in Pirawa it is the worst.

Protection from fire.

130. 14 cases of fire covering an area of 3457 Bighas took place during the year as against 9 cases of fire covering an area of 1434 Bighas of the previous year.

The total loss estimated to the forest produce from these fires in different Ranges amounted to Rs 344/13/3 as against Rs 277/2/6 in the previous year. As usual no offender in any forest case could be traced out.

Protection from cattel.

131. The whole of the forest area excepting an area of 5832 Bighas of coupes in Ranges Lateri, Chhabra, Sironj and Nimbahera as compared with 3710 Bighas of coupe areas of the previous year, remained opened to grazing throughout the year to all animals leavingout camels.

Coupe Jaipla having an area of 48 Bighas which was felled in 1343 Fasli, was thrown open to grazing, as the new crop has attained an age beyond damage through grazing.

Amount of grazing revenue collected during the year was Rs 22,286/-against Rs 20,899/- of the previous year.

The total number of cattle which was allowed to graze in the forest was 1,07,785 against 1,05,585 of the previous year.

SYLVICULTURE.

Natural coppice regeneration in the felled coupe areas closed to grazing. 132. The condition of the regeneration from coppice shoots in the felled coupe areas has been quite satisfactory. The only damage to the teak forest worth mentioning is the usual attack by teak leaf-defoliator.

EXPLOITATION.

SYSTEM OF MANAGEMENT.

Major forest pro- 133. 'duce. der differer

133. The following statement shows the areas of coupes felled under different sylvicultural systems in different Ranges.

RANGE.	SIMPLE COPPICE.	Coppice with Reserves.	TOTAL.
Chhabra.	1,390	,	1,390
Sironj.	65		65
Lateri.	430	275	705
Nimbahera.	35		. 35
· Total.	1,920	275	2,195 BIGHAS.

SALE OF FOREST PRODUCE.

(a) By Departmental Agency.

MAJOR PRODUCE.

134. As an experiment, one teak coupe, 108 Bighas in area in Range Timber. Lateri was departmentally felled.

The felled timber was properly classified and brought to forest depot newly established at Sironj, to sell it on commission bases.

Whole of this timber could not be sold during the year for one or the other reasons.

The price of the timber which was sold from Sironj depot during the year amounted to Rs 291/15/- only.

The departmental felling of coupes for sale of felled material at the site was abandoned, as this system of working did not prove profitable.

- 135. In Range Sadar departmentally collected and sold fuel fetched Fire-wood. Rs 2,451/- Pirawa Range Rs 29/-, and Nimbahera Rs 201/-; making total receipts of Rs 2,681/-.
- 136. Departmentally manufactured charcoal of the last year in Charcoal. Range Chhabra was brought to the Railway-Station Chhabra and was sold for Rs 855/-, but this work was a total failure.

MINOR FOREST PRODUCE.

- 137. The bamboo-forests cutting sections in Lateri, and Chhabra Bamboos. Ranges were departmentally worked, and the felled bomboos from Lateri forest were brought to Lateri, and Sironj depots: for sale, which fetched Rs 1,869/- and felled bamboos at Chhabra were sold for Rs 86/8/- total Rs 1,955/8/-.
- 138. In all the Ranges the grass was mostly collected and sold departmentally, which fetched Rs 16,296/- as against Rs 30,372/- of the previous year. The reason for less income from this produce, is that, practically no grass could be sold at Nimbahera, and less sale was done from Tonk depot as a precaution against famine.

(b) By Purchasers and Contractors.

MAJOR FOREST PRODUCE.

139. In Range Lateri 822 Bighas of teak area consisting of six Timber.

coupes were sold to the contractors, on an everage of Rs 4/1/3 per Bigha, which fetched Rs 3,351/-. In Chhabra Range 405 Bighas of teak area consisting of 3 coupes at an everage of Rs 2/8/3 per Bigha for Rs 1,018/-, and 985 Bighas of satrukha area consisting of 4 coupes at an everage of Rs 1/11/6 for Rs 1,698/12/- were sold to the contractors.

Fire wood.

140. Dead and dry firewood was sold from the forests of all the Ranges amounting to Rs 1792/11/6.

MINOR FOREST PRODUCE.

Katha.

141. Katha was manufactured by Handi-System and the income from it was Rs 3,988/- as compared with Rs 6,026/8/- for the previous year, as shown Rangewar below:—

Range.	No. of Handies.	RATE PER HANDI.		. Амоикт.		
Chhabra.	136	Rs. S	۸. 0		Rs. A. 1,088 0	P. 0
Lateri.	150	10	0	0	1,500 0	0
Sironj.	140	10	0	0	1,400 0	0
TOTAL.	426				3,988 0	0

The reason for less income for this produce is, that in 1347 Fasli more income was fetched in Range Chhabra on account of special permission for manufacture of Katha from Shikargah areas.

Gum.

142. The sum of Rs 1,209/4/- was realised from the sale of gum collected and removed by contractors against Rs 1,129/8/- of the previous year.

Miscellaneous revenues from other minor produce and forest-taxes amounted to Rs 41239/- as compared with Rs 34,823/- for the previous year.

Rights, Privileges and free grants.

143. As usual head-loads of dead and fallen firewood were allowed to be removed at nominal hearth-tax for domestic purposes throughout the state (excepting Range Sadar where practically no forests exist).

Timber to the value of Rs 1,356/- was supplied free of charge from State forests to the Raiyat for plough wood, or whose huts were burnt, or for the construction of huts to the new settlers.

Fire wood and fencing thorns worth Rs 121/14/- were supplied free to the cultivators in different Parganas excepting Tonk.

Revenue and Sources of Forest produce. 144. The total revenue realised from major forest produce was:—

	1347 Fasil.	1348 Faslí.	Difference.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Timber Fire-wood and Charcoal	5,063 3,884	7,697 5,499	+ 2,634 + 1,615
TOTAL.	8,947	13,196	+ 4,249

Total revenue from minor forest produce in 1347 and 1348 Fasli compared as below:—

ITEM.	1347 Fasli.	1348 Fasli.	Difference.
Grass and Grazing.	51,271	42,422	•••
Bamboo.	.	1,965	•
Katha and Gum etc.	7,156	7,705	
Forest taxes.	34,832	29,344	•
Miscellaneous and compensation.	2,140	9,387	
Total.	95,399	90,823	- 4,576

CHAPTER III.

FINANCIAL RESULTS.

145. The total receipts amounted to Rs 1,04,019/- against Rupees Revenue. 1,04,346/- for the previous year showing a trifling difference of Rs 327/-.

146. The details of expenditure under two main heads compared Expenditur as below:—

Head of Expenditure.	1347 Fasli.	1348 Fasli	Difference.
,	Rs.	Rs.	R_{S} .
(a) Establishment.	22,452	25,831	+ 3,379
(b) Conservancy.	28,170	23,399	- 4,771
Total.	50,622	49,230	- 1,392

The total expenditure amounted to Rs 49,230/- against Rs 50,622/-incurred in the previous year.

The details of the surplus for the two years 1347 and 1348 Fasli are compared as below:—

YEAR.	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Surplus.	Percentage of Expenditure to revenue.
1347 Fasli.	1,04,346	50,622	53,724	48·5
1348 Fasli.		49,230	54,789	47·32

			Revenue.			Cxpendituri	ε.
S. No.	Office Name.	Budget- ted.	Actual.	Diffe- rence.	Budget- ted.	Actual.	Diffe- rence.
1	Forest Office.				10,319	8,208	- 2,111
2	Range Sadar.	24,385	25,892	+ 1,507	18,975	17,340	- 1,635
8	" Chhabra	20,480	20,017	- 463	7,338	5,398	- 1,945
4	", Lateri.	28,780	27,292	- 1,488	10,157	8,413	- 1,744
5	" Sironj	25,740	25,221	- 519	5,255	4,071	1,184
6	" Pirawa	2,570	2,870	+ 300	1,908	1,107	- 801
7	" Nimbahera	7,200	2,727	- 4,473	5,228	4,698	- 530
	Total.	1,09,155	1,04,019	- 5,186	59,180	49,230	9,950

CHAPTER IV.

Administration.

Administration.

147. The forest department remained included in the portfolio, and under the control of K. B. M. Mohammad Maula Bux M.A. (Oxon) F.L.S., Development Member, State Council, upto the 15th august 1941, and fom 16th August 1941 the department was transferred to the portfolio of the Finance Member and Vice President, State Council, Tonk Raj.

Sardar Indersingh Sidhu, B.Sc. (Hons) P.F.S. (Dip.), held the charge of the post of the state forest officer throughout the year.

The Assistant State Forest Officer Munshi Abdul Khaliq Khan expired on 25th of November 1940, and the post remained vacant for the remaining period of the year.

The head-quarter of the state forest officer was transferred back on 7th July 1941 from Sironj to Tonk, as the work of demarcation was over, and systematic fellings in coupes were properly established.

In recognition of good and hard work by the state forest officer, an increament of Rs 25/- was sanctioned from 1st November 1940. Moreover during the year the gradition of the State forest officer, Ranger Lateri Mr. J. R. Shairani, and Deputy Ranger Syed Nurullah was sanctioned.

The S. F. O. toured strenuously six months and 12 days during the year, visiting different Ranges

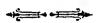
The construction of Raj Middle School Lateri which was specially entrusted to the state forest officer and Ranger Lateri was completed during the year, at the cost of Rs 5,778/13/6 as compared with Rs 7,204/estimated with a saving of Rs 1,425/2/6.

The name of the Range Officers who remained incharge of the different Ranges are shown below:—

S. No.	Name of range.	Range Officer.	Period of Charge.
1	(Sadar) Tonk.	Mr. Azizur Rahman Khan Deputy Ranger. Mr. Ahmed Husain Khan Deputy Ranger.	1 st Nov. 40 to 17th Aug. 41. 1 st Oct. 41 to 31st Oct. 41.
2	Chhabra.	L. Raj Kumar Sexana Depu- ty Ranger. Mr. Yar Mohammad Khan D. D. R. (Lower)	1 st Nov. 40 to 5th Dec. 40. 16th Jan. 41 to 31st Oct. 41.
3	Sironj.	Mr. S. Zenul Abedin, Deputy Ranger.	1 st Nov. 40 to 31st Oct.
4	Lateri.	Mr. J. R. Shairani, D. D. R. (Honrs)	Do
5	Nimbahera.	Mr. M. Husain Khan, Deputy Ranger.	Do
6	Pirawa.	Mr. Shokat Ali Khan, Deputy Ranger.	Do

Punishment and casualties among the staff during the year under report are tabulated below:—

Designation.	Death.	Resigna- tion.	Reduc- tion.	Retire- ment.	Dismis- sal.	Suspen- sion.	Fine
Asst. S. F. O.	1	****	••••	****	****	••••	
Range Officer	••••	****	1		••••		1
Deputy Ranger			1		••••		1
Range Clerks			••••		1	1	1
Head Guards		••••	2	••••	••••	3	6
F. Guards	4	9	3	••••	13	12	27
Chaukidar	1	••••	••••	••••			
Beldar			••••		2		
Total.	6	9	7	·	16	16	36



CHAPTER—XI.

MINOR DEPARTMENTS.

SPECIAL COURT OF WARDS.

Charge.

. 148. The Special Court of Wards remained under the charge of Khan Bahadur Sahibzada Abdul Tawab Khan, Home Member, during the year under report.

Number of Wards.

149. At the commencement of the year there were 51 wards in the Special Court, whose annual income was Rs 79,144/6/3. Three estates were brought under the court during the year, their annual income was Rs 4,771/15/-. 13 estates, with an annual income of Rs 19,300/5/3 were released during the year. Thus there were 41 wards in the Special Court of Wards. The total income of the estates released from the Court and remaining in the Court were Rs 64,720/3/9 at the close of the year.

Revenue and Expenditure.

The balance at the credit of wards at the commencement of the year was Rs 19,450/12/3.

The following income was received during the year:—

		$_{\cdot}$ Rs.	A.	P.
1.	Balance at the credit of wards from 1347 F.	19,450	12	8
2.	2. Cash allowance from Finance Department.		4	0
3.	3. Revenue from Jagir and Havala etc.		0	3
4.	4. Balance Revenue from Jagir.		9	9
5.	Ward rates.	3,322	7	11
•	TOTAL.	80,932	2	2

0

Outo	f the above the following payments were made:-	-		
1.	Monthly allowance to Wards and Dependents.	27,779	0	4
2.	Payment of State Nazrana.	5,686	2	7
3.	Expenses of villages as malba etc.	2,329	8	9
4.	Payment of War subscription and War loan.	170	0	0
5.	Payment of debt.	20,696	1	6
6.	Payment of dower money of Ibsar-un-nisa			
	Begum Sahiba by Sz. Abdul Rehman Khan.	1,303	4	1
7.	Pay of establishment etc.	6,276	7	7
8.	Payment of debts to certain wards whose estates			
	released from Court of Wards.	386	11	7
9.	Remitting to F. D. on account of transfer of			
	estates from Court of Wards.	156	9	2
10.	Credited to Nizamat Chhabra on account of			
	Zabti Kham in anticipation of formal sanction of		•	
	mutation.	1,321	14	3
11.	Deduction of exchange money on account of			
	conversion of State Coin, in Tehvil, into Kaldar.	1,542	4	7
12.	Balance for 1848 Fasli.	13,293	1	9
	${f T}_{f OTAL}.$	80,932	´2	2

At the commencement of the year the liabilities of Wards amounted to Rs 3,07,631/4/1. The liabilities of the new estates taken under the Court of Wards during the year were Rs 22,183/5/9. Thus the total amount of liabilities comes to Rs 3,29,814/9/10.

From the above liabilities, a sum of Rs 22,183/5/9 was added to the list of liabilities:-

	•	Rs.	۸.	P.
1.	Debts due against new wards.	2,840	12	3
2.	Remission on debt paid.	18,261	15	6
3.	New debts given to wards by Court on their demand, and for payment of War subscription.	1,080	10	0
	TOTAL.	22,183	5	9

From the above liabilities of Rs 3,29,814/9/10, a sum of Rupees 1,26,090/-/11 was paid off as shown below:—

		Rs.	A.	P.
1.	Payment of original debt.	20,696	1	в
2.	Remissions on debt paid.	310	3	9
3.	Claims disallowed and struck off.	651	10	3
4.	Estates released from Court and struck off from the list of liabilities.	1,282	10	9
õ.	Struck off from the list of liabilities, whose management was transferred to F. D.	73,357	៦	4
6.	Deduction of exchange rate of debts money,			
	which was into Chanwarshahi, and was			
	converted into Kaldar.	29,792	1	4
	TOTAL.	1,26,090	0	11

The average payment of debt was 31/-0/o this year. Due to failure of crops income from villages was very small, so the debts could not be paid in full.

The balance at the beginning of the year in the fund was Ward Rote, Rs 5,892/3/2 and Rs 3,322/7/11 were received during the year as income and Rs 1,123/8/3 were added as exchange rate. Thus the total comes to Rs 10,338/3/4.

Out of this, a sum of Rs 6,267/7/7 was spent as pay etc. of the establishment, leaving a balance of Rs 4,070/11/9 at the close of the year.

153. 37 cases were pending from last year and 364 fresh cases were Miscellaneous instituted during the year. Out of these 372 were finally disposed of Cases. leaving a balance of 29 cases at the close of the year.

154. 339 cases were pending from last year and 175 fresh cases Creditors Claim. were instituted during the year. Out of these 207 were finally settled leaving a balance of 307.

There was no important change in the staff during the year Conclusion. under report.

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEES.

With a view to associating the public with administrative Public Represenproblems, His Highness the Nawab Sahib Bahadur was pleased to intro-tetion. duce public representation in the Municipalities in 1347 Fasli.

Municipal Constitution.

157. In 1347 Fasli, a Municipal Constitution for public representation was duly passed. This Constitution envisages the public representation in five parganas of the State, namely—Tonk, Sironj, Nimbahera, Chhabra and Pirawa. The representative composition of each of the Municipalities is as follows:—

TONK MUNICIPALITIES.

Ward Members	6	(3 Hindus and 3 Muslims) By separate election.
Ex-officio Sahibzada Class representation Backward classes and other un- represented interests	2 1 3	By nomination.

SIRONJ MUNICIPALITIES.

Ward Members	4 (2 Hindus and 2 Muslims)
	By separate election.
Ex-officio Jagirdar Class Backward Classes	$ \begin{cases} 2\\1\\3 \end{cases} $ By nomination.

NIMBAHERA MUNICIPALITIES.

Ward Members	4 (2 Hindus and 2 Muslims)
	By separate election.
Ex-officio	2)
Backward Classes	$\begin{cases} & \text{By nomination.} \end{cases}$

CHHABRA MUNICIPALITIES.

Ward Members	4 (2 Hindus and 2 Muslims)
	By separate election.
Ex-officio	2).
70 1 1 01	By nomination.
Backward Classes	a) '

PIRAWA MUNICIPALITIES.

Ward Members	4 (2 Hindus and 2 Muslims)
	By separate election.
Ex-officio	2)
Backward Classes	$\left. \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \right\}$ By nomination.

Supervision.

158. The Vice President of the State Council is the member-incharge of the State Municipalities. The chairman of the Tonk Municipality is Mr. Syed Nasiruddin Hyder, Revenue Member, while that of the other Municipalities is the Pargana Nazim concerned.

Municipal Act, 1939.

159. The Tonk State Municipal Act, 1939, framed mainly on the British India lines with modifications in order to suit the local condition was enforced in the month of February, 1940.

The Municipalities have been formed on the above lines worked throughout the year smoothly as under:—

Meetings.

160. The Tonk Municipality held 33 meetings during the year and

31, 16, 12 and 9 by the Sironj, Nimbahera, Chhabra and Pirawa Municipalities respectively.

Municipal income is principally derived from Municipal taxes. Income & expendi-The State grant-in-aid, which varies from year to year and was Rupees 14,542/14/- in the year 1348 Fasli as against Rs 16,947/6/- in the preceding year. The total income from Municipal taxes and other sources as well as the total expenditure during the year amounted as below:-

Name of Pargana.			Income.			Expenditure.			
				Rs.	Α.	Р.	Rs.	۸.	P.
Tonk.	••••		****	27,216	12	3	27,851	6	9
Sironj.	••••		••••	5,192	1	9	3,957	5	0
Nimbahera	1,		••••	3,690	8	0	3,603	1	3
Pirawa.	••••		****	801	3	6	687	6	3
Chhabra.	****		••••	2,152	4	3	1,826	15	0
		Total.	••••	39,052	18	9	37,926	2	3

162. The principal taxes are (i) Light tax, (ii) Slaughter tax, (iii) Municipal taxes. Tehbazari tax or the rent charged for Municipal land used by hawkers, vendors and pedlars etc. (iv) Hundabhara levied on hackney vehicles, (v) License fees on hackney vehicles and from other bullock carts, (vi) Road toll of the Banas river at a rate varying in view of the natutre of the vehicle according to the sanctioned schedule. In addition to these, there are also other taxes levied as petrol shop tax, Nazrana of opening a new door and window, Bathi Chuna tax etc.

The Municipal Committees are mainly responsible for repairs to Municipal Roads, conservancy, the lighting of public streets and public buildings constructed or maintained out of the Municipal fund, and for the management of Nazool lands situated within the Municipal limits. sides, by virtue of the Tonk Municipal Act, 1939, subject to any special reservation made or to any special conditions imposed by His Highnes, all the property of the nature specified below situated within the Municipalities vest under the control of the committees.

- (a) All public town walls, gates, markets, slaughter manure etc.
- (b) All public streams, springs and works for the supply, storage and distribution of water for public purposes etc.
- (c) All public sewers and drains, culverts and water courses etc.

163. All unoccupied sites whether situated in village abadies or in Nazool. towns together with any houses left by persons dying without heirs are considered Nazool property. The Nazool property is also managed by the Municipal Committee and the income therefrom is considered a part of Municipal income. Nazool property outside Municipal limits is under the management of the Revenue Department.

General.

164. The Tonk Municipality dealt with 79 cases of the previous year and 264 during the year under report, of which 238 were finally disposed of

Against orders of the Municipalities 5 appeals were filed in the Municipal section of State Council Office during the year under report, 2 being of the last year; out of which all were decided by the Vice President (Member-in-charge Municipalities).

In the Municipal areas sanitary conditions improved to a greater extent. The Tonk Municipality built 7 new urinals and the 7 old ones were repaired. Roads and passages in different Mohallas of Tonk were repaired and constructed. A Unani Dawa Khana (Medico) was established in the Bazaar Ali Ganj, Tonk at the expense of the Tonk Municipality where free medicines are given to the really poor patients.

In Nimbahera a drainge scheme was introduced. Repairs of urinals, public laterines and slaughter houses were undertaken. Roads were much improved and kachha drains were paved with stones.

Similarly in other Municipal Committees also, efforts were made to improve the general conditions in their respective municipal limits.

PANCHAYATS.

Panchayats.

165. In the month of December 1939, His Highness the Nawab Sahib Bhadur was pleased to sanction the State Panchayat Rules. By virtue of these Rules a Panchayat of 5 members is constituted for every village containing a population of 2,000 or over. Villages with less population are grouped in compact area so as to form a group which population is approximately 2,000 and each group elects a Panchayat of 5 members. Each panchayat elects a Sur-Panch, who can read and write Urdu out of the elected Panches.

Duties.

- 166. Duties of Panchayat are:—
 - (a) to try money suits upto the value of Rs 10/-;
 - (b) to try criminal cases of theft and mischief in which the property involved does not exceed Rs 5/- and also ordinary cases of assault and simple hurt under I. P. C. and offences under the cattle Trespass Act;
 - (c) to deal with all matters relating to rural uplift, village sanitation, tracks, water supply, drams and improvement of breed cattle.

All the Sur-Panches of a Pargana form an electorate for the election of a member for the State *Majlis-i-Amma*.

The number of Panchayat established in the villages of the State Parganas is as follows:—

	NAME OF	Pargana.	Panchayats.
1.	Pargana	Tonk.	26
2.	. 11	Sironj.	31
3.	17	Chhabra.	13
4.	"	Nimbahera.	14

	Name of Pargana.	Panchayats.
5.	Pargana Pirawa.	. 8
6.	,, Aligarh	7

Majlis-i-Amma, Tonk.

167. Under the Firman of His Highness the Nawab Sahib Bahadur Composition. dated the 23rd November 1939, a Majlis-i-Amma of 27 members was constituted, the composition of which is:-

Officials.

1.	Chairman	•••	Vice	President.	
2.	Members of Council.	•••	3		
3.	Nominated Officials.	•••	5	/	
Non-Officials.					
1.	Representatives of Urban area	•••	6		
2.	Representatives of Rural areas elected by Panchayts and Dist Council.	rict	6	By election.	
3.	Representatives of Sahibzadas	•••	2 }		
4.	Representatives of Backward c	lasses	- { .	Ry nomination	

168. The Communal representation of members for the Majli-i- Communal repre-Amma is in such a manner that one Muslim members and one Non-Muslim member are elected from all the Urban and Rural constituencies by rotation in the following way, so that both communities may have their turn:--

and other unrepresented interests including one Jagirdar other than

Khandani ...

	Urban.	RUBAL.
Aligarh	Nil	1 Non-muslim.
Tonk	1 Muslim, 1 Non-muslim.	1 Muslim.
Chhabra	1 Muslim.	1 Non-muslim.
Sironj	1 Non-muslim.	1 Muslim.
Nimbahera.	1 Muslim.	1 Non-muslim.
Pirawa.	1 Non-muslim.	1 Muslim.

At the election of the next term after 3 years, the arrangement will be reversed. Muslim will be substituted for Non-muslim and vice versa.

The President of the Assembly is the Vice President of the State Council, Secretary, is its Secretary.

169. It may be mentioned that on the above lines the Municipal Election. and Pargana Boards duly elected members for the Majlis. A Meeting of the Majlis took place on the 3rd February 1941. Every elected and nominated member present at the meeting duly took the Oath. The State Factory bill was placed before the Majlis by the member-in-charge. It was divided that the bill be taken on the agenda of the next session.

Scope.

- 170. (a) The scope of the Majlis is to tender advice on all proposed legislation regarding new taxation, health, education, rural education commerce and industry.
 - (b) Bills regarding the above subjects are moved by the State. The State, however, reserves to itself the power to promulgate a law respecting these matters in exceptional circumstances. Non-Official member can move amendments thereon.
 - (c) A decision of the Majlis is merely a recommendation to His Highness and is not binding on the Darbar.

Public Information Office.

Public Information Office.

171. The Public Information Department was created in the year 1939. The Vice President of the State Council is its member-in-charge and the Council Secretary is public Information Officer. The department is mainly responsible to supply correct information regarding the administration. Since the beginning of the War this department is editing a War supplement weekly containing correct news of the War and the views of that section of people who are responsible for the ordered progress of the country. The department has got a radio for broad-casting news to the public. The Annual number of the War weekly is published by the department,

STATE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Public Service Commission.

172. During the later part of the year 1347 Fasli His Highness the Nawab Sahib Bahadur was pleased to sanction the establishment of the Public Service Commission. The Public Service Commission consists of Chairman (Vice President, State Council) and three other members as appointed by the Chairman at his discretion. A competitive Examination for the clerical grade was held by the Commission in the month of Cotober 1940.

STAE PRESS.

State Press.

173. During the year 1348 Fasli the Secretary, State Council, was incharge of the State Press under the general supervision of the Vice President, State Council, Tonk.

No printing work of the State is sent outside because the Press is self-sufficient.

Printing Work.

174. The Press is responsible to print and supply the State Departments with all their requirements free of all charges, All the forms of the departments, Judicial Records, War weekly and Fortnightly State Gazettes are printed here. The system of overtime charges continued during the year for the printing of extra-ordinary and special forms and the departments had to pay the expenses.

In the year under report the total quantity of printing was 54,81,496 impressions.

Binding Section.

175. There is a binding section in the Press. All registers and books for the use of the departments of Sadar Tonk are bound here,

43,480 volumes of registers, books and copies pasted and stitched, in different sizes were bound.

The amount of printing and binding charges, according to the Income and Exschedule of rates, amounted to Rs 10,509/4/3. As printed forms are supplied to all the departments free of all cost, this amount remained uncharged except Rs 546/12/3 which have been realized from the Municipality, Court of Wards and public, and credited to the State Treasury.

During the year Rs 9,239/7/9 have been spent on different items from the Press-budget, details of which are given below :-

			${ m Rs.}$	A.	P.
1.	Establishment	• • •	4,804	7	6
2.	Purchase of Type material	•••	664	12	6
3.	Purchase of Ink and Roller-Composition		304	13	9
4.	Expenses on Electricity	•••	152	5	9
5.	Repair to the Press		32	15	3
6.	Furniture		13	11	6
7.	Miscellaneous	• • •	342	0	0
S.	Binding expenses	•••	236	4	6
9.	Purchase of papper for printing of forms		2,604	S	0
10.	Purchase of Iron-safe		83	9	0
	TOTAL.	•••	9,239	7	9

The amount given below should be deducted from the above total expenditure to compare with the total income of the Press, because these expenses are not connected with the Press work:-

		Rs.	۸.	P.
Purchase of paper for the printing of forms to	be be	0.004	0	^
supplied to the State Departments	•••	2,604	8	U
Expenses incurred in despatching of forms to	the			
Pargana departments		40	2	6
Iron-safe		83	9	0
Note-papers etc. used in Council Office		100	2	0
Price of Fire-extinguisher	•••	60	0	0
Other accounts relating to the Council Office	•••	150	5	0
TOTAL	'	2,938	10	6

After deducting the above sum the total expenditure incurred on the Press work remained Rs 6,300/13/3. If the amount of expenditure is deducted from the income, the Press gets a nett profit of Rs 4,208/7/6.

There is a Store of blank paper in the Press from which every kind of paper can be supplied to the State Departments. Last year the profit gained in sale of paper was Rs 3,912/14/6 and at the end of 1348 Fasli the profit was Rs 4,332/-/9, thus Rs 219/2/3 were earned in the year 1348 Fasli.

Store of Blank

The contract of suppply of blank paper with the Bengal Paper Mill Co. Ltd., expired this year on 31st May and on account of the out-break of War no further contract could be settled with any paper manufacturer Expecting for the difficulties in future, paper was arranged for about two years from different sources. The State Press purchased paper from the Bengal Paper Mill Co. as well as from other markets. During the course of the year there was no lack of paper for the use of State Departments and inspite of very high rates *i.e.* about three times more than in the last year, the old cheap rates were continued in the Press till the end of the year.

In paper transaction the Press gained a profit of about Rs 10,000/-approximately, by purchasing paper in advance for the coming years at the time when the market rates were moderate.

STATE GARDENS.

State Gardens.

- 178. During the year under report the following 3 gardens remained under State management in the Finance Department:—
 - 1. Idgah.
 - 2. Phoolbagh.
 - 3. Chaman Band-Pukhta.

In the first half of the year, the old dry fruit trees were cut down and a general clearance of all the plots was undertaken. They were prepared for putting down new vegetables and fruit trees.

The wells were repaired and cleared which provided water to grow certain vegetables. Potatoes, peas, cauliflowers, cabbages, knol-khol, radishes of good quality were sown. These together with flowers were exhibited at the Annual Exhibition and fair where they were awarded prizes.

During Summer manure was purchased and pits for putting the new fruit plants were prepared. During July—August plots were laid with Allahabad guava, Chhabra Oranges and lime, and papaya. Good quality oranges were budded on the scions of previous year.

Seasonal flowers were continuously grown round the Kothi for decorations which were appreciated by H. H. the Nawab Sahib Bahadur of Tonk.

Due to the poor rains, proposed plantations of bananas, pomegranates, grapes, sweet limes, litchi etc. were with-held. A large number of vegetable seedlings were prepared in the nursery for the next season.

HITKARNI SABHA.

Hitkarni Sabha.

179. No meeting of the Sabha was held during the year. The Tonk representatives to the Sabha were the same as last year.

There were 17 marriages and 12 deaths among Rajputs during the year in this State.

Amirya Madrasa.

Amirya Madrasa.

180. Amirya Madrasa is a religious school maintained in Tonk by His Highness the Nawab Sahib Bahadur. Under orders of His Highness the Nawab Sahib Bahadur dated the 17th July 1939, a Committee known as "Darul Uloom" has been formed. The Amirya School, and Khalilya another school, established in this State, both are managed by the Committee.

GUEST HOUSE.

Sahibzada Amanatullah Khan worked as superintendent of Guest House. Guest House throughout the year under report.

The total number of guests was 54. The expenditure on the Guest House, compared with that incurred in 1347 Fasli is shown below:-

	1347	FA	SLI.	1348	Fas	LI.
	Rs .	۸.	Р.	Rs.	۸.	Р.
Budgetted.	17,274	0	0	19,086	0.	0
Actuals.	17,017	0	0	15,417	0	0

Motor Khana and Karkhanajat.

When the Motor Garage and the Karkhanajat came under Motorkhana and State control from February 1941 the Motor Khana had a good stock of motor parts, accessaries, tyres, tubes etc. costing thousands of rupees, but there was no proper method of keeping the stock nor satisfactory mode of keeping them on record.

There was a book in the Motor Khana for entering the stock imported from time to time. There was another book for noting things issued to the motor vehicles from time to time. As the variety was something near about 800, there was no arrangement of taking the balance out. The two books had nothing to do with each other. Hence there could have been no checking and control upon the stock and loss was possible. The stock was kep't heaped up and mixed. Those who handled the stock could manage to search out things from the huddled stock while others were helpless to find the required articles out of it.

Having noticed all this and with a view to improve the working and introduce a better system that might put down loss and so establish a proper way of stock taking and checking them, the office superintendent was deputed to examine minutely the evils of the system and to suggest some lines of working under which the defects might be removed. He examined the books, registers and stocks and studied the system under which they were issuing things and maintaining registers. In a short period he was able to put a detailed scheme as to the system of keeping stock and maintaining registers. This scheme entailed an expenditure of about Rs 400/- to introduce it on proper footing. All motor parts were to be kept in a compartment separately.

Numerous almirahs with compartments therein were required to store the stock properly. This was most uptodate system of keeping stock by the "Card Index System".

The office superintendent worked hard for months and months together and then was able to establish the system. The whole system has become uptodate and re-organized.

The Garage had no modern machinery and appliances to work with, the necessity of which too was felt. It was suggested to purchase a Compressor and the complete outfit of spray painting, servicing etc. This was approved of and sanctioned. Its working has long been started.

In order to remove further difficulties, another scheme was put up

to turn over the whole stock to the 'Sales Department'. The Sales Department was to issue things and charge for them. By doing so it was easy to manage and control the organization. It was also suggested in the scheme that the Sales Department may be allowed to sell things to the Public as well at a fixed percentage of profit so that parts of the vehicles no longer in the use of the garage might be disposed of along with others and the dealings were sure to give some profit to the department. It was further suggested that the vehicles of the Public might be allowed to be accepted for repairs in the garage on reasonable charges. Spray painting and battery charging were also to give good income to the department. The scheme was approved and ordered to be enforced on trial for six months. The stock present was valued at Rs 7,946/-. It was brought into force from 1st November, 1941. Owing to petrol rationing, the public vehicles have been much reduced otherwise the Sales Department would have earned a considerably good amount. Still it would gain something.

It is also proposed that the garage could be equipped with an Hydraulic lift so that with the help of the Compressor, we have in the garage, servicing work might be taken in hand. The lift has been ordered and is expected shortly.

There was an allotment of Rs 85,977/- S. C. for the Motor Garage and the Karkhanajat in the budget for the year 1348 Fasli and inspite of bad years the things were well managed with the result that the total expenditure for the year was Rs 71,216/- s.c. thus giving a saving of Rupees 14,761/- during the year. Upto the end of 1348 Fasli the Garage and the Karkhanajat for the State and for His Highness' private use were not separate and there was no distinction at all between the expenses incurred for the State requirements and those incurred for His Highness' private This difficulty has been solved. Every vehicle has got a car-book now which gives complete detail as to its running. Now since the 1st November 41, when the new financial year has begun, there are separate Motor Garage and Karkhanajat for the State use and separate ones for His Highness' private use. The budgets, accounts, staff and every thing pertaining to them are kept separately. A considerable reduction has been made in the budget allotments. Consequently a few unnecessary animals and cars, lorries, tongas and buggis have been sold and the sale proceeds credited to the State Treasury on the receipt side.

The State Motor Garag has nine motor vehicles including loading truck, lorries and cars and His Highness' personal Garage has 17 motor vehicles altogether.

As regards the Karkhanajat, the present numbers are 22 horses, 8 bullocks and 2 buffaloes on the state side and 11 horses and 4 bullocks on His Highness' personal side.

A report of how the State Conveyances (Garage and Karkhanajat) are used will be made in the next annual report as this new system has been adopted from the beginning of 1349 Fasli year, it will also be shown as to how the Garage and Karkhanajat function for all State requirements and how they are a source of income to the State revenue.

It should be mentioned here that the immediate Officers of the two departments helped in introducing these reforms and co-operated in controlling the expenses.

ELECTRICITY.

During the year the Tonk Electric Supply Co. Ltd. was incorporated at Tonk under the Tonk Companies Act 1941 on 9th December 1941 and the Company is now invested with the control and management of the generation, supply and distribution of the electric energy in the town of Tonk, the Managing Agents being Messrs. The Rajputana The supply of electric current to the State Electric Works of Aimer. buildings as well as the public has been steady and regular and arrangements for street lighting are also effecient and satisfactory. The Company has also taken over the lease of the State Ginning Factory and by means of the steam plant there an alternative arrangement has been satisfactorily made for the generation of the current to supplement the supply from the crude oil engines of the Power House. The Company had however to face the shortage of coal supply shortly after on account of difficulties in rail wagons and the alternative method adopted namely the use of firewood instead, is yielding fairly satisfactory results. In other respects too the Company has made improvements in several directions e. q. the extension of buildings, re-organization of staff etc.

Electricity.



APPENDICES.

APPENDIX-I.

Names of High Officials in the Tonk State showing changes in the Personnel during the year 1348 Fasli.

					
Serial No.	Name of Officer.	Appointment.	From.	То.	Remarks.
1	D. E. Augier O. B. E.	Vice President & Finance Member, State Council.	1st October 1940	31st October 1941	
2	K. B. Sz. Mohd. Abdul Tawwab Khan.	Home Member.	20th December 1929	,,	,
3	K. B. Shamsul Hasan.	Judicial Member,	1st April	16th January	
	Lala Narain Das B. A. LL. B.	Do	1938 23rd January 1941	1941 31st October 1941	
4	Syed Nasiruddin Hyder.	Revenue Member.	1st May 1938	,,	
5	K. B. Maulvi Mohd. Maula Baksh, M. A. (Oxon) F. L. S.	Development Member.	5th July 1937	18th August 1941	(Post abolished on the later portion of the year.)
6	Mr. J. Lindenboom.	Inspector General Police.	24th March 1938	31st October 1941	
7	Lala Narain Das B. A. LL. B.	District and Sessions Judge.	16th May 1939	22nd January 1941	
	Mr. Hazoor Ali.	Do.	26th June	31st October	
8	Sheikh Abdul Rahim.	General of the Army.	1941 23rd Decem- ber 1929	19 4 1	
9	K. S. Mirza Mohd. Hamid Ali Khan.	Darbar Secretary. 16th June 1937		22	
10	Md. Syed Maqul Ahmad B. A.	Secretary Council. 19th Ap 1939		"	
11	R.S.B. Chandmal, B. A.	Private Secretary.	16th January 1925	,,	
12	Mirza Mohd. Beg.			"	
13	K.S. Shah Mohd. M.A.	Personal Assistant to Finance Member.	lst April 1935		(Post abolished in the beginning of
14	M Shamsuddin Ahmad, B. A.	Assistant to Finance Member	12th June 1938	31st October 1941	the year.)
15	Haji M. Fazlur Rahman.	Chief Auditor.	8th May 1940	27th April 1941	
	Mr. Mirza Mohammad Wajeehuddin.	Do.	3rd June 31st October 1941		
16	L. Fateh Mal.	Baxi (Pay Office.)	12th June	,,	
17	Abul Wafa Sh. Jalalud- din.	Assistant to Judicial Member.	1940 16th June 1940	27	
. 18	Sz. Abdul Moid Khan.	Assistant to Revenue Member.	7th September 1939	>>	
19	Sz Iktafaullah Khan.	Assistant to Home Member.	5th Febru- ary 1931	22	
20	Sz. Mohd. Amanatulla Khan.	Nazim C	16th January 1940.	,	

APPENDIX—I. (Concld.)

Names of High Officials in the Tonk State showing changes in the Personnel during the year 1348 Fasli.

Name of Officer. Appointment. From. To.	
Molvi Mohd. Irfan. Do. 18th July 1941 21st May 1940 M. Khurshaid Husain. 1st Class Magistrate. M. Mohd Rafiq B. A., LL. B. Civil Judge. M. Mustufa Beg. Nazim Tonk. Toth July 1939 Sz. Mohd. Toufiq Khan. Chhabra. 24th April 1934 Chhabra. 27th July "" 27th July "" 27th July "" 27th July "" 27th July "" 27th July ""	
22 M. Khurshaid Husain. Ist Class Magistrate. 1941 21st May 1940 1941 23 M. Mohd Rafiq B. A., LL. B. Civil Judge. 5th March 1938. " 24 M. Mustufa Beg. Nazim Tonk. 17th July 1939 " 25 Sz. Mohd. Toufiq Khan. " Chhabra. 24th April 1934 " 26 Sz. Khalilur-Rahman " Nimbahera. 27th July "	ber
22 M. Khurshaid Husain. Ist Class Magistrate. 21st May 1940 ,, 23 M. Mohd Rafiq B. A., LL. B. Civil Judge. 5th March 1938. ,, 24 M. Mustufa Beg. Nazim Tonk. 17th July 1939 ,, 25 Sz. Mohd. Toufiq Khan. ,, Chhabra. 24th April 1934 ,, 26 Sz. Khalilur-Rahman ,, Nimbahera. 27th July ,,	
LL. B. 1938. 24 M. Mustufa Beg. Nazim Tonk. 17th July 1939 25 Sz. Mohd. Toufiq Khan. , Chhabra. 24th April 1934 26 Sz. Khalilur-Rahman , Nimbahera. 27th July ,	
25 Sz. Mohd. Toufiq Khan. , Chhabra. 24th April 1934 26 Sz. Khalilur-Rahman , Nimbahera. 27th July ,	
26 Sz. Khalilur-Rahman "Nimbahera. 27th July "	
Khan.	
27 M. Budrul Hasan. ,, Pirawa. 21st July ,, 1939	•
28 Sz. Yasin Ali Khan. " Aligarh 17th July " 1939	
29 K. S. Sz. Ahmad Din "Sironj. 23rd July " Khan. "1939	
30 T. C. Pandiya. State Engineer. 12th March 1940	
31 Dr. Hakim Ahmad Alvi. Chief Medical Officer. 16th January 1940	
Tr. S. Desai. State Surgeon. Ist March 1922 ,,	
33 Dr. Miss Lakshmi Lady Superintendent 5th June 1st March Walter Zanana 1938 1941	1
Dr. K. K. Mozumbdar Hospital. Do. 16th February 1941 31st Octo	ber
34 Mr. V. V. Philips, M. A. M. E. D., T. D. Head Master. ary 1941 1941 ary 1934 ,,	
35 M. Mohd. Hamid Khan Head Master Nimba- 1st July ,, 1939 ,,	
36 M. Syed Hamid Ali ,, Sironj. 1st May 1939 2nd Augu 1941	ust
Inspector of Schools. 3rd August 31st Octo	ber
37 Mr. S. R. Franco. Band Master. 25th September 1912	
38 M. Mohd. Ismail. Superintendent Power 1912 12th November 1938 1941	il
39 Mr. Abdur Razaq. Assist. Engineer 22nd August 18th Mar Irrigation. 1940 1941	eh
Mr. Mohd. Israil Do. 10th July 31st Octo 1941 1941	ber
40 M. Mohd. Ajaz Khan. Head Master Sirce 3rd August ,, 1941	

APPENDIX-II.

List of Laws and Rules in force in the Tonk State during the year 1348 F.

											
Serial No.	Description. Whether adapted from British India. Introduced during the year.										
1	Tonk State Penal Code Adapted.										
2	,,	,,	Criminal Procedure Co	ode ,	•••	,,					
3	,,	,,	Civil Procedure Code		•••	,,	,				
4	,,	,,	Evidence Act	•••	•••	,,					
5	,,	,,	Stamp Act			,,					
6	,,	,,	Court Fees Act		•••	,,					
7	,,	,.	Registration Act	Registration Act "							
8	,,	,,	Limitation Act ,,								
9	,,	Theoreton of Droporty, Act									
10	" " Contract Act "										
11	,,	Police Act									
12	,,	21	Gambling Act	•••	•••	,,					
13	,,,	,,	Boycott Act	•••	•••	,,					
14	"	,,	Customs Act	•••	•••	,,					
15	,,	,,	Municipal Act	•••	•••	,,	}				
16	,,	"	Nazool Act	•••	•••	,,					
17	,,	,,	Land Revenue Act	•••		,,	}				
18	,,	,,	Criminal Act	•	•••	,,					
19	,,	,,	Civil Service Regulations ,,								
20	,,	,,	Manual of Land Rever	nue Administra	ation	Local.					
21	,,	,,	Travelling Allowance	Rules	•••	,,					
22	" " Regulation for the better administration of the debt raised by the Ahl-e-Khandan and Jagirdars.										
23	,,	"	Jail Regulations			,,					
24	,,	,,	Legal Practitioners A	ct		Adapted.					
25	,,	"	Specific Relies Act (Act I of 9924)	•••	,,					
26	,,	"	Easement Act (Act I	[of 1924)	•	,,					
27	,,	,,	Shooting Rules (Act	III of 1924)	•••	,,	,				
28	"	,,	Application of Whippi	ng Act	•••	. "	i				
29	,,	,,	Cattle Trespass Act	•••	•••	. "					
30	,,	,,	Weights & Measures	Act		Local.					
31	,,	"	Rules to regulate the Ammunition	sale and impor	t of	"					

APPENDIX—II. (Contd.)

List of Laws and Rules in force in the Tonk State during the year 1348 F.

Serial No.	Description.	Whether adapted from British India.	Introduced during the year.							
32	Tonk State Rules for registration of Bieyeles Local.									
33	" " Council Act		"							
34	" " Chief Court Rules	•••	"							
35	" " Pension Rules	•••	,,,							
36	" " Leave Rules	•••	,,							
37	,, ,, Rules regarding transport, export tration of revolvers and pistols.	and regis-	,,							
38	" " Taceavi Regulation	•••	,,							
39	" " Excise Act	•••	,,							
40	Enforcement of the British India Motor Vehicles Act No. 8 ,, of 1914 and Rules thereunder.									
41	Deposit Rules	•••	Adapted.							
42	Joining Times Rules Local.									
43	Explosive-Bye-Laws ,,									
44	State Rest Houses Rules ,,									
45	Certain additions to See. 34 of the Police Act of 1861 ,,									
46	Rules under the State Stamps Act ,,									
47	Rules regarding sale and temporary attachment of Jagirs & ,, Muafis in execution of decrees.									
48	Introduction in Indian States of Factory legislations on the lines of the Factory Act 1934.									
49										
50	Amendment to Rules regarding mutations of Jagir of Ghair Adapted. Khandan.									
51	Rules regarding registration of B. L. guns and	rifles	Local.							
52	Colonization Rules of the Tonk State	•••	,,,							
53	Rules regarding examination of candidates for T	chsildarship	. "							
54	Rules for the grant of licenses to prospect for m of mining leases in the State.	inerals and	,,							
55	The Tonk State P. W. D. Code	•••	,;							
56	Rules for the grant of license for retail sale of excise	able article	s ,,							
57	The Tonk State Forest Act	•••	,,							
58	" " Municipal Act		,,							
59	Proposed introduction in Indian States of Facto tion on the lines of the Factories Act.	ries legisla-	,,							
60	The Tonk State Customs Act		,,							

APPENDIX—II. (Concld.)

List of Laws and Rules in force in the Tonk State during the year 1348 F.

Serial No.	Description.			Whether adapted from British India.	Introduced during the year.
61	The Tonk State Treasure Trove Act			Local.	
62	Certain amendments in the State P. W. D.	Code.		"	
63	Certain modifications in the present procedur of appeals by Council against the punishme I. G. Police.	re of the h ent order	earing of the	"	
64	Amendment to Rule No. 37 of the Tonk Sta	te Leave	Rules.	"	,
65	Amendment to Rules 21 & 26 of the State I	Pension Ru	ıles	22	
66	Amendment to State Court fees Act	•••	•••	"	
67	Amendment to State Excise Act	•••	•••	22	
68	Clerical Service recruitments Rules	•••		"	
69	Certain amendments to certain sections of the Act. 1932.	ie State C	ouncil	23	
70	Rules under the State Customs Act	•••	•••	"	
71	Debtors' relief Act, 1939	•••	•••	"	
72	Rules re: registration of trade marks in Tor	ık State	•••	"	
73	Criminal Tribes Act Tonk	•••	•••	27	
74	Tonk State Assembly rules	•••	•••	"	
75	Tonk State Municipalities Constitution	•••	•••	"	
76	Tonk State Registration of Foreigners Act	•••	•••	,,	į j
77	Tonk State Assembly Constitution	•••		"	
78	The Tonk State Panchayat Rules	•••		"	Passed during
79	The Tonk State Public Service Commission	Rules		,,	the year.
80	The Tonk State Prisons' Act 1940	•••	•••	,,	` "
				·	

APPENDIX—III A. Statement of cases disposed of in His Highness' Munshikhana during 1348 F.

	Regardin		Accep- tion.	Rejected	Under disposal.		
Petitions for cle	emency	•••				•••	
Petitions for peracquitals.		to appeal a	gainst	4		4	
Petitions for rel	lief	•••	•••	•			
Petitions for pe	rmission						
barred snit. Revision	•••		•••		•••		•••
Supervision	•••	•••			•••		
Murafa		•••	•••	14		11	3
		Total	•••	18	.,.	15	3
Files on miscell	aneous ca	ases.					
Filed during the	e year 13	48 Fasli	269				
Decided	•••	•••	•••	212			
Pending	•••	•••		57			
Miscellaneous.							
Petitions	•••	•••	•••	1,419			
Reports by the	office	•••	•••	1,286			
Reports receive	d from ot	her Depart	tments.	1,710			
		Total		4,415			
His Highness' o	rders issu	ıed.				•	
Robkars	•	•••	•••	18			
Arzdashts	•	•••	•••	1,092			
Petitions forwa	rded to	various D	epart-	1,429			
		Total	•••	2,529	-		
			ł				

APPENDIX—III B.

Appeals against Shariat Court Judgements filed during the year 1348F. in Munshi Khana

		111	i Munsii Anana
Balan Filed Total Cases Cases	Mis	32	Balance.
Balance Filed du Total Cases de Cases pe	scell	54	Filed during the year.
during t during t decided	aneo the	86	Total.
Balance Filed during the Total Cases decided Cases pending	1eous Shariat cases the year 1348 Fasli	7 3	Cases decided.
the year d g	haria r 18	13	Cases pending.
F.	t car 48 F	8	1. Dowery-money.
: : : : :	ses fi asli.	18	2. Inheritance.
	iled (5	3. Maintenance.
18 18 18	Miscellaneous Shariat cases filed during the year 1348 Fasli.	•••	4. Pre-emption.
	дð	1	5. Dissolution of marriage.
		4	6. Restitution of conjugal rights.
	ਖ਼	•••	7. Funeral and Burial.
Balance Filed during the year Total Fatwas supplied Cases pending	Fatwas suppl the S	2	8. Maintenance of divorsed wife, for period fixed-
ce duri as su pen	as or plied State	2	9. Dowery.
ug tl	e fo	7	10. Objections.
he ye	ictums Muslin or the y	•••	11. Cases of presents offered to wife by husband.
e	ims year	2	12. Divorse.
:::::	ictums under the Muslims inside or r the year 1348 Fa	1	13. Waqf or endowment of property.
• • • •	the edt	2	14. Gift.
10.10.10	e Shara r outside rasli	•••	15. Lian or desertion of wife.
1 217 218 218 217	ide	•••	16. Apostasy.
		1	17. Rizaat or nursing.
		•••	18. Will.
		1	19. Hizanat or guardianship of children.
		· 1	20. Right of parents to visit their married daughters.
		•••	21. Injunction to prevent matrimony.
•		•••	22. Ila (a kind of divorce)
	,	•••	23. Zihar (a kind of divorce)
	ŕ		24. Betrothel

				į				,						
		CUK	IBER OF	NUNDER OF FIGHTING OFFICERS AND MEN	OFFICERS	з ахр же	7.	a	ETAILS C	P FORCE AT THE CURRENT YEAR.	AT THE E. YEAR.	DETAILS OF FORCE AT THE END OF THE CURRENT YEAR.	<u></u>	
,		jsı		Cas	Casualties.	٠,:	ə	.esirı		N	umber	Number of men.		
, ARMS OF SERVICE.		At the end of the la year.	Recruited this year	Died.	.bebilaval	Discharged, deser- ted, etc.	At the end of the current year.	No. of Regiments, Battalions or Batte	Number of guns.	European Commis- sioned Officers.	Native Commis- sioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Gfficers.	Fighting men.	Total cost and account of pay and allowance of the force including followers
I		5	ສ	7	מו	9	1~	8	6	10	11	12	13	14
avalry	:	128	18	-	:	17	128	23			9	11	111	Rs. A. P. 32,475 15 3
sappers	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Artillery	:	206	10	ಣ	:	<u></u>	206	ဢ	:	:	18	34	154	21,022 9 0
nfantry	:	724	147	C	:	138	724	10	:	:	53	107	588	75,428 0 6
mperial Service Troops	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	· :	:	:	:
ther Expenditure	÷	:		:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	6,481 11 9
Total	:	1058	175	18	:	162	1058	15	:	:	53	152	853	1,35,408 4 6

Statement "D" showing the strength, cost, and Education of the force

			Ам	OUNT.	Pur	NISHM	ENT.
Description of office	Number.	Pay of Grade.	Monthly cost.	Yearly Cost.	Dismissal.	Fine, Reduction & Suspension etc.	Punished Judi- oially.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Rs.	Rs.	RsA P.			
Inspector General of Police.	1	750 1,000	1,000	12,604 5 3			•••
Superintendent of Police.	1	165 170	170	2,035 0 0	}		
Do.	1	125 130	130	1,555 0 C	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		•••
Do Circle Inspectors Do Government Pleader. Sub-Inspectors	1 2 4 1 9	125 80 60 100 50	125 160 240 100 450	1,500 0 0 1,920 0 0 2,880 0 0 1,200 0 0 5,400 0 0	 {	5	
Do Head Constables Do	36 9 65	40 20 15	1,440 180 975	17,280 0 0 2,160 0 0 11,700 0 0	∦ …	29 54	
Constables Do Do	72 120 440	10 9 8	720 1,080 3,520	8,640 0 0 12,960 0 0 42,240 0 0) 23	258	1
Sawars Do Do	2 3 4	20 19 18	40 57 7 2	480 0 0 684 0 0 864 0 0	}	1	
Menial Staff Bills				548 0 0 148 2 8			
Total Head Clerk	 1	70	 70	126798 10 11 838 0 0		347	1
Confidential Clerk	1	48/12	40	580 3 8		• • • •	•••
Assistant Clerk	1	35 30	25	330 0 0		•••	·:
Clerk	1	25 20	25	270 0 0			•••
Accountant Deputy accountant Pargana accountants. Do	1 1 3 2	70 40 30 20	70 40 40	840 0 0 480 0 0 918 10 8 480 0 0		•••	•••
Record Keeper Asstt. Record Keeper. Despatcher	1	25 15 20 11	25 15 20 11	300 0 0 180 0 0 240 0 0		•••	
Total Total Pay of Force & office.				132 0 0 5,588 13 11 132387 8 10		•••	•••
Misc. Expenditure Total Expenditure			•••	26,444 0 5 158841 9 3		 .347	1

V. for 1348 Fasli Commencing from 1st November 1940 to 31st October1941.

Rew		Ерисл		TOTAL ISO NOVCIMBOL 1910 to 9150 GOLDSOIT911.
By money.	By promotion.	Number able to Read and write.	Number Urdu writers.	Remarks.
9	10	11	12	13
•••	•••	1	····	From Oct. to 23rd March 1940 @Rs. 750/- & afterwards @ Rs. 1,000/-
		3	····	
. 2	1	7	••••	•
16	••••			
12	•••	74	•••	
59	3	300	100	
•••	•••	•••	••••	
	•••		••••	
89	4	385	100	
•••	•••	1	••••	Rs. 2/-/- fine in the month of June 1941.
•••	•••	1	••••	
	·	1	••••	From Oct. to December @ 35/- & after wards @ Rs. 25/-
•••	•••	1		Increment of Rs. 5/- from 1-4-41
•••	•••	1		
•••	••••	1 3	••••	
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89		 398	 100	

APPENDIX-VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and recovered in the Tonk State during the year 1348 Fasli.

1940 Fasil.		Romarks.	8									
uning one year	PERCENTAGE.	During the year.	<i>L</i>		38	21	41	49	42	87	-	43
TE TOTIN DOUGLE	PERCE	Last year.	9		22	30	41	. 32	40	38		32
r recovered in or	RECOVERED.	During the year.	១	Rs. A. P.	6,422 13 3	100 5 3	3,802 7 0	2,397 14 5	6,402 0 6	2,164 3 0		21,289 11 5
Jei vy svoien and	PROPERTY RECOVERED.	Last year.	4	Rs. A. P.	9,241 1 0	1,107 12 3	3,476 4 6	1,179 6 6	5,972 11 10	1,646 2 3		22,623 6 4
Description and write write of property and recovered in the rolls describing and year 1940 Pash.	PROPERTY STOLEN.	During the year.	ප	Rs. A. P.	16,932 9 3	465 11 0	9,237 9 9	4,882 11 8	15,255 15 9	2,478 10 3		49,253 3 8
gmonis anoming	PROPERTY	Last year.	2	Rs. A. P.	32,725 15 9	3,587 4 0	8,386 15 6	3,656 9 6	14,636 3 10	4,320 12 0		67,313 12 7
10000		Name of Parganas.	1		Tonk	Aligarh	Nimbahera	Pirawa	Sironj	Chhabra		Total

APPENDIX VII.

APPENDIX
Statement of Cognizable Crimes for the year 1348 Fasli,

	Stater	ment of Cognizable Crimes	101 011	e yea	1010	I dibit,
S. Number.	Law.	Offence.	No. pending from the previous year.	No. reported in the year.	No. in which investiga- tion was refused.	No. remaining for investigation, Cols. (4+5-6)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	115,117,118,119, 120,120 B (1) Total.	Abetment of Cog. Offencess Class I			•••	••••
2	131 to 136, 138	Offences against the State etc., public tranquility, safety & justice, offences relating to the army and Navy.				
3	231 to 254	Relating to coin.	•••	·	•••	
4 5	255 to 263 A 467 to 471	Relating to stamps. Relating to P. Notes.	• • •		•••	•••
6	489 A to 489 D	Relating to C. Notes & B.				"
-	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	Notes.				
7 8	212,216 & 216 A 213,215,224,225,	Harbouring an offender. Other offences against	1		•••	1
	225 B, & 226	public justice.	2	6	•:•	8
9	143 to 153,157,	Rioting or unlawful	1		`	7
10	158,159 140,170,171	assembly. Personating public	1	6	•••	1 1
	, .	servant or soldier.				
10 A	295,296,297	Offences against Religion.		1	•••	1 17
	Total class No. I	Class II	4	13	• • • •	11
11 12 13	302 & 303 307 304 & 308	Serious offences against the person. Murder. Attempt to murder. Calpable Homocide.	2 1 1	3 5 6	•••	5 6 7
14	376	Rape by person other				
15	377	than husband. Un-natural Offence.	1	$\begin{vmatrix} 4 \\ 5 \end{vmatrix}$	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	5 5
16	317 & 318	Exposure of infants or	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
17	305,306,309	concellment of birth. Attempts & abetment of suicide.		7		7
18	329,331,333,325, 326,335	Grevious Hurt.		43		51
19.	328	Administrating stupify- ing drugs to cause hurt.				
20	327,330,324, with 323		3	12		15
21	363 to 369 &	Kidnapping or abduction				
22	371 to 373 346 to 348	selling etc. Wrongful confinement o r	4	8.	•••	12
		restraint.		1		1
22 A	232 & 353	Hurt or assault public servant.	5	25		30
				20	••••	30

-VII. commencing from 1st November 1940 to 31st October, 1941.

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APPENDIX Statement of Cognisable Crimes for the year 1348 Fasli,

	Duater	nent of Cognisable Crines	101 011	• 500		1
S. Number.	Law.	Offence.	No. pending from the previous year.	No.reported in the year	No. in which investiga- tion was refused.	No. remaining for investigation, Cols. (4+5-6)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
23 24	354,356,357 304, A & 338 Total Class II	Criminal force to women etc. Rash or neglegent Act.	5 30	6 2 127		11 2 157
25 26 27 28 29 30	395 to 399 & 402 394,397,398,392 & 393 270,281,282,430 to 433,435 to 440 428 & 429 454,455,457 to 460,449, to 452 311,400,401 Total Class III 341 to 344	Class III. Serious offences against person or property or against property only. Dakaity & preparation & assembly for dakaity. Robbery	67 82	17 27 9 5 518 576	12	23 32 10 8 573 646
32	336 & 337	traint or confinement. Resh act causing hurt ect.	ម 5	6 5	:	9
	Total Class IV	Class V. Minor offences against property.	8	11	•••	19
33	379 to 382	$\frac{\text{Theft}}{\text{Cattle.}}$	41 43	190 350	48	231 345
34 35 36 37	406 to 409 411 to 414 419 & 420 447,448,453 & 456	Criminal breach of trust. Receiving stolen property. Cheating Criminal or house tresspass.	13 9 3	31 8 28	1	345 43 17 31 22
38	461,462	Breaking closed reception.		•••		
	Total Class V	·	113	625	49	689
	Grand Total.	•••	237	1352	61	1528

—VII. (Concld.) commencing from 1st November 1940 to 31st October, 1941.

-VII	. (Con	cld.) from 1	st Nove	ember	1940 to	31st (Octobe	er, 19	141.		×	
				TRUE	CASES.		8.8 8.8	1 6	nviction.	of true (14+15).		
No. proved or declared to be false.	No. due to mistake of law or fact or declared	No. Pending at the end of year.	Convicted.	Discharged or acquitted.	No. not detected or apprehended.	Total true cases	(6+11+12+15) Total magistrate's	true cases.	Total magistrator conding in conviction.	Grand total of true cases Cols. (14+15).	Remarks.	
No.	No.			-	13	14	_	5	16	17	18	
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4	2		7	3	10		1	3			13	
			70	206	71	279		98			598	
	109		182	381	1		- 1	98		••••	1298	
	109		1		1		-		¢			

 ${\bf APPENDIX}$ Statement of cognisable crime (Other than mentioned

	Stat	ement of cognisable ci	ıme (Other	man	шещо	юпеа
Serial Number.	LAW.	OFFENCES.	No. pending from the previous year.	No. reported in the year.	No. in which investigation was refused.	No. remaining for investigation 4+5-6.	No. proved or declared to be false.
1	2	. 3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Class VI Other offences not specified in statement No. VII 279			1	•••	1	1
	286	•••	1			1	•••
	289		•••	1		1	1
	Total	•••	1	2		3	2
1	182	Giving false information.	13	35		48	1
1	264	False weight used.		1		1	
	265/266	Do.	1			1	•••
	194	For false evidence.		1	•••	1	•••
	188	Disobedience to lawful	52	51	•••	103	, 1
	176	orders. Not informing state emplo-	5	19	•••	24	•••
	173	yee. Detaining summons.	1	1	•••	2	•••
	174	Not attending according to	•••	2		2	•••
	221	orders. Not arresting.		2		2	
	162	Bribery.		1		ì	
	403	Obtain property illegally.	4	1		5	•••
	Total		76	114	•••	190	2
122	34 Act 5, of 1861.(Total) 107 C. P. C. 109 C. P. C. 110 C. P. C. 5 Act. Gambling 2/6 Act. Gunda 90Defence of India Act. Act. Cocain 145 C. P. C. 17 & 22 Excise Act. 54/550 Act Shikargah 16, Motor Act. 5 & 4 Opium Act. 16, Biri Act. 514 C. P. C. Cycle Act. 15, 16 & 17 C. T. Act. Total. Grand Total.	 	3 6 5 7 3 1 1 4 8 8 5 42 122	44 38 7 9 25 9 30 14 10 6 11 19 141 		47 44 12 16 12 2 6 1 13 38 1 4 11 14 183 423	10
	GRAND TOTAL.		122	301		423	15
			}				

—VIII. in Statement A) for the year 1348 Fasli.

ın s	otaten.	ent A	() for	the	year	1348	rasn.		
No. due to mistake of law or fact or declared non- cognisable.	No. pending at the end of year.	·	True	CASES.		Total magistrates true cases.	Total magistrates true cases ending in conviction.	Grand total of true cases Cols. 14+15.	
ake ared	ihe e		Discharged or acquit- ted.	or	es	sea	otal magistrates true c ending in conviction.	rue	
nist lecl	at t	,	acc	ed	cas +1:	stra	ates	of t [5.	Remarks.
Vo. due to r or fact or c cognisable.	ling	d.	0 p	tect	ue F 12	agis	istr in e	otal	20011111111
due fact nisa	end r.	icte	arge	De	1 tr	1 m	mag ing	nd to 8. 14	
No.	No. per year.	Convicted.	ischa ted.	Not Detected apprehended.	Total true cases 6+11+12+13.	lotal cases.	otal end	ran Col	
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APPENDIX-IX.

159 42 12 577 close of the year. 8 199 3 17 Persons remaining at the Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various courts in the Tonk State during the year 1348 Fasli. တ် တ 10 က 56 ത 35 transferred. 16 Died, escaped or Persons disposed of. 318 226 330 56 ŝ 24 referred. 15 Committed or 132 323 42 950 261 101 91 14 Convicted. 517 145 266 160 1,669521 9 13 Acquitted. 1,184 235 446 106 150 201 46 firial. 2 Discharged without 4,754 1,736 579 1,223 590 457 169 Present year. H Total.2,049 5,6081,530705 486 553 285 Past year. 10 NUMBER OF PERSONS DEALT WITH 13 presence of the Magistrate. 10 9 Ç: Brought to trial in 1348 Fasti. Arrested in the 8 : : : : : Voluntarily. 242 865 2,219 383 591 601 37 on summons, 6368 371 31 69 5 5 ဗ Upon warrants. 113 138 427 209 33 1,007 87 Police. S Arrested by Past year. 872 336 45 333 99 63 29 4 the end of the Persons remaining at 2,010 DURING THE 665 429 249 320 267 8 NUMBER OF OFFENCES REPORTED က Present year. 2,595 622 318 342 946 242 125 C2 Past year. Criminal Court Sadar Tonk... : : Nimbahera Chhabra NAME OF COURTS. Pirawa ${
m Aligarh}$ Sironj Total

APPENDIX-X.

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NUMBER OF PERSONS AND CASES.

	ING.		Cases.	18	30	12		42
	Pending.		Persons	17	43	17		09
	ER EN- ETC., RED.		Cases.	16	 10	35		45
	FURTHER EN- QUIRY, ETC., ORDERED.		Persons	15	15	41		56
	RRED.		.səseD	14	:	:		:
	Referred.		Бетзопз	13	:	:		:
	EDINGS HED.		.səssə	12	59	29		126
	Ркосевримся оддаянер.	•	Бегзопа	11	16	81		172
		sed.	Cases.	10	රා	:		6
		Reversed.	Регзопз.	G	32	:	•	32
	SNCE.	fied.	Cases.	8	33	20		53
	Sentence.	Modified.	ъегзопа	2	09	25		85
	_ (med.	Cases.	9	138	66		237
		Confirmed.	Persons.	5	245	001		345
	APPLICATIONS REJECTED.		Cases.	7	:	:		:
	APPLIC. REJEC		Persons	က	. :	:		:
		ło .	. Mumber cations	73	279	233		512
					•	•		:
	Tríbunals.	1	•	1	Chief Court	Sessions Court		Total
					•	02		

AP Statement showing the nature and value of original sui

S. Takanger During Registration Registration of Present year. 1. 126, 152 389 451 515 603 363 420 152 183 1,02,417 4 9 10 408 388 5 3.1. 126 150 388 5 3.2. 195 200 221 210 211 176 10 34 8,046 5 9 11 13 3,968 5 3 197 183 1.577 1,990 1864,9351 1503 1807 183 1 193 1,090,490 1 1864,9351 1503 1807 183 1 193 1,090,490 1 19 1 19 1 19 1 19 1 19 1 19 1 19 1				7	 -		اً ا	Degree	_															
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$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Tribonals.	Past year.	Present year.		,				<u> </u>	Present year.	Value.		Suits for money transac-)	No. of suits under Rs. 100. No. of suits above Rs.	100 and under Rs. 500. No. of suits above Rs. 500	Mo. of anits above Ra. 5.000 Mo. of anits above Ra. 5.000 I,000 and under Ra. 5.000	No. of suits above Rs. 5,000.	Ex-parte.	Admitted and compro- mised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	
64 71 447 662 511 733 440 509 71 294 62,465 14 9 16 614 32 126 152 389 451 515 603 363 420 152 183 1,02,417 4 9 16 614 32 79 84 275 385 354 469 270 398 84 71 15,633 1 3 5 367 13 12 43 236 189 276 270 398 84 71 15,633 1 3 5 367 13 12 43 226 189 232 195 208 43 24 7,378 10 0 5 150 34 </td <td></td> <td>62</td> <td>8</td> <td>4</td> <td>ت ا</td> <td><u> </u></td> <td> </td> <td><u> </u></td> <td>2</td> <td>=</td> <td>12</td> <td>13</td> <td>14</td> <td>15</td> <td>16</td> <td>17 18</td> <td>[</td> <td>20</td> <td>21</td> <td>23</td> <td>23</td> <td>24</td> <td>25</td> <td></td>		62	8	4	ت ا	<u> </u>	 	<u> </u>	2	=	12	13	14	15	16	17 18	[20	21	23	23	24	25	
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79 84 275 385 354 469 270 398 84 71 15,633 1 5 367 13 12 43 226 189 232 195 208 43 24 7,278 10 5 150 34 6 10 215 200 221 176 10 34 8,046 9 6 14 175 11 1 25 93 25 94 24 93 1 1 3,968 5 3 4 10 10 3 1 9 89 4 10 10 3 10 10 3 20,90,949 13 6 1 9 132	Sironj			389			_				1,02,417 4				277	67 3	31 28	:	36	1.18	73	173	41,661	5
6 10 215 226 189 238 232 195 208 43 24 7,278 10 0 5 150 34 6 10 215 200 221 210 211 176 10 34 8,046 9 6 14 175 11 1 25 93 25 94 24 93 1 1 3,968 5 3 89 4 10 10 10 3 7 91,140 0 0 1 9 9 287 361 1,577 1,990 1864 2351 1503 1807 361 544 2,90,949 13 6 51 1807 132	Nimbahera			275							15,633 1				337	27	63	:	40	57	43	165	11,705	15 3
6 10 215 200 221 210 211 176 10 34 8,046 9 6 14 175 111 1 25 93 25 94 24 93 1 1 3,968 5 3 89 4 10 10 10 3 7 91,140 0 0 1 9 89 887 361 1,577 1,990 1864 2351 1503 1807 361 544 2,90,949 13 6 51 1807 132	Chhabra	12		226							7,278 10				136	12		<u>. :</u>	Ŧ.	85	36	79	8,561	5 6
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Pirawa	9	10	215							8,046 9				153	20		::	26	61	49	40	7,948	6 0
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Aligarh	:		25					- ~~	-	5	:	68		7.	12	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	12	43	6	29	2,977	10 9
287 361 1,577 1,990 1864 2351 1503 1807 361 544 2,90,949 13 6 51 1807 132		:	:	. :					:	7	91,140 0			:	:	:	:	6	:	22		:	30,004	5 6
	Total	287	3	l	81 066	6423	51 150	3 1807		<u></u>	2,90,949 13			132	1436	257	59 46	6	128	446	212	196	1,31,170	15 0

APPENDIX—XII.

Statement showing the results of applications for execution of decrees during the year 1348 Fash.

Nonber of Applications At the end Of the Year.	Below 12 months.	18 19		211 355	63 92	31 15	5 21	16 9	10 4		336 497
NUM APPLI AT T. OF TH	Below 6 months.	17 1		115 2	109	99	37	40	35	<u>64</u>	404 3
	<u>} </u>		P.	<u>~</u>	~	က	0	-1	6	9	1 9
សំ	for ear.			63	74	13	ល	80	4	ī	5
NG BALANCE.	Value for Present year.	16	Rs.	4,30,111	26,117	14,382	12,315	32,656	12,724	44,888	6,03,196
Сьоямв	Present year.	15		189	264	112	63	65	49	က	0 1088 1237
	Past year.	14		440	283	175	105	64	19	62	1088
	i i		e.	G	- 6	9	0	6	- 6	-0	
D івровк р ок.	Value for Present year.	. 13	Rs. A.	27,863	21,843 12	24,123 13	14,009 4	11,667 2	2,017 10	26,646 10	1,28,171 7
Dis	Present year.	22		444	339	406	166	209	98	_	1651
	Past year.	11		347	336	195	188	273	30	67	91371 1651
	, i		e.	40	9	6	-	41	m 	9 (1
	a for		Ą.	-11	1 10	5 10	4	3 11	1 15	4 15	7 12
Total.	Value for Present year.	10	Rs.	4,57,974	77,961	38,506	26,324	44,323	14,741	71,534 15	7,31,367
	Present year.	6		787 1125	603	518	229	274	135	4	024592888
	Past year.	æ		787	619	370	293	337	49	4	2459
£4	L i		e;	9	9	C	0	6	0	9	
Applioations drought on the redister.	Value for Present year	2). A.	3,450 2	61 10	51 1	6,895 2	2,353 13	13,670 11	388 5	2,23,170 15
eplioations droug on the redister.	Val Prese		Rs.	93,4	26,761	25,151	8,9	12,5	13,6	44,888	2,23,
PPLIOA ON TB	Present year.	9		685	320	343	124	210	116	C/I	1800
¥	Past year	ů		426	315	249	224	254	25		9 1494 1800
			Ġ	Ξ	0	0	0	<u></u>	ش	0	
	value or Opening lance for sent yea	4	γ.	1	0 0	5	2 6	9 13	7	9 10	6 13
; ;	Vaue or Opening Balance for. Present year.	<u> </u>	Rs.	3,64,524	51,200	13,355	19,429	31,969	1,071	26,646 10	5,08,196
ING	Present year.	က		4+0	283	175	105	64	19	ଦ	965 1088
OPENING BALANCE.	Past year.	ଫ		361	304	121	69	83	24	ಣ	965
				:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:
	Tribonals.	1		:	:	:	:	፥	:	:	Total
	Tn.			Sadar Tonk	Sironj	Nimbahera	Chhabra	Pirawa	Aligarh	District Court	

	ngo ion.	***************************************		Present year.	25	M. D.	63	0 27	:
	Average duration.			Past year.	24.	M. D.M.	2	1 26	:
APPENDIX—XIII. results of appeals on Civil Suits for the year 1348 Fasli.		l marade	ib əsiwrənise	Present year.	23		13	r'-	26
		hun besi	morqmos ses no	Past year	55		7	:	1
			trial.	Present year.	21		:	15	15
	j.	Cases sent back for		Past year.	30	1	10	63	13
	peso	Lecisions amended.		Present year.	19		-	31	38
	How disposed of.			Past year.	18		Ŀ	=	18
r 13,	How	-		Present year.	11		30	123	153
уеа		Decisions reversed.		Past year.	91		43	156	199
$_{ m the}$				Present year.	15	' 	109	149	251
for		•рәшлу	nos enoisissa con	Past year.	14		140	125	265
hits				ar.		Ē.	62 - 63	0	100
vil S		lled r.		ent ýc	13	A.		12 12	87 15
n Çi		Value of Appeals filed during the year.		Present year.		Rs.	25,875	63,212	79,087
CITI.		App				P	_ _o _		1 9
∑—∑ opea	·	lue of durii		Past year.	12	٧.	1 15	6	21
DIX of a		Λ		Past	1	Rs.	26,771	58,660	85,432
APPENDIX—XIII results of appeals o			<u> </u>	Present year.	-		255	58	1 83 1
		,990	Closing Balan	Past year.	10		40	20	8 8
Statement showing the nature and			<u>/</u>	Present year.	6		158	325	483
ıturc	year.	luring the	b lo besogeid	Past year.	8		202	29.1	201
e na				Present year.	7		183	383	566
s th			Total.	Past year.	9	.	247	314	199
niwc				Present year.	ıo		143	363	506
t sho		the year.	Rairub belia	Past year.	₩.		661	293	185
men				Present year.	က		40	20	99
tate		зисе.	Opening Bak	Past year.	c 3		ភូច	16	76
Š							:	:	:
				•					
. 1			ALS.				:	ırt	Total
			TRIBUNALS.					's Cou	
			TRI				irt	ndge	
				•			Chief Court	District Judge's Court	
			1				Chic	Dist	

APPENDIX—XIV A.

Mortality among convicts. : 7 : 28 2 DETENTION PERIOD OF OF UNDER AVERAGE Days. 133 TRIAL. Statement showing the Number of prisoners confined in the various Jails in Tonk State for the year 1348 Fasli 12 : Months. Potal Expenditure on Jails G 0 ന Þ. prisoners. တ C/J 4,231 14 Ą Ţ 16,298 1,642 2,282 2,006 445 Rs. 0.134144.35 33.209 32.18 51.11 4.001 10 Daily average of the last present year. 35.12 89.48 4.7916 fре to egrieve vlisu 33; 5000 Number of prisoners rems-ining at the end of the year. 10 16 C) 8 Total of | Total of 119 351 288 6 6 99 121 91 41 NUMBER OF PRISONERS. ~ Present year. 359 225 29 6 6 150 64 84 53 37 9 222 199 29 29 20 117 50 the year. 7 51 31 10 Bairub bəttimbA C) 9 137 26 ... 4 33 13 ncement of the year. 4 Remained at the Comme-Under trial... Civil prisoners Convicts Lunatics : : Classes of prisoners. : : : Name of Jalis. Tonk Central CJ Nimbahera Chhabra Pirawa Aligarh Sironj Serial Mumber.

APPENDIX—XIV B.

pending enquiry at the close of the year. Present year. 21 unregistered Documents remain-20 Past year. S 139 Present year. has been refused. which registration C1 138 : : Documents of Past year. Present year. 00000 ġ Value of documents regis-20000 ૡં 17 40,787 53,164 10,346 1,686 4,768 2,55,187 Rs. tered Registration of documents in the Tonk State during the year 1348 Fasli. 00000 ġ 0 Past year. 900000 <u>-</u> ਲੰ 91 ,09,419 27,062 33,925 18,225 7,006 2,228 1,97,865 Rs. 6851 70 115 31 11 23 ಸ Paesent year. tered. 528 Documents regis 299 650 200 14 14 7 Past year. 74 Present year. ಣ 'sno 102201 57 Miscellane-2 Past year. Nature of documents presented $\overline{\infty}$ ည်က Present year. Money bonds 6 : Past year. 10 : 6 : : Present year. : wills. _ ∞ Past year. 325 _ Present year. Sale-deeds. 235 Past year. 199 177 12 12 0 278 Present year. Mortgages. 220 Past year. 685 435 115 31 115 23 Present year. tration. sented for regis-528 299 65 98 25 14 14 CJ Documents pre-Past year. : Name of Pargana, Total Sironj ... Nimbahera Thhabra Aligarh Pirawa

90

APPENDIX-XV A.

Statement showing the Receipts and Expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1348 Fasli.	Past year.	her of Value of Fees realised. Aumber of property. Remarks.	2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Rs. A. P. Rs. A. P. Rs. A. P. Rs. A. P.	5 1,02,960 15 3 1,085 8 0 325 1,52,261 12 0 1,688 0 0	0 64,929 0 0 674 8 0 278 68,589 5 3 797 0 0	7 5,099 0 0 41 0 0	3 1,224 0 0 7 4 0 8 1,281 8 0 13 0 0	7 23,652 7 9 315 0 0 74 33,054 8 0 409 8 0	3 1,97,865 7 0 2,123 4 0 685 2,55,187 1 3 2,907 8 0	0 0 892	
penditure on account of Registration d	Present	13	9		1,52,261 12		:				:	:
		Number deeds.	5		325	278	:	∞	74	685	:	;
	Past year.		4	Α.	ø	œ	0	4	0	4	:	:
Receipts and Ex			က	Α.		0	0	0	7	~	:	:
wing the I		Number of deeds.	2		235	550	2	g.	57	528	•	•
nent sho		·			:	:	:	•		:	:	÷
State		Description.	Ţ		*	:	:	:	÷	Total	diture	:
		Desc			Sale-deeds	Mortgages	Wills	Money Bonds	Miscellaneous		Deducf Expenditure	Net profit

APPENDIX-XV B.

·:		f	1						}
the Mohammadan Law Courts in the Tonk State during the year 1348 Fasli.	Total ofcases.	26		225	84	48	15	93	405
r 134	Епдомтепь	25			:	12	, , ,	16] :
эуеа	Burial and funeral expenses.	24			:	:	:	÷	I
g the	Prohibition from marriage.	23		<u></u>	:	:	:	:	C1
lurin	Pre-emption,	22			=	:	:	:	67
tate (Right of parents to visit their married daughters.	21		23	:	4	=	:	28
nkS	Presents made by husbands.	20		13	:	+-1	:	Ħ	15
e To	Betrothal expenses and its dissolution,	19		:	:	:	:	;	:
in tl	. Divorce.	18.		- 67	13		Ø	4	22
ourts	Inheritence.	17		36	15	C/1	<u>ි</u>	1	57
aw C	Do wer and Dowery.	16		65	21	8	C)	C/J	86
an Le	Maintenance to wife etc.	15		40	21	8	Ø	ဏ	74
mada	Unreasonable expenses of Hiba and Mikah.	14		:	:	:	;	:	:
ham	Delivery of a wife to her. husband.	13		526	<u>_</u> 0	6	က	Q	52
e Mo	Betrothal.	12		······································	:	:	:	:	:
in th	Divorce and marriage abo-	11		:	:	:	:	:	:
d of in	Guardiànahip of children.	01		ین	:		:	:	9
pose	Gift.	6		H	ന	. ന	:	1	8
d dis	Will,	S		:	:	:	:	:	:
a an	Varsing.	7		:	:	:	:	:	:
itute	Rajat (recalling a divorced),	9		:	:	:			;
sins	Seclusion period after marriage,	ည		9	:	:	:	÷	9
case	Lian (desertion of wife.).	4		ಣ	7-1	:	₩	:	īQ
er of	Sihar (a kind of divorce).	င္ပ		:	:	:	:	:	:
unn	Ila (a kind of divorce).	22		. :	:	:	:	:	:
Statement showing the number of cases instituted and disposed	Nome of Court.	1		Mohammadan Law Court, Sadar Tonk Mohammadan Law		Court, Chhabra	Court, Pirawa	Court, Nimbahera	Total

APPENDIX—XVI A.

	,							_
during the year 1348 F.	Remarks.	2						,
aw Courts in the Tonk State	Balance.	9	52	Ø	ന	16	тG	84
	Disposed of	5	204	. 91	16	96 .	37	378
d of in the Mohammadan	Total.	4	256	66	19	46	42	462
sposed of in the M	Filed during the present year.	9	25	84	15	36	33	393
instituted and d	Balance of past year.	5	. 31	15	4	10	6	69
Statement showing the Number of cases instituted and disposed of in the Mohammadan Law Courts in the Tonk State during the year 1348 F.	Name of Court.	1	Mohammadan Law Court, Sadar Tonk	" Sironj " "	" Pirawa	" Chhabra	" Nimbahera	Total

APPENDIX—XVI B.

Statement of leval oninions of religious authorities asked for from the Mohammadan Law Courts in the Tonk State during the year 1348 F.

1					,			1
ing me year 1946 f.	Remarks.	1					· .	
e rouk State ut	Balance.	9	94	• ;	:	;	П	35
raw Courtes In the	Disposed of	õ	286	18	4	8	. 2	268
Tonammadan L	Total.	4	270	18	4	ω	က ်	303
a ior iroin the b	Filed during the present year.	က	231	18	4 .		ထ	264
anthornues aske	Balance of past year.	67	68	:	:	:	:	39
Statement of legal opinions of religious authorities asked for from the Monaullianan Law Courts in the Louis State until whe year 1540 F.	Name of Court.		Mohammadan Law Court, Sadar Tonk	" Sironj	", "Pirawa	" Chhabra	" . Nimbahera	Total

APPENDIX—XVII A. Statement of Rainfall in the Tonk State during the year 1348 Fasli.

	Remarks.	17							
	A verage of past 5 stage	16	I. C.	2 65	1 42	7 32	7 11	4 98	2 81
	Total for 1347 Fasli.	15	I. C.	88 22	2 7721	8487	3 787	834	3422
4	Lilas'A 8481 to IstoT	14	င်	89 12	85 12	5543	436	5127	63 20
LOTO E GRIE.	March 1941.	13	C.	16	.:	7 %	3347	.:.	8699
year roa	February 1941.	12	C. I.	·····	<u> </u>	15	0 26	69	38 0
orre ye			C i	21		80 1	26 0	76 0	<u> </u>
gririn	January 1941.	11	н	0	0	30 1	23 1	0	<u>:</u>
Drave uniting	December 1940.	10	I. C.	:	:	_ي ن 	0	:	: -
C VIIOT	November 1940.	6	I. C.	0 38	0 12	:	0 35	:	69 0
T am	October 1940.	_∞	I. C.	:	:	0 26	1 45	1 55	:
ומון ווו	September 1940.	7	I. C.	0 17	1 76	2 23	1 52	3 25	2 54
Or regulifall	.0401 jenguA	9	ರ	95	38	85	න	10	81
- 1	.0461 Tlut	5	G. I.	51111	4011	84 12	2513	39 19	75/15
	<u> </u>	4	C. I.	55 3	38 7	62 11	5021	60 14	80 14
7	.0461 9aul		C. I.	12 0	31 1	50 3	15 6	23 0	<u>ස</u>
	May 1940.	က	ij	0	0	0	0	0	:
	.0461 lixqA	2	I. C.	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Pargana,	-			:	: e.	:	÷	16ra
1	ď			Tonk	Aligarh	Chhabra	Sironj	Pirawa	o Nimbahera

APPENDIX-XVII B.

	Remarks.								
	. Алегаве.	స	65	42	32	11	86	81	
re.		ri 	25	21	37	37.	34	22	
z Stal	Total.	Ö	23	11	09	22	91	9	
Ton	·	ij	113	107	186	185	174	114	
in the	TION T LEAT	<u>ن</u>	98	88	43	42	17	44	
rears	1347 Fasli.	ij	22	22	39	41	98	24	
five y	Wan T of a T	ರ	77	6	46		91	12	
e past	1346 Fasli.	н	15	17	35	35	36	22	
for th	Wan T atox	ت ن	75	28	69	63	11	40	
nfall	1845 Fasii.	H	27	24	30	37	37	53	
le Rai	TION T TYON	ರ	62	09	16	31	56	27	
ing th	1944 Fasli.	H	14	15	33	35	98	14	1
show	TION T OLOY	ပ်	16	56	98	14	16	83	
Statement showing the Rainfall for the past five years in the Tonk State.	1343 Fasli.	Ï	93	22	41	36	28	23	
State			:	:	:	:	:	:	
	gana		:	:	:	:	:	÷	
	of Pau								
	Namo of Pargana.		:	:	:	:	÷	÷	
,	~		Tonk	Aligarh	Chhabra	Sironj	Pirawa	Nimbahera	

APPENDIX XVIII A.

APPENDIX Statement showing the prices of staple food grains etc.

					NK.		SILOV			TIG							ABR		
ARTICL	Æ.		October 1940.	ŀ	June 1941.		October 1941.		October 1940.	Time 1041	ounc rott.		October 1941.		October 1940.		June 1941.		October 1941.
Wheat	•••	S.	Ch. $7\frac{1}{2}$		Ch 8	S. 8	Ch.		Ch.	s. 8	Ch.	S. 9		S. 12		S.		S.	Ch.
Gram	•••	7	$3\frac{1}{2}$	12	14	13	8	7	0	14	0	14	0	6	0	17	0	16	8
Barley	٠٠.	10	3	15	2	17	0	10	0	16	0	20	0				•••		••
Jowar	•••	12	0	22	0	24	0	9	0	(21 22	0)	25	0	16	0	22	0	23	0
Bajra	•••	11	12			{2 	l 0) 9 0}	14	0	14	•	18	0.				••		
Maize	•••	11	10				1 0) 5 8)	16	0	16	0	18	0	24	0		•••	23	0
Urad	•••	5	8	5	8	7	0	7	0	4	0				`		••		
Moong		8	0	5	12	6	12	8	0	4	0	7	0	, .	•••	6	8	12	0
Moth	•••						• • •	8	0	6	0	8	0	١.,	•••		•••		••
Masoor	•••		•••	7	4	8	0		•••	4	0	7	0	11	0	14	0	11	0
Linseed	٠	8	0	{8 {8	0 4	8	0) 4}							11	0	12	0	10	0
Sessamu	n	5	0	7	0	7	0		••	5	0	5	0	9	0	9	0	7	14
	1	3	0	3	0	3	.0	4	0	4	0	4	0	7	0	7	0	7	0
Rice	{	4	0	4	0	4	0	5	0	5	0	5	0				••		••
	{	5	0				••			٠.									••
Sugar	•••	2	8	2	10	3	4	2	8	2.	8	2	12	3	4	3	4	3	4
Ghee		0	8	0	8	0	$13\frac{1}{2}$	0	8	0	9	1	0	0	12	0	14	1	0
Gur		4	8	6	12	7	0	õ	0			(6 (8	0) 0}	6	12	8	0	8	0
Oil	•••	1	12	2	4	2	4	1	12	2	4	l '	12	2	8	3	8	2	8
Kapas	•••		••			7	14				•		••				••		••
Zeara	•••	1	8	1	5	1.	10			,				1	4	1	4	1	4
Dhaniya	-	3	.0	4	0	5	4		••					4	0	6	0	5	0

—XVIII A. for the year 1348 Fasli in the Tonk State (per rupee)

	Siron	J.]	Pirawa	١,	Nı	MBAHER	Α.	
October 1940.	June 1941.	October 1941.	October 1940.	June 1941.	October 1941.	October 1940.	June 1941.	October 1941.	Remarks:
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.S	S. Ch.	
11 4	$ \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 12 \\ 12 & 12 \\ 14 & 0 \end{bmatrix} $	$egin{pmatrix} 11 & 0 \ 11 & 12 \ 12 & 4 \ \end{bmatrix}$	13 0	12 0	12 0	(9 8 (9 12	12 0 1 13 0 1	[2 0] [3 0]	
12 0	17 8	(18 0) (20 0)	11 8	16 0	14 0	12 0	16 0 1	.5 0	
					16 0	12 8	20 0 2	22 0	
17 O	28 0 25 0	23 0) 21 0)	13 0	20 O	$(19 \ 0)$ $(20 \ 0)$	15 0	20 0 2	21 0	I
•••					•••				
•••		23 0	25 0	19 O	$\begin{pmatrix} 20 & 0 \\ 21 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	16 0	19 0 2	20 0	
10 0	10 0	9 0	12 8	13 O	11 0	14 0	13 0 1	13 0	
9 0	15 0	13 8	11 0	12 0	13 0	10 0	14 0 1	2 0	
•••	•••				•••				
9 0	13 0	13 0	10 0	16 0	11 0	8 0	10 0 1	.0 0	
6 0	12 8	12 8	7 0	12 0	10 0	10 O	10 0	9 0	i I
6 0	6 8	6 8	7 0	6 8	7 0	5 8		5 8	
6 0	3 8	3 0	13 0	9 0	6 0	5 0		5 0	
	3 12	8		•••		6 0	6 0	4 0	
	•••	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 12 \\ 4 & 0 \\ 2 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$	•••				•••	•••	
2 0	2 8		3 4	3 4	8 0	3 0)	3 0	
0 13	0 12	0 13	0 12	1 2	1 2	0 12		1 0	
	$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 4 \\ 7 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 12 \\ 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	ł	16 0	11 0	6 0		8 0	
2 0	2 4	2 3	3 0	2 12	2 10	2 4	9 0	2 0	
•••	•••			1 8	2 0	1 8	$\begin{vmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 1 & 8 \end{vmatrix}$	1 4	
2 8	$ \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 8 \end{bmatrix} $	3 9	6 0	5 0	5 0	3 0	3 0	4 0	

APPENDIX—XVIII B.

	Domonito	TVGIIIAINS.	9								
Fasli.		asli.		Bsw.	7	. ==	6	6	6	63	17
Area newly taken or relinquished during the year 1348 Fasli	Area relinquished.	1348 Fasli.	ō	Bg	8	22	998	678	867	129	2,071
the y	ea reli	asli.		Bsw.		11	9	19	15	11	. ස
ed during	Aı	1347 Fasli.	4	Bg.	37	11	184	1,709	1,590	227	3,761
nquish		asli.		Bsw.	6	6	10	œ	12	16	4
en or reli	Area newly taken.	1348 Fasli.	က	Bg.	1,590	က	6,337	9,790	3,520	1,956	23,231
ly tak	ea nev	asli.		Bsw.	67	17	9	^	C1	-	15
Area new	Ar	1347 Fasli.	2.	Bg.	1,148	62	4,865	10,296	1,589	988	18,847
·					:	÷	:	;	:	:	:
		.			•	:	:	:	:	, .:	Total
	O				. :	; ;	÷	:	:	:	
					Tonk	Aligarh	Chhabra	Sironj	Pirawa	Nimbahera	

APPENDIX-XIX.

Serial No.	penditure on Public Works Name.			${ m Amount}{ m E}$		nded.
				Rs.	A.	Р.
1	Original Buildings		•••	27,388	0	0
2	Special Buildings	•••		10,081	0	3
3	Additions and Alterations	•••		2,374	2	3
4	Repairs to Buildings.	••		13,274	2	0
5	P. W. D. Roads	•••		22,745	11	0
6	Municipal Roads	•••	•••	13,512	9	6
7	Pargana Roads			8,178	8	9
8	Supply and Service	•••		3,050	5	3
9	Contingencies	•••		943	9	3
10 .	Establishment	•••		26,105	13	9
11	Miscellaneous Works	•••		1,478	10	0
		Total	•	1,29,138	8	0

APPENDIX—XX A.
Agricultural Stock in the Tonk State during the veen 1348 Feeti

	Carts.	18		1,221		778	4,986	1,029			10,869
	Plonghs.	17		2,208	1,797	4,570	12,353	3,801			33,371
	Camels.	16		15	ଷ	14	13	61	186		291
	Asses.	15		145	85	461	282	252	448		1,670
	Mules.	14		:	:	7	C 3	L	:		10
ن.	Colts and Fillies.	13		~~∞	24	88	192	189	231		732
8 Fasl	Mares.	12		39	58	292	587	546	679		2,201
ear 134	Horses.	11		15	25	237	308	350	360		1,295
g the y	Gosts.	10		7,683	6,311	3,789	3,504	7,521	25,963		54,772
during	Бћеер.	6		6,105	2,023	598	2,863	1,376	10,944		23,909
e Tonk State during the year 1348 Fasli	Buffaloe Calves.	s		1,801	567	2,498	5,872	2,869	3,203		16 810
ne Ton	Female Buffaloes.	7		1,942	1,260	5,797	11,767	5,473	7,503		33,751
Agricultural Stock in th	ylale Buffaloes.	၅	***************************************	218	22	263	465	339	443		5,680 97,807 87,865 44,716 1,750 3
rai Sto	Colts and Fillies.	ũ	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	2,167	1,627	6,330	18,867	6,851	8,874		44,716
ricultu	. Cows.	7		4,497	4,347	13,937	4,100 33,256 31,462 18,867	13,879	19,243		87,865
Ag	Bullocks.	3		5,340	4,477	1,542 22,658 13,937	33,256	21 10,088 13,879	15 21,988 19,243		97,807
	Bulls.	2		:	C)	1,542	4,100	21	15		5,680
				:	:	:	:	:	:		:
	Pargana.	1		Tonk	Aligarh	Chhabra	Sironj	Pirawa	Nimbahera	,	Total

APPENDIX—XX B. Statement showing Mutations in the Tonk State during the year 1348 Fasli.

		Remarks.	12	Due to settlement being conducted in Tonk Pargana Nizamat conld not supply	/ toese ngures.						
r dali.		Balance of cases at the close of the year 1348	11	:	53	317	1,067	422	514		2,373
one year 1940 Fash.	•	Cases disposed.	10	:	63	414	2,130	623	835		4,065
y and gri	1348 Fasli.	Total cases.	6	:	116	731	3,197	1,045	1,349		6,438
Tony State animg	2	Cases institu- ted during the year.	8	:	49	403	1,726	725	714		3,617
		Balance Brought forward.	7	353	29	328	1,471	320	635		3,174
Samonia Siroming armagana in and	·	Balance of ca- ses at the close of the year 1347 Fasli.	9	353	19	328	1,471	320	635		3,174
g window		Cases disposed.	5	619	38	898	1,242	743	629		3,634
TA OTTO AT	1347 Fasli.	Total cases.	77	972	105	691	2,713	1,063	1,264		6,808
CHICAGO	155	Cases institu- ted during the year.	က	457	35	478	1,530	825	186		4,312
		Balance of ca- ses at the close of the year 1346 Fasii.	2	515	70	213	1,183	238	277		2,496
				:	:	÷	:	:	:	'	:
		Pargana.	1	Tonk	Aligarh	Chhabra	Sironj	Pirawa	Nimbahera		Total

48 Fasli.		Remarks.			9								
APPENDIX—XX C. New wells sunk or old wells repaired in the Tonk State during the year 1348 Fasli.	1348 Fasli.		TV011c moneined	weils repaired.	ŭ	:	:	က		:	7		æ
-XX C. Tonk State du	1348		New wells	sunk.	4	19	, -	ø	:	:	54		62
APPENDIX—XX C. repaired in the Tonk St	1347 Fasli.			weils repaired.	က	77		7	:	8	12		. 29
ink or old wells	1347		New wells.	sunk.	23	51	=	10	က	14	. 18		£6.
r wells su						:	:	•	•	•.	•		:
New						;	:	:	:	:	•		Total
		Pargana.			. 1	:	÷	•	:	:		3	
						Tonk	Aligarh	Chhabra	Sironj	Pirawa	Ninbahera		

APPENDIX-XXI A.

Fasli.
13.18
year
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e durin
State
Tonk
of the
of Excise shops and Excise revenue of the Tonk State during the year 1348 Fasli
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show
ement
Stat

	Remarks.	61		***************************************								***************************************
Total.	Revenue.		Кз. л. г.	10,845 8 3	4,308 1:3 :3	9,530 [5 9	17,922 12 3	7,793 2 9	क्यंत्रक १० ०		E 11 659'50'1 965	
	Shops.	01		50	58	07	37	72	15	į	96.61	
Tari.	Revenue.	6	Rs. A. P.	:	:	:	:	:	:	4 m	:	
	Shops.	S		•	:	:	:	:	:			
Ganja Bhang and Charas.	Rovenue.	7	Rs. A. P.	4,051 11 3	201 2 6	761 1 6	2,939 3 6	9 11 809	1,337 5 0		5: 8: 106'6	
GANJ	Shops.	9		10	t-	3 €	#	s	<u> 21</u>	- (33	
Ориам.	Revenue.	ō	Rs. A. P.	10,420 2 9	1,128 10 9	1,551 15 3	5,205 7 6	0 01 606,1	3,211 15 9		22,760 14 0	L
	Shops.	4		61	7	ıc	Ξ	တ	<u>2</u>		13	
Country Spirit.	Revenue.	33	Вз. л. р.	26,378 10 3	2,976 0 0	7,914 15 0	9,778 1 3	5,974 13 3	17,611 53	:	0 81 196769	
Con	Shops.	C1		::3	51	13		61	09	•	Ξ.	
	NAME OF PARGANA.			Tonk	Aligarh	Chhabra	Sironj	Pirawa	Nimbahera		Total	

Opnim and Hemp drugs ar sold at the same shops.

APPENDIX

Statement showing the total number of Prosecutions and convictions (with relating to Country liquor, Opium, hemp drugs and Cocaine, quantity

relat	ing to Cot	intry									I quantity
		TOTAL NUMBER OF TOTAL NUMBER OF PROSECUTIONS.									
Serial Number.	Pargana	۸.	Country liquor.	Opium.	Hemp drugs.	Cocaine	Country liquor.	Opium.	Hemp drugs.	Cocaine.	Nature of offences leading to conviction.
1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Tonk			1	•••			1			Unlawful possession.
2	Nimbaher	: a	4		•••	•••	4	•••	•••	•	Possession of illicit distillation appliances.
3	Sironj		1	•••			1				Illicit distilla.
4	Pirawa			1	•••	•••		•••			Unclaimed opium.

-XXI B.

an indication as to the nature of the offence leading to conviction) for offences of each duly seized and penalties imposed during the year 1348 Fasli.

ces of each duly seized and per	nalties in	posed du	ring	the	year 1348 Fasli.
	QUANTIT	Y OF DRUG	s sei	ZED.	
Penalties imposed.	Country liquor.	Opium.	Hemp drugs.	Cocaine.	Remarks:
12	13	14	15	16	17
The accused was fined Rs. 1/-	•••	Tola 52 <u>1</u>	•••		
In the first case one accused was fined Rs. 30/- and one month's imprisonment and the second was fined Rs. 15/-, in the second case the accused was fined Rs. 7/- each and one week's imprisonment. In the third case the accused were fined Rs. 30/- each and 15 days imprisonment. In the fourth case the accused was fined Rs. 60/- and two months' rigorous imprisonment.		•••	•••	•••	
The accused was fined Rs. 10/-	Bottle. 1		•••	. • • •	
•••		1 Md. 32 Srs 50 Tola 4Mashas	·	•••	Under trial.

APPENDIX—XXI C.

				1	108							
		REMARKS.	6									
		the ear.		ъ.	က	ဆ	0	9	6	0		ಸರ
		sing e at he y	8	₩.	62	14	. 14	0.1	. 9	9		1
Statement showing the Income and Expenditure of Municipal Committees during the year 1348 Fasli.		Closing balance at the end of the year.		Rs.	3,289	1,056 14	514	2,033	561	1		7,453
1348				6	6	0	0	က	ဝ	с.		9
7ear		Fasl	7	4	9	S	15		0	က		က
g the	Expenditure.	1348 Fasli.		Rs.	27,851	3,480	1,826 15	3,603	647	388		37,797
lurin	ENDI					6	6	6	0	0		0
ees c	Exp	1347 Fasli.		Ą.	က	ъ	10	15	01	0		
nitte		# 14	9	Rs.	28,645	3,869	1,943	5,262 15	366 10	259		40,346 14
omr		6.7		, H	28,	ec,	1,	5,				40,
al C				e;	0	က	0		9	6		က
oicir		je.	70	4	6:	9	13	က	<u>. </u>	13		ıΩ
Mw		Total.		Rs.	31,140 9	4,537	2,341	5,636	1,208	385		45,250
Expenditure of Munici			1 1		 	7	C ₁				A	45
itur		ii.		다	တ	က	က	0	9	,	:	, භ
ra J		Fas	7	.÷	†I 1	15	4	4	က	14		8
EXI	κ'n	1348 Fasli.		Rs.	28,884	4,467	2,152	3,719	801	289		40,315
and	RECEIPTS.									~		
ome	$\mathbf{R}_{\mathbf{E}^{\mathrm{c}}}$	sli		e.	6 1	9 1	6 1	9 /	0 (5 6		ස 0
Inc		Fa	က	₹ .	0	3,658 11	2,544 11	2 0	1,168 0	254 15		
the		1347 Fasli.		Rs.	27,710 4	3,65	2,54	6,640	1,16	25		41,977
ving				ь <u>.</u>	<u>ක</u>	0	6	6	0	က	j	0
shov		Ge		, A. E		7	8					
ent		Balancė.	2		2,255 10	69	189	1,916 15	407 4	95 15		4,934 13
atem	,	Α̈́		Rs,	2,2		1	1,9	4			4,9
St					:	;	:	:	:	:		:
		NA.										
j		Pargana.			:	:		ra	:			Total
		P_{A}				т .	$_{ m bra}$	bahe	wa.	arh		Ĭ
·					Tonk	Sironj	Chhabra	Nimbahera	Pirawa	Aligarh		
•		•	, <i>,</i>			J 2	_	-		٦		•

APPENDIX XXII.

 ${\bf APPENDIX}$ Statement showing Receipts in the Tonk State during the year 1348 Fasli.

Serial Number.	Source of Revenue.	Actual collection during 1347 Fasli.	Budget estimate for 1348	Actual Receipts for 1348 Fasli.	Difference between estimate and Receipts.
1	2	8	. 4	5	6
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Opening balance	5,91,208	7,38,127	7,38,127	•••
1	Recovery of arrears ordinary. Land Revenue:—	52,589	1,54,000	90,986	- 63,014
	(a) Revenue Demand	9,77,150	12,77,848	11,44,465	-1,33,382
	(b) Irrigation	1,082	5,198	2,011	- 3,187
	(c) Miscellaneous	27,301	32,693	26,616	- 6,077
	Land Revenue Total	10,05,533	18,15,789	11,73,092	-1,42,647
2	Nazrana	22,315	25,345	21,581	- 3,764
8	Professional Taxes	12,035	15,859	12,505	- 3,354
4	Customs	8,75,774	4,21,565	4,54,675	+ 33,110
5	Excise	1,01,954	1,25,334	1,09,353	- 15,981
6	Forest	1,04,024	1,08,555	1,04019	- 4,536
7	Gardens	4,236	4,440	4,234	- 206
8	Stamps	45,618	51,549	54,609	+ 3,060
9	Judicial Receipts	7,877	8,435	9,984	+ 1,549
10	Jail Receipts	6,283	7,003	6,937	- 363
11	Currency	4,17,981	3,00,000	4,23,258	+1,23,258
12	Art and Industry	30,478	52,417	29,570	- 22,847
13	Nazool				
14	Nazar Huzoori	2,882	3,152	2,637	- 515
15	Salt Compensation	15,000	20,000	25,000	÷ 5,000
16	Profit on Loan	1,750	3,375	1,320	- 2,055
17	Miscellaneous Receipts.	1,03,477	40,311	1,13,232	+ 72,921
	Total from No. 1 to 17	22,57,217	25,03,376	25,46,006	+ 42,630
	Total with arrears	23,09,756	26,57,376	26,36,992	- 20,384

—XXII. Statement showing Expenditure in the Tonk State during the year 1348 F.

State	ement showing Expendit	ure in the T	onk State c	luring the y	ne year 1348 F.		
Serial Number.	Head of Expenditure.	Actual Expendi- ture in 1347 Fasli.	Estimate for 1348 Fasli.	Actual expendi- ture during 1348 Fasli.	Difference between estimate and actual expendi- ture.		
1	2	3	4	5	6		
	Ordinary	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
1	Civil List	6,31,737	6,20,456	5,35,441	- 85,015		
2	Religious Institutions.	20,914	21,329	19,002	- 2,327		
/3	Army	1,92,473	1,60,620	1,35,758	- 24,862		
4	Rewards	2,334	•••	228	+ 228		
ō	General Administration	1,72,173	1,72,976	1,77,242	+ 4,266		
6	Forests	53,819	59,384	49,230	- 10,154		
.7	Gardens	10,668	9,994	8,910	- 1,084		
8	Guest House	17,017	19,086	15,417	- 3,669		
9	Currency	25,402	2,500	7,75,717	+7,73,217		
10	PublicWorks Depart-	1,78,860	2,50,000	1,23,380	- 1,26,620		
11	ment. Revenue Establishment	1,50,898	2,05,088	1,87,648	- 17,440		
12	Customs	55,448	60,850	55,299	- 5,551		
13	Excise	19,183	20,750	23,002	+ 2,252		
14	Law and Justice	56,131	56,029	49,129	- 6,900		
15	Education	93,495	1,13,463	94,335	- 19,128		
16	Medical	55,533	63,245	54,600	- 8,645		
17	Jails	38,407	37,565	32,461	- 5,104		
√18	Police	2,09,542	2,11,540	2,04,259	- 7,281		
19	Census	4,889	12,705	7,613	- 5,092		
20	Vikalats	·					
21	Industrial Works	1,07,358	83,250	1,00,075	+ 16,825		
22	Donations & Contribu	35,068	39,474	37,099	- 2,375		
28	tions. Pensions and Gratuitie		48,110	39,209	- 8,901		
24 24		8,485	9,405	11,487	+ 2,082		
2 4 25		3,215	-	1	- 330		
26 26					+ 850		
۷۵.	pensations.		1		1		

Statement showing Receipts in the Tonk State during the year 1348 Fasli.

Extra-ordinary. cons & Advances cotal Extra-ordinary otal of Ordinary and xtra-ordinary Budge crand Total including pening balance.		30,46,378	47,35,477	6 Rs. +5,03,947 +12,05,541 -17,09,488 -16,89,104 +16,89,104
Extra-ordinary. cons & Advances eposits otal Extra-ordinary otal of Ordinary and xtra-ordinary Budge	8'76,349 6,80,720 15,57,069 t 38,66,825	1,71,997 2,17,000 3,88,997 30,46,373	6,75,944 14,22,541 20,98,485 47,35,477	+5,03,947 +12,05,541
ons & Advances eposits otal Extra-ordinary otal of Ordinary and xtra-ordinary Budge	8'76,349 6,80,720 15,57,069 t 38,66,825	3,88,997	14,22,541 20,98,485 47,35,477	+12,05,541 +17,09,488 +16,89,104
ons & Advances eposits otal Extra-ordinary otal of Ordinary and xtra-ordinary Budge	6,80,720 15,57,069 t 38,66,825	3,88,997	14,22,541 20,98,485 47,35,477	+12,05,541 +17,09,488 +16,89,104
eposits otal Extra-ordinary otal of Ordinary and xtra-ordinary Budge	15,57,069 	3,88,997	20,98,485	+17,09,488
otal Extra-ordinary otal of Ordinary and xtra-ordinary Budge	38,66,S25	30,46,378	47,35,477	+16,89,104
xtra-ordinary Budge Frand Total including				-
xtra-ordinary Budge Frand Total including				+16,89,104
rand Total including pening balance.	44,58,088	37,84,500	54,73,604	+16,89,104
			,	
		1		1
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-XXII.

Statement showing Expenditure in the Tonk State during the year 1348 F.

Serial Number.	ement showing Expendit Head of Expenditure.	Actual Expendi- ture in 1347 Fasli.	Estimate		Difference between estimate and actual
1	2	3	4	อ็	6
27	Miscellaneous & Minor departments.	Rs. 1,45,518	Rs. 58,471	Rs. 48,757	Rs. 9,714
	Total from No. 1 to 27	23,64,462	23,43,759	27,93,287	+ 4,49,528
28	Extra-ordinary. Loans and Advances.	7,90,676	2,25,000	4,22,915	+ 1,97,915
29	Reserve		35,000		- 35,000
30	Refund of Deposits	5,64,911	2,17,000	15,98,711	+13,81,911
,	Total from No. 28 to 30	13,55,587	4,77,000	20,21,626	+15,44,626
	Total of ordinary and Extra-ordinary Budget	17,20,049	28,20,759	48,14,913	+ 19,94,154
	Closing Balance	7,37,984	8,61,585	3,54,865	- 5,06,720
	Grand Total including Closing Balance.	44,58,035	36,82,344	54,69,778	+17,87,434
	00				
,					

APPENDIX—XXIII A.

	1		,			. 1 1							
		REMARKS.	15										•
i.		Expenditure.	14	Rs. A. P. 25,117 11 9	7,899 3 3	2,539 13 9	2,334 3 9	1,565 3 3	1,940 11 0	1,493 4 0	785 0 3	769 5 3	44,434 8 3
48 Fasl		Operations.	13	1,686	178	335	609	325	471	201	102	129 66	4,096
Statement of Medical Relief afforded in Tonk State during the year 1348 Fashi	100	odmun lştoT b-tuo bns ni sert stnəitsq	12	43,921	10,426	19,710	15,801	10,987	11,737	5,469	4,749	4,198 2,286	22 1,29,284
g the		Remaining.	11	17	Ø	:	:	:	:	:	:	က	22
lurin		Died.	10	15	C3	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	17
ate		Discharged otherwise.	6	67		10	:	;	:	:	:		99
ok St	NTS.	Relieved.	8	139	43		:	:	:	:	:	14	197
, To	IN-PATIENTS.	Cured.	2	226	139	10	11	:	ಸರ	:	4	406	801
orded in	In-	Total.	9	464	193	21	11	:	်က	:	4	438	1,136
lief aff		.bəttinibA	າດ	454	189	21	11	;	5	:	4	431	1,115
ıl Re		Remained.	4	10	4	:	:	;	:	:	:	: 1	21
of Medica	new red.	out patients, eases registe	33	43,467	10,237	19,689	15,790	10,987	11,732	5,469	4,745	4,198 1,855	1,28,169
ent (:	:	:	:	:	:	- :	:	::	:
Staten		Name of Hospitals and Dispensaries.	23	Saadat Hospital Tonk	Walter Female Hospital	Sironj Hospital	Nimbahera Dispensary	ra ,,	"	" q		la " …	Total
	•120		7	1 Saada	2 Walte	3 Sironj	4 Nimba	5 Chhabra	6 Pirawa	7 Aligarh	8 Lateri	$egin{aligned} \mathbf{p} & \mathbf{Doongla} \ \mathbf{Jail} \end{aligned}$	_
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APPENDIX—XXIII B. APPENDIX—Sons Vaccinated during the year 1348 Fasli.

ı			-			1
		Remarks.	15			
to In	itssə	Average of soin successions of the soin successions of the soin succession of the soin succession of the soin succession of the soin of th	14		As. 5 & Pies 8 only.	
		Re-Vacci- nation.	13		63.54 44.44	53.90
Dercentage of	successful cases.	Primary.	12		97.09 88.23 90.07 91.15 84.11 74.08 70.86 67.94 95.68	84.62
		-onsaU bns lifteseo awonxi-an	11		4.70	6
	Re-Vaccinatioń.	Successful.	10		: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	11
	$\mathrm{Re-V}$	Total.	6	,	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	20
Vaccination (ccina-	Unsuc- cessful and un-known.		0	85 111 83 43 75 75 114 229 1172 51	1,073
	Primary Vaccina- tion.	-Intersection	2 E	-	1,171 551 753 443 353 397 586 579 564 468	6,220
t pers	rore rore	eq to usedmu Vaccinasted uissaV dosei	۱) <i>۱</i>	9	1,206 662 836 486 408 472 791 817 536 550	7,313
		letel.	Ť.	<u>.</u>	1,206 662 836 486 408 472 791 817 580	7,313
Statement showing number	Total number of persons	ender de la constant	FI	4	495 274 379 211 137 179 298 304 271 226	3,036
tatement	otal nům	Je.	. M	3 3	711 388 457 275 271 293 493 513 265 293	4,277
S :	Tc	Name of Pargana		5	Tonk (Urban) " (a) Rural Sironj (Urban) " (a) Rural " (b) Rural " (b) Rural " (chhabra " (a) Rural " Aligarh	Total
	1:1:	edmnN lsin	eS			

APPENDIX—XXIV.

			4	110	t						
		1 /	Неманка.	15					1		
	0	ths.	Present year.	14	19	17	13	11	18	12	06
	Ratio per %/0. Population.	Deaths.	Past year.	13	18	21	23	11	28	12	113
	Ratio per % Population.	ths.	Present year.	13	17	19	2.4	10	25	26	121
;		Births.	Past year.	111	16	17	26	23	22	13	117
Pasli.			Дестензе.	10	:	123	908	:	218	27	647
ar 1348 I	THS.		Ілстензе.	6	288.	:	:	121	:	;	436
ng the ye	DEATHS.		Present year.	8	1,905	1,711	499	716	899	210	5,709
tate durin	•		Past year.	1	1,617	1,834	805	595	988	183	5,920
Tonk S			Деслеяве,	9	:	•	:	58	:	:	58
Vital Statistics of the Tonk State during the year 1348 Fash.	PHS.		Ілстелзе.	5	544	367	65	:	236	234	1,143
tal Statis	Вівтнs.		Present year.	4	1,687	1,890	986	656	904	434	6,507
Vit			Past year.	3	1,443	1,523	874	714	899	300	5,422
			Population.	2	98,117	1,00,217	38,375	64,424	36,156	16,398	3,53,687
			NA.		:	:	;	:	•	:	• :
	NAME OF PARGANA.				Tonk	Sironj	Chhabra	Nimbahera	Pirawa	Aligarh	Total

APPENDIX XXV.

APPENDIX-XXV.

Statement showing actual expenditure and number of students in the schools of different denominations maintained by the Tonk State.

schoo	ols of different denomin	anoi	ıs ma	muan	ieu i	у ше.	ronk e	tate.
		-	nber of hools.	of s		Total I ditu	Expen- ire.	
Name of Pargana.	Denomination of Schools.	1347 Fasli.	1348 Fasli.	1347 Fasli.	1348 Fasli.	1347 Fasli.	1348 Fasli.	Remarks.
Tonk.	Darbar High School	. 1	1	488	426	17,263	17,643	
	Primary Schools	. 13	13	302	339	2,874	2,917	
	Religious Schools	9	9	191		1,818	1,843	0
	Branch Schools State-aided Schools.	3	2 4	117	106) 491)	909	786) 417)	
	Total	26	29	1098	1569	22,359	23,106	
Aligarh.	Middle School	. 1	1	162	140	2,302	2,754	
	Primary Schools	. ਬ	3	83	82	561	561	
	Religious Schools	. 1	1	31	33	204	204	
	Total	5	5	276	255 	3,067	3,519	
Chhabra.	Middle School	. 1	1	296	267	4,084	2,833	
i	Primary Schools	. e	8	206	158	1,212	1,159	
	Religious Schools	. 2	2	44	32	504	484	`
	${ m Total}$. 11	. 11	546	457	5,800	4,476	
Sironj.	Saadat High School	. 1	. 1	355	} 371	10,664	9,546	
	Primary Schools	. 18	18	635	604	4,071	4,003	,
	Religious Schools	. 4	4	32	42	527	367	·
	Total	. 23	28	1022	1017	15,262	13,916	
Pirawa.	Middle School	. 1	. 1	162	175	2,622	3,185	
	Primary Schools	. 13	13	171	147	1,178	1,292	
	Religious Schools	. 2	2	17	46	228	232	
	• Total	. 16	16	350	368	4,028	4,709	

APPENDIX—XXV.
Statement showing actual expenditure and number of students in the schools of different denominations maintained by the Tonk State.

			Num o: Sch		Num of s dea		Total I ditu		
Name of Pargana.	Denomination of Schools.	1347 Fasli.	1348 Fasli.	1347 Fasli.	1348 Fasli.	1347 Fasli.	1348 Fasli.	Remarks.	
Nimba-	Saadat High School		1	1	299	324	8,583	8,382	
hera.	Primary Schools	•••	12	15	548	603	1,712	2,434	
	Religious Schools	•••	1	1	2 8	23	108	108	
	${f Total}$	•••	14	17	87 5	9 50	10,403	10,924	
	Grand Total	••	95	101	4167	4616	60,919	60,650	

Girls Schools.

Tonk.	Fifdausia Girls School.	1	1	204	244	6,110	6,183	
	Girls Maktabs	6	6	135	112	270	270	
	Total	7	7	3 39	356	6,380	6,453	
Sironj.	Mukhtar Girls School.	1	1	108	124	2,532	3,298	•
Nimba- hera.	Jalilia Girls School	1	1	122	134	2,155	2,191	
Pirawa.	Girls School	1	5 1	1.46	90	457	1,080	
	Girls Maktab	1	1	21	17	81	81	
	Total	2	2	167	107	538	1,161	
Aligarh.	Girls School	1	1	65	52	275	584	
·	Grand Total	12	12	801	773	i11,880	13,687	
	Grand Total of Schools of all denominations.	107	113	4968	5389	72,799	74,337	
	<u> </u>]		<u> </u>				

APPENDIX / Statement of General condition and Enumeration of

	S 0000011101110		Concret Condition		inoracion or
Serial Number.	Name of Jagirdar.		Name of village.	Reasons for coming under the super- vision of the Court of wards.	Annual Receipts.
1	2		3	4	5
				,	Rs. A. P.
1		••	Allowance	Debt	170 10 0
2		•	Do	Do	2,045 6 0
3		•	Bhanchi, Zamanpura, etc.	•	4,430 8 4
4	"Abdul Raoof Khan	••	Jagir and Allowance	D ₀	1,838 0 6
5	"Habibulla Khan	•	Allowance	Do	249 12 0
6	"Abdullah Khan …	•-	Do	Do	7,494 12 6
7	"Turab Khan	•••	Khata & Allowance	Do	247 0 9
8	Heirs of Sz. Md. Yusuf Khan .	••	•••	Minority for management.	510 2 0
9	Sz Abdul Aziz Khan	••	Allowance	Debt	51 8 0
10	"Moin-uddin Khan		Piploo	Do)
11	"Abdus-Salam Khan .	••	Ranoli	Do	
12	"Abdul Qayyum Khan .		Do	Do	}
13	"Abdul Majeed Khan .	•••	Markhera and Bhun-	Do	
14	" Matinullah Khan		varkho. Allowance	Do	316 8 3
15	" Mohammad Shah Khan	•••	Jagir and Allowance	Do	577 6 3
16	" Haidar Ali Khan		Himmatgarh Osao	Do	
17	Madan Singh, Raiji Binota .		(Pirawa) Mainpuri	Do	344 8 0
18	Mohammad Yunus Jamadar .		Ghatakheri	Do	392 10 0
19	Sz. Mohammad Hanif Khan .		Allowance	Do	438 14 0
20	Heirs of Sz. Abdul Razzaq Khan.	••	Aklod (Sironj)	Do	2,900 0 0
21	Fateh Singh Istimrardar -		Mewasa (Nimbahera)	Do	5,738 0 9
22	Durga Shankur Istimrardar .	••	Charlia	Do	2,400 3 0
23	Hari Singh		Dhinwa	Do	1,101 9 3
24	Hamir Nath Istimrardar .		Aklia (Nimbahera)	Do	922 7 0
25	Kaloo Singh	•••	Pevundkhera	Do	987 7 0
26	Udai Singh	••	Mohammadpura	Do	1,421 15 0
27	Balu son of Bridi Chand .		Motha	Do	287 15 0
28	Maig Singh		Rathanjna	Do	661 8 0
29	Dhanraj Sheo Kishen Lal .		Phulwa	Do	295 2 6
30	Mark December	••	Do	For Manage-	48 9 0
31	 Nola and Behar Mal s/o Shobha Re			ment. Debt	319 12 0
			-		k

—XXVI. estates under the Court of Wards for the year 1348 Fasli.

estates under	the Court of	f Wards for	the year 134	8 Fasli.	
	Amount Liquidated during the year.				
Amount of				Amount of debt at the end of	REMARKS.
debt.	Principal.	Remission.	Total.	the year.	
6	7	8	9	10	11
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P. 438 5 5	
588 10 8	150 5 3	•••	150 5 3	2,312 15 0	
3,558 11 2	1,245 12 2		1,245 12 2	1,151 7 3	
2,690 4 3	1,538 13 0	•••	1,538 13 0		
26,846 4 6	1,820 1 0		1,820 1 0		Released.
27 0 0		27 0	27 0 0		
1,00,079 13 2	23,574 0 0		10,012		Released.
1,443 1 9	160 0 0	1,282 10	9 1,443 1 9		
•••	• •••	•••	***		Released.
•••		•••			
·					Tran
		58,345 11	1 58,345 11	1	Released & Transferred to Finance
58,345 11	1	50,549			lease rred
•			502 15	6 293 0	
796 0	0 502 15	6	200 0	3	Released.
299 0	3 293 0	3 6 0	0 299	"	
•		•••	316 1	3 27,092 13	9
27,408 15	0 316 1	i		9	Released.
530 15	9 403 5	6 127 10	295 11	338 0	0
633 11	1 295 11	1	1,133 3	6 5,340 13	6
6,474 1	0 1,133 3	Į.	866 0		0
9,528 12	1	1	767 13	ì	11
1,447 0	6 767 13	7		4,903 10	0
4,903 10		•••	244 11	7 497 0	0
741 1		١.	140		2
5,451 1		1	110	1	3 11
4,166 1		1	139 1	i	1 1
166	1 0 139 1	ł	359		0 0
1,571		}	154 1	1 _	2 5
1,016 1	0 0 154 1	3 7			
•••		0 101	0 0 650	14 0	Release
650	14 0 159	14 0 491	·	<u> </u>	

APPENDIX
Statement of General condition and Enumeration of

	of t	General conditio	n and Enun	neration of
Serial Number.	Statement of	Name of village.	Reasons for coming under the supervision of the Court of Wards.	Annual Receipts.
Ser	2	3	4	5
32 33	Panna and Gopal Moti s/o Bakhtawar singh	The minimum and	. Do	1
4	Nand Ram Sz. Siddiq Ali Khan Abdul Majid Khan s/o Anver Ali Said khan. Radha Ballab Heirs of Rashid-ul-jahan Begum Syed Qaziul Islam	Allowance Barkhera (Sironj	Do Do Do For Management. Do Debt Do Minority Debt Do Do	862 6 0
	Faridun-Nisa Begum Sz. Faseulla Khan Sz. Samiulla Khan Total	Do Do Do.	Do. Do.	190 0 0 229 0 0 63,302 5 0

—XXVI. (Concld.)
estates under the Court of Wards for the year 1348 Fasli.

	r the Court of Wards for the year 134				
Amount of debt.	Principal.	Remission.	Total.	Amount of debt at the end of the year.	Remarks.
6	7	8	9	10	11
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Released.
1,074 13 8	78 3 0	•••	78 3 0	996 10 8	
1,314 12 0	40 0 0	•••	40 0 0	1,274 12 0	,
4,210 2 0	2,313 5 3		2,313 5 3	1,896 12 9	
862 6 0	262 6 0		262 6 0	600 0 0	
•••	•••				
•••					
2,276 6 0	199 4 9	1 2 0	200 6 9	2,075 15 3	
4,685 15 0	1,775 11 2		1,775 11 (1	
8,259 14 9	3,193 5 0	2 12 0	3,196 1	5,063 13 9	
, ,,,				•••	
2,348 1 9	1,070 3 0		1,070 3	0 1,277 14 9	
1,378 12 6	584 4 6		584 4	6 794 8 6	
9,983 8 1	640 0 0	,	640 0	0 9,343 8	
11,031 3	3,053 12	267 6	3,303 2	9 7,728 0	9
	6 16,363 11	6	16,363 11	6	Released. d
	9 1,180 0	0	1,180 0		9 to F.D.
	336 0	0	336 0	0 2,504 12	3
•••				•••	
•••				•••	
•••	•••			•••	
					_
3,29,814 9	10 50,488 2	10 75,601 14	1 1,26,090 0	11 2,03,724 8	11
	-				(
•					1
				:	